

# **UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA**

#### Notification No. CSR/ 12/18

It is notified for information of all concerned that the Syndicate in its meeting held on 28.05.2018 (vide Item No.14) approved the Syllabi of different subjects in Undergraduate Honours / General / Major courses of studies (CBCS) under this University, as laid down in the accompanying pamphlet:

#### List of the subjects

| <u>SI.</u> | Subject  | <u>SI.</u> | Subject  |
|------------|--|------------|--|
| <u>No.</u> |  | <u>No.</u> |  |
| 1          | Anthropology (Honours / General)                         | 29         | Mathematics (Honours / General)                                    |
| 2          | Arabic (Honours / General)                               | 30         | Microbiology (Honours / General)                                   |
| 3          | Persian (Honours / General)                              | 31         | Mol. Biology (General)   |
| 4          | Bengali (Honours / General /LCC2 /AECC1)                 | 32         | Philosophy (Honours / General)                                     |
| 5          | Bio-Chemistry (Honours / General)                        | 33         | Physical Education (General)                                       |
| 6          | Botany (Honours / General)                               | 34         | Physics (Honours / General)  |
| 7          | Chemistry (Honours / General)                            | 35         | Physiology (Honours / General)                                     |
| 8          | Computer Science (Honours / General)                     | 36         | Political Science (Honours / General)                              |
| 9          | Defence Studies (General)                                | 37         | Psychology (Honours / General)                                     |
| * 10       | Economics (Honours / General)                            | 38         | Sanskrit (Honours / General)                                       |
| 11         | Education (Honours / General)                            | 39         | Social Science (General)   |
| 12         | Electronics (Honours / General)                          | 40         | Sociology (Honours / General)                                      |
| 13         | English ((Honours / General/ LCC1/<br>LCC2/AECC1)        | 41         | Statistics (Honours / General)                                     |
| 14         | Environmental Science (Honours / General)                | 42         | Urdu (Honours / General /LCC2 /AECC1)                              |
| 15         | Environmental Studies (AECC2)                            | 43         | Women Studies (General)  |
| 16         | Film Studies (General)                                   | 44         | Zoology (Honours / General)  |
| 17         | Food Nutrition (Honours / General)                       | 45         | Industrial Fish and Fisheries - IFFV (Major)                       |
| 18         | French (General)   | 46         | Sericulture – SRTV (Major)   |
| 19         | Geography (Honours / General)                            | 47         | Computer Applications - CMAV (Major)                               |
| 20         | Geology (Honours / General)                              | 48         | Tourism and Travel Management – TTMV<br>(Major)                    |
| 21         | Hindi (Honours / General /LCC2 /AECC1)                   | 49         | Advertising Sales Promotion and Sales<br>Management – ASPV (Major) |
| -22        | History (Honours / General)                              | · 50       | Communicative English – CMEV (Major)                               |
| 23         | Islamic History Culture (Honours / General)              | 51         | Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics CNDV<br>(Major)                   |
| 24         | Home Science Extension Education<br>(General)            | 52         | Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)<br>(Honours)             |
| 25         | House Hold Art (General)                                 | 53         | Bachelor of Fashion and Apparel Design –<br>(B.F.A.D.) (Honours)   |
| 26         | Human Development (Honours / General)                    | 54         | Bachelor of Fine Art (B.F.A.) (Honours)                            |
| 27         | Human Rights (General)                                   | 55         | B. Music (Honours / General) and Music<br>(General)                |
| 28         | Journalism and Mass Communication<br>(Honours / General) |            |  |

The above shall be effective from the academic session 2018-2019.

SENATE HOUSE KOLKATA-700073 The 4<sup>th</sup> June, 2018

(Dr. Santanu Paul) Deputy Registrar

# **UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA**

# CBCS SYLLABUS OF ZOOLOGY 2018

F O R

THREE-YEAR HONOURS DEGREE COURSE OF STUDIES



# **Outline Structure of CBCS Curriculum for Zoology (Hons), C.U.**

| PART I; SH      | EM I   |        |           |                        |
|-----------------|--|--------|-----------|------------------------|
| Subject<br>Code | Name of Paper  | Theory | Practical | Internal<br>assessment |
| CC 1            | Non Chordata – I (Protists to Pseudocoelomates)          | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| CC 2            | Molecular Biology  | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| PART I; SH      |  |        |           |                        |
| CC 3            | Non Chordata – II (All Coelomate Phyla)                  | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| <b>CC 4</b>     | Cell Biology   | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| PART II; S      | EM III   |        |           | •                      |
| CC 5            | Chordata   | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| CC 6            | Animal Physiology: Controlling & Co-ordinating<br>System | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| CC 7            | Fundamentals of Biochemistry                             | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| SEC-A (1/2)     | Apiculture / Sericulture                                 | 80     | NA        | 20                     |
| PART II; S      | EM IV  |        |           | •                      |
| CC 8            | Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrate                        | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| CC 9            | Animal Physiology: Life sustaining system                | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| CC 10           | Immunology   | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| SEC- B(1/2)     | Aquarium Fisheries/ Medical Diagnosis                    | 80     | NA        | 20                     |
| PART III;       | SEM V  |        |           |                        |
| CC 11           | Ecology  | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| CC 12           | Principle of Genetics                                    | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| DSE A(1/2)      | Parasitology/Biology of Insect                           | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| DSE B (1/2)     | Endocrinology/Reproductive Biology                       | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| PART III;       | SEM VI   |        |           |                        |
| CC 13           | Developmental Biology                                    | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| CC 14           | Evolutionary Biology                                     | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| DSE A (1/2)     | Animal Biotechnology/Animal Cell Biotechnology           | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| DSE B (1/2)     | Animal Behaviour & Chronology/Fish & Fisheries           | 50     | 30        | 20                     |

#### Abbreviations:

CC: Core Course; DSE A/B: Discipline Specific Elective A/B; SEC A/B: Skill Enhancement Course.

- 1. Subject Code: ZOO
- 2. Honours Code: A
- 3. Course Code: a) Core Course: CC
  - b) Discipline Specific Elective: DSE-A/DSE-B
  - c) Skill Enhancement Course: SEC-A/SEC-B
- 4. Semester Code: 1/2/3/4/5/6
- 5. Paper No. Code: 1/2/3..../14
- 6. Paper Component Code: a) Theory: TH, b) Practical: P

#### INDEX

#### CBCS ZOOLOGY (HONOURS), Papers & Their Codes

| Code           | Paper  | Page |
|----------------|--|------|
| Core Course    |  |      |
| ZOOA-CC1-1-TH  | Non- Chordates I (Protista to Pseudocoelomate) Theory        | 5    |
| ZOOA-CC1-1-P   | Non- Chordates I Lab   | 6    |
| ZOOA-CC1-2-TH  | Molecular Biology  | 6    |
| ZOOA-CC1-2-P   | Molecular Biology Lab  | 7    |
| ZOOA-CC2-3-TH  | Non-Chordate II (Coelomate Phyla) Theory                     | 7    |
| ZOOA-CC2-3-P   | Non-Chordate II Lab  | 8    |
| ZOOA-CC2-4-TH  | Cell Biology Theory  | 8    |
| ZOOA-CC2-4-P   | Cell Biology Lab   | 9    |
| ZOOA-CC3-5-TH  | Chordata Theory  | 9    |
| ZOOA-CC3-5-P   | Chordata Lab   | 10   |
| ZOOA-CC3-6-TH  | Animal Physiology: Controlling & Co-ordinating system Theory | 11   |
| ZOOA-CC3-6-P   | Animal Physiology: Controlling & Co-ordinating system Lab    | 11   |
| ZOOA-CC3-7-TH  | Fundamental of Biochemistry Theory                           | 12   |
| ZOOA-CC3-7-P   | Fundamental of Biochemistry Lab                              | 13   |
| ZOOA-CC4-8-TH  | Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrate Theory                     | 13   |
| ZOOA-CC4-8-P   | Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrate Lab                        | 14   |
| ZOOA-CC4-9-TH  | Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining System Theory             | 14   |
| ZOOA-CC4-9-P   | Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining System Lab                | 15   |
| ZOOA-CC4-10-TH | Immunology Theory  | 15   |
| ZOOA-CC4-10-P  | Immunology Lab   | 16   |
| ZOOA-CC5-11-TH | Ecology Theory   | 16   |
| ZOOA-CC5-11-P  | Ecology Lab  | 17   |

| ZOOA-CC5-12-TH           | Principle of Genetics Theory            | 17 |
|--------------------------|---|----|
|                          | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |    |
| ZOOA-CC5-12-P            | Principle of Genetics Lab               | 18 |
| ZOOA-CC6-13-TH           | Developmental Biology Theory            | 18 |
| ZOOA-CC6-13-P            | Developmental Biology Lab               | 19 |
| ZOOA-CC6-14-TH           | Evolutionary Biology Theory             | 19 |
| ZOOA-CC6-14-P            | Evolutionary Biology Practical          | 20 |
| <b>Discipline Speci</b>  | fic Electives                           |    |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-1-TH       | Parasitology Theory                     | 21 |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-1-P        | Parasitology Lab                        | 21 |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-2-TH       | Biology of Insect Theory                | 22 |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-2-P        | Biology of Insect Lab                   | 23 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-1-TH       | Endocrinology Theory                    | 23 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-1-P        | Endocrinology Lab                       | 24 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-2-TH       | Reproductive Biology Theory             | 24 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-2-P        | Reproductive Biology Lab                | 25 |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-1-TH       | Animal Cell Biotechnology Theory        | 25 |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-1-P        | Animal Cell Biotechnology Lab           | 26 |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-2-TH       | Animal Biotechnology Theory             | 26 |
| ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-2-P        | Animal Biotechnology Lab                | 27 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-1-TH       | Animal Behaviour & Chronobiology Theory | 27 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-1-P        | Animal Behaviour & Chronobiology Lab    | 28 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-2-TH       | Fish & Fishery Theory                   | 28 |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-2-P        | Fish & Fishery Lab                      | 29 |
| Skill Enhancement Course |   |    |
| ZOOA-SEC(A)-3-1-TH       | Apiculture                              | 29 |
| ZOOA-SEC(A)-3-2-TH       | Sericulture                             | 30 |
| ZOOA-SEC(A)-4-1-TH       | Aquarium Fishery                        | 31 |
| ZOOA-SEC(A)-4-2-TH       | Medical Diagnosis                       | 31 |

## PART I: SEMESTER 1

#### **CORE COURSE 1. Non-Chordates I**

## ZOOA-CC1-1-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Non-Chordates I: Protists to Pseudocoelomates  | ·         |          |
| Unit 1: Basics of Animal Classification  |           | 4        |
| Definitions: Classification, Systematics and Taxonomy; Taxonomic Hierarchy, Taxonomic types<br>Codes of Zoological Nomenclature; Principle of priority; Synonymy and Homonymy; Concept of<br>classification – three kingdom concept of Carl Woese, 1977 and five kingdom concept of<br>Whittaker, 1969   |           |          |
| Unit 2: Protista and Metazoa   |           | 15       |
| <ul> <li>Protozoa</li> <li>General characteristics and Classification up to phylum (according to Levine <i>et. al.</i>, 1980)</li> <li>Locomotion in <i>Euglena</i>, <i>Paramoecium</i> and <i>Amoeba</i>; Conjugation in <i>Paramoecium</i>.</li> <li>Life cycle and pathogenicity of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> and <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i></li> <li>Metazoa</li> <li>Evolution of symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa</li> </ul> |           |          |
| Unit 3: Porifera   |           | 6        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.); Canal system and spicules in sponges   |           |          |
| Unit 4: Cnidaria   |           | 10       |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.),<br>Metagenesis in <i>Obelia</i> ; Polymorphism in Cnidaria; Corals and coral reef diversity, Role of<br>symbiotic algae in reef formation. Conservation of coral and coral reefs.  |           |          |
| Unit 5: Ctenophora   |           | 2        |
| General characteristics  |           |          |
| Unit 6: Platyhelminthes  |           | 6        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.)<br>Life cycle and pathogenicity and control measures of <i>Fasciola hepatica</i> and <i>Taenia solium</i>   |           |          |
| Unit 7: Nematoda   |           | 7        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.)<br>Life cycle, and pathogenicity and control measures of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> and <i>Wuchereria</i><br><i>bancrofti</i><br>Parasitic adaptations in helminthes   |           |          |
|  |           | I        |

# Non-Chordates I Lab; ZOOA-CC-1-1-P

#### Non-Chordates I: Protists to Pseudocoelomates

| 60 Hours  | 2 credits   |  |
|---|---|--|
|   |   |  |
| um<br>glena, Entamoeba, Po  | aramecium, Plasmodium,                            |  |
| Balantidium, Vorticella (from the prepared slides)  |   |  |
| Identification with reason & Systematic position of Sycon, Poterion (Neptune's Cup), Obelia, Physalia, Aurelia, Gorgonia, Metridium, Pennatula, Madrepora, Fasciola hepatica, Taenia solium and Ascaris |   |  |
| <i>neta</i> sp.   |   |  |
|   | um<br>glena, Entamoeba, Po<br>Poterion (Neptune's |  |

# **CORE COURSE 2: Molecular Biology**

## ZOOA-CC1-2-TH

| Full Marks 504 Credits  | 50 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1: Nucleic Acids   | 3        |
| Salient features of DNA, Chargaff's Rule, Hypo and Hyperchromic shift. Watson and Crick Model of DNA. RNA types & Function.                                       |          |
| Unit 2: DNA Replication   | 9        |
| Mechanism of DNA Replication in Prokaryotes, Prove that replication is Semi-conservative, bidirectional and discontinuous, RNA priming, Replication of telomeres. |          |
| Unit 3: Transcription   | 9        |
| Mechanism of Transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Transcription factors, Difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription.                     |          |
| Unit 4: Translation   | 9        |
| Genetic code, Degeneracy of the genetic code and Wobble Hypothesis.<br>Mechanism of protein synthesis in prokaryotes.   |          |
| Unit 5: Post Transcriptional Modifications and Processing of Eukaryotic RNA   | 8        |
| Capping and Poly A tail formation in mRNA; Split genes: concept of introns and exons, splicing mechanism, alternative splicing and RNA editing                    |          |

| Unit 6: Gene Regulation   | 7 |
|---|---|
| Regulation of Transcription in prokaryotes: <i>lac</i> operon and <i>trp</i> operon;          |   |
| Regulation of Transcription in eukaryotes: Activators, enhancers, silencer, repressors, miRNA |   |
| mediated gene silencing.  |   |
| Epigenetic Regulation: DNA Methylation, Histone Methylation & Acetylation.                    |   |
| Unit 7: DNA Repair Mechanisms   | 2 |
| Types of DNA repair mechanisms, RecBCD model in prokaryotes, nucleotide and base excision     |   |
| repair, SOS repair  |   |
| Unit 8: Molecular Techniques  | 3 |
| PCR, Western and Southern blot, Northern Blot   |   |

# Molecular Biology Lab; ZOOA-CC-1-2-P

| Full Marks 30   | 60 Hours | 2 Credits |
|---|----------|-----------|
| List of Practical   |          |           |
| 1. Demonstration of polytene and lampbrush chromosome from photograph |          |           |
| 2. Isolation and quantification of genomic DNA from goat liver.       |          |           |
| 3. Agarose gel electrophoresis for DNA.                               |          |           |
| 4. Histological staining of DNA and RNA in prepared slides            |          |           |

# PART I: SEMESTER 2

## **CORE COURSE 3: Non-Chordates II – Coelomates**

# ZOOA-CC2-3-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction   |           | 2        |
| Evolution of coelom  |           |          |
| Unit 2: Annelida   |           | 10       |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994)<br>Excretion in Annelida through nephridia; Metamerism in Annelida.  |           |          |
| Unit 3: Arthropoda   |           | 16       |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994); Insect Eye (Cockroach only).<br>Respiration in Prawn and Cockroach; Metamorphosis in Lepidopteran Insects; Social life in Termite |           |          |
| Unit 4: Onychophora  |           |          |
| General characteristics and Evolutionary significance  |           |          |

| Unit 5: Mollusca   | 10 |
|--|----|
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994); Nervous system in <i>Pila sp.</i> Torsion in Gastropoda. Feeding and respiration in <i>Pila</i> sp. |    |
| Unit 6: Echinodermata  | 8  |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994); Water-<br>vascular system in <i>Asterias</i> . Echinoderm larva and affinities with chordates       |    |
| Unit 7: Hemichordata   | 2  |
| General characteristics of phylum Hemichordata. Relationship with non-chordates and chordates  |    |

## Non-Chordates II Lab, ZOOA-CC-2-3-P

| Full Marks 30     | 2 Credits |
|-------------------|-----------|
| List of Practical |           |

- 1. Study of following specimens:
  - a. Annelids Aphrodite, Nereis, Chaetopterus, Earthworm, Hirudinaria
  - **b.** Arthropods *Limulus, Palaemon, Balanus, Eupagurus, Scolopendra, Peripatus, Silkworm life history stages, Termite members of a colony and Honey bee members of the colony*
  - c. Molluscs Dentalium, Patella, Chiton, Pila, Achatina, Pinctada, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus
  - d. Echinoderms Asterias, Ophiura, Clypeaster, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon
- 2. Anatomy study: Nervours system, Reproductive system (Male & female), Mouth parts & Salivary apparatus in *Periplaneta* sp.

## PART I: SEMESTER 2

#### **CORE COURSE 4: Cell Biology**

#### ZOOA-CC2-4-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits           | 50<br>Hours |
|--|---------------------|-------------|
| Unit 1: Plasma Membrane  |                     | 7           |
| Ultra-structure and composition of Plasma membrane: Fluid mosaic model,<br>membrane - Active and Passive transport, Facilitated transport, Cell junctions: Ti<br>junctions, Desmosomes | *                   |             |
| Unit 2: Cytoplasmic organelles I   |                     | 5           |
| Structure and Functions: Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, Lysosomes; I mechanisms of vesicular transport  | Protein sorting and |             |
| Unit 3: Cytoplasmic organelles II  |                     | 7           |
| Mitochondria: Structure, Semi-autonomous nature, Endosymbiotic hypothe<br>Respiratory Chain, Chemiosmotic hypothesis; Peroxisomes: Structure and Function                              |                     |             |

| Centrosome (Kinetochore and centromeric DNA): Structure and Functions  |    |
|--|----|
| Unit 4: Cytoskeleton   | 5  |
| Type, structure and functions of cytoskeleton; Accessory proteins of microfilament & microtubule   |    |
| Unit 5: Nucleus  | 8  |
| Nuclear envelope, Nuclear pore complex, Nucleolus; Chromatin: Euchromatin and Heterochromatin and packaging (nucleosome),  |    |
| Unit 6: Cell Cycle   | 10 |
| Cell cycle and its regulation, Cancer (Concept of oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes with special reference to p53, Retinoblastoma and Ras. Process of Proto-oncogene activation |    |
| Unit 7: Cell Signalling  | 8  |
| Cell signalling transduction pathways; Types of signalling molecules and receptors (Classification and Example only): RTK & JAK/STAT. Apoptosis                                    |    |

# Cell Biology Lab; ZOOA-CC-2-4-P

| Full M  | arks 30 60 Hours  | 2 Credits                  |
|---------|---|----------------------------|
| List of | Practical   |                            |
| 1.      | Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion/arum root tip to study vari    | ous stages of mitosis      |
| 2.      | Study of various stages of meiosis from grasshopper testis                      |                            |
| 3.      | Preparation of permanent slide to show the presence of Barr body in huma cells. | n female blood cells/cheek |
| 4.      | Preparation of permanent slide to demonstrate:                                  |                            |
|         | a. DNA by Feulgen reaction  |                            |
|         | b. Cell viability study by Trypan Blue staining                                 |                            |

# PART II: SEMESTER 3.

## **CORE COURSE 5 : Chordata**

## ZOOA-CC3-5-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Chordates   |           | 2        |
| General characteristics and outline classification of Phylum Chordata (Young, 19                                      | 981)      |          |
| Unit 2: Protochordata   |           | 7        |
| General characteristics and classification of sub-phylum Urochordata and Cephalochordata up to                        |           |          |
| Classes (Young, 1981). Metamorphosis in Ascidia. Chordate Features, structure of pharynx and feeding in Branchiostoma |           |          |

| Unit 3: Agnatha   | 2 |
|---|---|
| General characteristics and classification of cyclostomes up to order (Young, 1981)   |   |
| Unit 4: Pisces  | 7 |
| General characteristics and classification up to living sub classes (Young, 1981); Accessory respiratory organ, Migration in fishes; Parental care in fishes; Swim bladder in fishes. |   |
| Unit 5: Amphibia  | 7 |
| General characteristics and classification up to living Orders (Young, 1981); Metamorphosis, Paedomorphosis, Parental care in Amphibia  |   |
| Unit 6: Reptilia  | 8 |
| General characteristics and classification up to living Orders (Young, 1981); Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in Snake. Poisonous & Non-Poisonous snake.                        |   |
| Unit 7: Aves  | 8 |
| General characteristics and classification up to living Sub-Classes (Young, 1981); Exoskeleton and migration in Birds; Principles and aerodynamics of flight                          |   |
| Unit 8: Mammals   | 9 |
| General characters and classification up to living sub classes (Young, 1981); Exoskeleton   |   |
| derivatives of mammals; Adaptive radiation in mammals with reference to locomotory appendages; Echolocation in Micro chiropterans   |   |

# Chordata Lab; ZOOA-CC-3-5-P

| Full Marl  | ks 30 60 Hours  | 2 Credits                      |  |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| List of Pr   | actical   |                                |  |  |
| Identificat  | ion with Reasons  |                                |  |  |
| a) <b>Pr</b>   | otochordata: Balanoglossus, Branchiostoma   |                                |  |  |
| b) Ag  | matha: Petromyzon   |                                |  |  |
| c) Fis   | c) Fishes: Scoliodon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Mystus, Heteropneustes, Labeo rohita, Exocoetus, |                                |  |  |
| Hi   | Hippocampus, Anabas, Flat fish  |                                |  |  |
| d) An  | nphibia: Necturus, Bufo (Duttaphrynus) melanostictus, Rana (Ho                                    | plobatrachus) tigerinus, Hyla, |  |  |
| Tyl  | Tylototriton, Axolotl larva   |                                |  |  |
| e) Re  | e) Reptilia: Chelone, Trionyx, Hemidactylus, Varanus, Calotes, Chamaeleon, Draco, Vipera, Naja,   |                                |  |  |
| Hy   | drophis,  |                                |  |  |
| f) Mammalia: Bat (Insectivorous and Frugivorous), Funambulus (Indian Palm squirrel)                          |   |                                |  |  |
| Dissection of brain and pituitary – ex situ, digestive and Urino-genital system of Tilapia                   |   |                                |  |  |
| Pecten from Fowl head  |   |                                |  |  |
| Power point presentation on study of habit, habitat or behaviour of any one animal by student – for internal |   |                                |  |  |
| assessmen  | at only   |                                |  |  |

# PART II: SEMESTER 3.

# **CORE COURSE 6: Animal Physiology: Controlling and Co-ordinating System**

# ZOOA-CC3-6-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits       | 50 Hours |
|--|-----------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Tissues  |                 |          |
| Structure, location, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, connective t tissue and nervous tissue   | issue, muscular |          |
| Unit 2: Bone and Cartilage   |                 | 4        |
| Structure and types of bones and cartilages, Ossification  |                 |          |
| Unit 3: Nervous System   |                 | 10       |
| Structure of neuron, resting membrane potential, Origin of action potential and across the myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres; Types of synapse, Synaps and Neuromuscular junction   |                 |          |
| Unit 4: Muscular system  |                 | 10       |
| Histology of different types of muscle; Ultra-structure of skeletal muscle; Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction; Characteristics of muscle fibre  |                 |          |
| Unit 5: Reproductive System  |                 | 6        |
| Histology of mammalian testis and ovary; physiology of mammalian reproduction – menstrual and oestrous cycle   |                 |          |
| Unit 6: Endocrine System   |                 |          |
| Histology and function of thyroid, pancreas and adrenal. Function of pituitary   |                 |          |
| Classification of hormones; Mechanism of Hormone action; Signal transduction pathways for<br>Steroidal and Non- steroidal hormones; Hypothalamus (neuroendocrine gland) - principal nuclei<br>involved in neuroendocrine control of anterior pituitary; Placental hormones |                 |          |

### Animal Physiology: Controlling & Coordinating Systems, Lab;

#### ZOOA-CC3-6-P

| Full N | Marks 30  | 60 Hours                    | 2 Credits                   |
|--------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| List o | f Practical   |                             |                             |
| 1.     | Recording of cardiac and simple muscle twitch with  | electrical stimulation      |                             |
| 2.     | Preparation of temporary mounts: Squamous epithel   | ium, Striated muscle fibr   | es and nerve cells          |
| 3.     | Study of permanent slides of Mammalian Skin, Sp     | pinal cord, Pancreas, Tes   | stis, Ovary, Adrenal, Lung, |
|        | pyloric stomach, cardiac stomach, Thyroid, small in | testine and large intestine | of mammal (white rat)       |
| 4.     | Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slide of any fi | ve mammalian (Goat/wh       | ite rat) tissues            |

# PART II: SEMESTER 3

# **CORE COURSE 7: Fundamentals of Biochemistry**

# ZOOA-CC3-7-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits                        | 50 Hours |
|--|----------------------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Carbohydrates  |                                  | 8        |
| Structure and Biological importance: Monosaccharides,<br>Derivatives of Monosaccharides; Carbohydrate metabolism<br>Pentose phosphate pathway, Gluconeogenesis   |                                  |          |
| Unit 2: Lipids   |                                  | 7        |
| Structure and Significance: Physiologically important saturate<br>acylglycerols, Phospholipids, Sphingolipid, Glycolipids, Steroi<br>Lipid metabolism: β-oxidation of fatty acids - a. Palmitic acid<br>acid {unsaturated (C 18:2)}; Fatty acid biosynthesis   | ds, Eicosanoids and terpinoids.  |          |
| Unit 3: Proteins   |                                  | 10       |
| Amino acids: Structure, Classification, General and Electro chemical properties of $\alpha$ -amino acids; Physiological importance of essential and non-essential amino acids, Proteins Bonds stabilizing protein structure; Levels of organization; Protein metabolism: Transamination, Deamination, Urea cycle, Fate of C-skeleton of Glucogenic and Ketogenic amino acids |                                  |          |
| Unit 4: Nucleic Acids  |                                  | 10       |
| Structure of Purines, Pyrimidines, Nucleosides and Nucleotides; Nucleic Acid Metabolism:<br>Catabolism of adenosine, Guanosine, cytosine and thymine.  |                                  |          |
| Unit 5: Enzymes  |                                  | 13       |
| Nomenclature and classification; Cofactors; Specificity of enz<br>of enzyme action; Enzyme kinetics; Derivation of Michaelis-M<br>plot; Factors affecting rate of enzyme-catalyzed reactions; Enz  | Aenten equation, Lineweaver-Burk |          |
| Unit 5: Oxidative Phosphorylation  |                                  | 2        |
| Redox systems; Mitochondrial respiratory chain, Inhibito<br>Transport System   | rs and un-couplers of Electron   |          |

# Fundamentals of Biochemistry Lab; ZOOA-CC-7-3-P

| Fundamentals of Biochemistry  |               |           |  |
|---|---------------|-----------|--|
| Full Marks 30   | 60 Hours      | 2 Credits |  |
| List of Practical   |               |           |  |
| 1. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates, protein                             | ns and lipids |           |  |
| 2. Qualitative estimation of Urea & Uric acid                               | d             |           |  |
| 3. Paper chromatography of amino acids.                                     |               |           |  |
| 4. Quantitative estimation of water soluble proteins following Lowry Method |               |           |  |

# PART II: SEMESTER 4

## **CORE COURSE 8.**Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates

## ZOOA-CC4-8-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits        | 50 Hours |
|---|------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Integumentary System  |                  | 10       |
| Structure, function and derivatives of integument in amphibian, birds and mammal              | S                |          |
| Unit 2: Digestive System  |                  | 6        |
| Comparative anatomy of stomach; dentition in mammals  |                  |          |
| Unit 3: Respiratory System  |                  | б        |
| Respiratory organs in fish, birds and mammals   |                  |          |
| Unit 4: Circulatory System  |                  | 7        |
| General plan of circulation, Comparative account of heart and aortic arches                   |                  |          |
| Unit 5: Urinogenital System   |                  | 5        |
| Succession of kidney in different vertebrate groups; evolution of urino-genital duct          | s                |          |
| Unit 6: Nervous system and sense organs   |                  | 8        |
| Comparative account of brain in vertebrates; cranial nerves; olfactory and audito vertebrates | ory receptors in |          |
| Unit 7: Skeletal system   |                  | 8        |
| Overview of axial and appendicular skeleton – limbs, girdles of pigeon; jaw mammals           | suspension in    |          |

# **Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates Lab; ZOOA-CC4-8-P**

| Full M  | larks 30  | 60 Hours          | 2 Credits      |
|---------|---|-------------------|----------------|
| List of | Practical   |                   |                |
| 1.      | Study of placoid, cycloid and ctenoid scales throu  | gh permanent slid | es/photographs |
| 2.      | 2. Study of disarticulated skeleton of toad, Pigeon, Guineapig (limb bones, vertebrae, limb and girdle) |                   |                |
| 3.      | 3. Comparative study of heart and brain, with the help of model/picture                                 |                   |                |
| 4.      | 4. Identification of skulls: Pigeon, one herbivore (Guineapig) and one carnivore (Dog) animal           |                   |                |

## PART II: SEMESTER 4

# **CORE COURSE 9: Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems**

### ZOOA-CC4-9-TH

| Full Marks 50       4 Credits  | 50 Hours |
|--|----------|
| Unit 1: Physiology of Digestion  | 10       |
| Structural organisation and function of gastro-intestinal tract; Mechanical and chemical digestion of food, absorption of Carbohydrates, Lipids and Proteins in Human  |          |
| Unit 2: Physiology of Respiration  | 10       |
| Mechanism of Respiration, Respiratory volumes and capacities, transport of Oxygen and Carbon dioxide in blood, Dissociation curves and the factors influencing it, respiratory pigments; Carbon monoxide poisoning |          |
| Unit 3: Physiology of Circulation  | 8        |
| Structure and functions of haemoglobin; Blood clotting system; Haematopoiesis; Basic steps and its regulation; Blood groups; ABO and Rh factor   |          |
| Unit 4: Physiology of Heart  | 8        |
| Coronary Circulation, Structure and working of conducting myocardial fibres, Origin and conduction of cardiac impulses; Cardiac Cycle and cardiac output   |          |
| Unit 5: Thermoregulation & Osmoregulation  | 6        |
| Thermal regulation in camel and polar bear, Osmoregulation in aquatic vertebrates  |          |
| Unit 6: Renal Physiology   | 8        |
| Structure of Kidney and its functional unit, Mechanism of urine formation, Regulation of acid-<br>base balance   |          |

# Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems Lab; ZOOA-CC4-9-P

| Full M  | arks 30 60 Hours   | 2 Credits |
|---------|--|-----------|
| List of | Practical  |           |
| 1.      | Determination of ABO Blood group                           |           |
| 2.      | Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobin meter  |           |
| 3.      | Identification of blood cells from human blood             |           |
| 4.      | Preparation of haemin crystals and haemochromogen crystals |           |
| 5.      | Identification of blood cells from cockroach haemolymph    |           |
| 6.      | Demonstration of blood pressure by digital meter           |           |

## **PART II: SEMESTER 4**

## **CORE COURSE 10: Immunology**

## ZOOA-CC4-10-TH

| Full Marks 50       4 Credits   | 50 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1: Overview of Immune System   | 3        |
| Introduction – concept of health and disease; Cells and organs of the Immune system   |          |
| Unit 2: Innate and Adaptive Immunity  | 9        |
| Anatomical barriers, Inflammation, Cell and molecules involved in innate immunity, Adaptive immunity (Cell mediated and humoral).                               |          |
| Unit 3: Antigens  | 6        |
| Antigenicity and immunogenicity, Immunogens, Adjuvants and haptens, Factors influencing immunogenicity, B and T-Cell epitopes                                   |          |
| Unit 4: Immunoglobulins   | 10       |
| Structure and functions of different classes of immunoglobulins, Antigen-antibody interactions,<br>Immunoassays (ELISA and RIA), Monoclonal antibody production |          |
| Unit 5: Major Histocompatibility Complex  | 6        |
| Structure and functions of MHC molecules.<br>Structure of T cell Receptor and its signalling, T cell development & selection                                    |          |
| Unit 6: Cytokines   | 3        |
| Types, properties and functions of cytokines.   |          |

| Unit 7: Complement System   | 5 |
|---|---|
| Components and pathways of complement activation.   |   |
| Unit 8: Hypersensitivity  | 4 |
| Gell and Coombs' classification and brief description of various types of hypersensitivities. |   |
| Unit 9: Vaccines  | 4 |
| Various types of vaccines. Active & passive immunization (Artificial and natural).            |   |

# Immunology Lab; ZOOA-CC4-10-P

| Full M  | Marks 30                                    | 60 Hours               |           | 2 Credit | S       |         |
|---------|---|------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|
| List of | f Practical                                 |                        |           |          |         |         |
| 1.      | Demonstration of lymphoid organs (b         | by picture).           |           |          |         |         |
| 2.      | Histological study of Bursa fab photographs | ricius, spleen, thymus | and lymph | nodes    | through | slides/ |
| 3.      | Demonstration of ELISA                      |                        |           |          |         |         |

# PART III: SEMESTER 5

# **CORE COURSE 11.Ecology**

# ZOOA-CC5-11-TH

| Full Marks 504 Credits   | 50 Hours       |
|--|----------------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology  | 4              |
| Autecology and synecology, Levels of organization, Laws of limiting factors, Study of Physicators, The Biosphere.  | sical          |
| Unit 2: Population   | 20             |
| Unitary and Modular populations Unique and group attributes of population: Demographic fac<br>life tables, fecundity tables, survivorship curves, dispersal and dispersion. Geometric, expone<br>and logistic growth, equation and patterns, r and K strategies Population regulation - den<br>dependent and independent factors, Population Interactions, Gause's Principle with laboratory<br>field examples, Lotka-Volterra equation for competition. | ntial<br>sity- |
| Unit 3: Community  | 11             |
| Community characteristics: species diversity, abundance, dominance, richness, Ver stratification, Ecotone and edge effect; Ecological succession with one example.   | tical          |

| Unit 4: Ecosystem  | 8 |
|--|---|
| Types of ecosystem with an example in detail, Food chain: Detritus and grazing food chains, Linear and Y-shaped food chains, Food web, Energy flow, Ecological pyramids and Ecological   |   |
| efficiencies; Nitrogen cycle.  |   |
| Unit 5: Applied Ecology  | 7 |
| Types & level of biodiversity Mega-diversity countries, Biodiversity Hot spot, Flagship species, Keystone species, Wildlife Conservation ( <i>in situ</i> and <i>ex situ</i> conservation), concept of protected areas. Red data book, Indian wild life act & Schedule. Concept of corridor, advantages and problem of corridor. |   |
| Threats to survival and conservation strategies for Tiger, Olive ridley, White Rumped Vulture.   |   |

# Ecology Lab, ZOOA-CC5-11-P

| Full M  | arks 30 60 Hours   | 2 Credits                |
|---------|--|--------------------------|
| List of | Practical  |                          |
| 1.      | Determination of population density in a natural/hypothetical community  | y by quadrate method and |
|         | calculation of Shannon-Weiner diversity index for the same community   |                          |
| 2       | Charles of an example of a second sec |                          |

- Study of an aquatic ecosystem: Phytoplankton and zooplankton, Measurement of area, temperature, salinity, determination of pH, and Dissolved Oxygen content (Winkler's method), Chemical Oxygen Demand and free CO<sub>2</sub>
- 3. Report on a visit to National Park/Biodiversity Park/Wild life sanctuary/ any place of ecological interest/ ecological uniqueness/ Zoological garden

# PART III: SEMESTER 5

## **CORE COURSE 12.Principle of Genetics**

# **ZOOA-CC5-12-TH**

| Full Marks 504 Credits  | Class |
|---|-------|
| Unit 1: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension  | 12    |
| Principles of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and co-dominance, Epistasis, Multiple alleles,<br>Isoallele (White eye mutations), Pseudoallele (Lozenge Locus) & Cis-trans test for allelism, Lethal<br>alleles, Pleiotropy, Penetrance & Expressivity |       |
| Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over and Linkage Mapping  | 8     |
| Linkage and Crossing, Complete & Incomplete Linkage, Measuring Recombination frequency and linkage map construction using three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence Sex linkage in <i>Drosophila</i> (White eye locus) & Human (Haemophilia).  |       |

| Unit 3: Mutations   | 12 |
|---|----|
| Types of gene mutations (Classification), Types of chromosomal aberrations (Classification with one suitable example from <i>Drosophila</i> and Human of each), variation in chromosome number; Non-disjunction of X chromosome in <i>Drosophila</i> ; Non-disjunction of Human Chromosome 21.<br>Molecular basis of mutations in relation to UV light and chemical mutagens. Mutation detection in <i>Drosophila</i> by attached X method. Biochemical mutation detection in <i>Neurospora</i> . |    |
| Unit 4: Sex Determination   | 8  |
| Mechanisms of sex determination in <i>Drosophila</i> and in man; Dosage compensation in <i>Drosophila</i> & Human   |    |
| Unit 5: Extra-chromosomal Inheritance   | 2  |
| Kappa particle in Paramoecium, Shell spiralling in snail  |    |
| Unit 6: Genetic Fine Structure  | 2  |
| Complementation test in Bacteriophage (Benzer's experiment on rII locus)  |    |
| Unit 7: Transposable Genetic Elements   | 6  |
| IS element in bacteria, Ac-Ds elements in maize and P elements in <i>Drosophila</i> , LINE, SINE, Alu elements in humans  |    |

# Principles of Genetics Lab, ZooA-CC5-12-P

| Full m  | arks 30  | 60 Hours | 2 Credits |
|---------|--|----------|-----------|
| List of | Practical  |          |           |
| 1.      | Chi-square analyses for genetic ratio test   |          |           |
| 2.      | 2. Identification of chromosomal aberration in <i>Drosophila</i> and man from photograph |          |           |
| 3.      | Pedigree analysis of some inherited traits in anima                                      | als      |           |

# PART III: SEMESTER 6

## **CORE COURSE 13: Developmental Biology**

## **ZOOA-CC6-13-TH**

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits                              | 50 Hours |
|---|--|----------|
| Unit 1: Early Embryonic Development   |  | 20       |
| Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis (sea urchin & mammal); Ty<br>membranes; Fertilization in sea urchin and mammal; Planes and patterns of<br>Blastula [frog and chick]; Fate map in chick embryo, fate mapping using vital of<br>technique; Gastrulation in frog and chick; Embryonic induction and orga<br>(Spemann & Mangold's experiment) | cleavage; Types of lye and radioactive |          |

| Unit 2: Late Embryonic Development   | 10 |
|--|----|
| Extra-embryonic membranes in Chick; Implantation of embryo in humans, Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta)  |    |
| Unit 3: Post Embryonic Development   | 8  |
| Development of brain and Eye in Chick. Molecular Induction in Brain and Eye development.   |    |
| Unit 4: Implications of Developmental Biology  | 12 |
| <i>In vitro</i> fertilization (IVF), Stem cell: Concept of potency, types, markers and applications of stem cell therapy in bone marrow transplantation and cartilage regeneration |    |

# Developmental Biology Lab; ZOOA-ZooA-CC6-13-P

| Fu  | ll Marks 30  | 60 Hours            | 2 Credits                    |
|-----|--|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Lis | st of Practical  |                     |                              |
| 1.  | Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick e     | mbryo through perm  | anent slides: 24, 48, and 96 |
|     | hours of incubation  |                     |                              |
| 2.  | Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of Drosop   | ohila               |                              |
| 3.  | Study of different sections of placenta (photomicropgraph/   | slides)             |                              |
| 4.  | Identification of Invertebrate larva through slides/ photogr | aphs of Phylum Anne | elida, Arthropoda, Mollusca  |
|     | and Echinodermata  |                     |                              |

# PART III: SEMESTER 6

# **CORE COURSE 14.Evolutionary Biology**

# ZOOA-CC6-14-TH

| Full Marks 504 Credits  | 50 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1  | 5        |
| Origin of Life (Chemical basis), RNA world hypothesis   |          |
| Unit 2  | 5        |
| Historical review of Evolutionary concepts: Lamarkism, Darwinism and Neo Darwinism              |          |
| Unit 3  | 6        |
| Geological time scale, Fossil: types and age determination by Carbon dating, Evolution of horse |          |
| Unit 4  | 6        |
| Natural Selection: Modes with Examples;   |          |

| Unit 5  | 10 |
|---|----|
| Species concept, Isolating mechanisms, modes of speciation; Speciation by chromosome rearrangement in <i>Drosophila</i> . Adaptive radiation/macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches).   |    |
| Unit 6  | 2  |
| Origin and Evolution of Man, Unique Hominid characteristics contrasted with primate characteristic  |    |
| Unit 7  | 10 |
| Population genetics: Hardy-Weinberg Law; factors disrupting H-W equilibrium (Genetic Drift,<br>Migration and Mutation and Selection in changing allele frequencies (only derivations required).<br>Simple problems related to estimation of allelic and gene frequencies. |    |
| Unit 8  | 3  |
| Extinction, back ground and mass extinctions, detailed example of K-T extinction  |    |
| Unit 9  | 5  |
| Phylogenetic trees, construction and interpretation of Phylogenetic tree using parsimony, convergent and divergent evolution.   |    |

# Evolutionary Biology Lab, ZooA-CC6-14-P

| Full M  | arks 30  | 60 Hours | 2 Credits                 |
|---------|--|----------|---------------------------|
| List of | Practical  |          |                           |
| 1.      | 1. Study of fossils from models/ pictures: Dickinsonia, Paradoxides (Trilobita), Asteroceras (Ammonoid |          | , Asteroceras (Ammonoid), |
|         | Pentremites (Blastoid Echinoderm), Ichthyosaur, Archaeopteryx, Cynodont.                               |          |                           |
| 2.      | 2. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens.  |          |                           |
| 3.      |  |          |                           |

# **Discipline Specific Elective**

[Students will choice either of ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-1-TH or ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-2-TH]

#### **PART III: SEMESTER 5**

#### **DSE1.** Parasitology

## ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-1-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits          | 50 hours |
|---|--------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Parasitology  |                    | 2        |
| Brief introduction of Parasitism, Parasite, Parasitoid and Vectors (mechanic vector); Host parasite relationship  | cal and biological |          |
| Unit 2: Parasitic Protists  |                    | 12       |
| Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathoger<br>Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Giardia intestinalis</i> , <i>Trypanosoma gambiense</i> ,<br><i>Leishmania donovani</i>                | nicity, Diagnosis, |          |
| Unit 3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes   |                    | 12       |
| Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogen<br>Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i> , <i>Taenia solium</i>   | nicity, Diagnosis, |          |
| Unit 4: Parasitic Nematodes   |                    | 12       |
| Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogen<br>Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> , <i>Ancylostoma duoden</i><br><i>bancrofti</i> , Nematode plant interaction. |                    |          |
| Unit 5: Parasitic Arthropods  |                    | 10       |
| Biology, importance and control of ticks: Soft tick ( <i>Ornithodoros</i> ), Hard tic ( <i>Sarcoptes</i> ), Lice ( <i>Pediculus</i> ), Flea ( <i>Xenopsylla</i> ) and Bug ( <i>Cimex</i> ). Parasitoid.       | ck (Ixodes), mites |          |
| Unit 6: Parasite Vertebrates  |                    | 2        |
| Cookicutter Shark, Hood Mocking bird, Vampire bats their parasitic behaviour an   | nd effect on host. |          |

# Parasitology Lab, ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-1-P

| Full Marks 30                                  | 60 Hours                     | 2 Credits                |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| List of Practical                              |                              |                          |
| 1. Study of life stages of Giardia intestina   | ••                           |                          |
| Plasmodium vivax, Plasmodium falciparum th     | rough permanent slides/micro | o photographs            |
| 2. Study of adult and life stages of Schistose | ma haematobium, Taenia       | solium through permanent |

slides/micro photographs3. Study of adult and life stages of *Ancylostoma duodenale* through permanent slides/micro photographs.

- 4. Study of monogenea from the gills of fresh/marine fish [Gills can be procured from fish market as by product of the industry]
- 5. Study of nematode/cestode parasites from the intestines of Poultry bird [Intestine can be procured from poultry/market as a by-product] & Goat.

Submission of a brief report on parasitic vertebrates

## **PART III: SEMESTER 5**

#### **DSE2.** Biology of Insects

#### ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-2-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits        | 50 Hours |
|--|------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Insect Taxonomy  |                  | 4        |
| Basis of insect classification; Classification of insects up to orders (Ruppert and B  | arnes, 1994)     |          |
| Unit 2: General Morphology of Insects  |                  | 6        |
| External Features; Head – Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts with respect to fe<br>Thorax: Wings and wing articulation, Types of Legs adapted to diverse hab<br>appendages and genitalia | •                |          |
| Unit 3: Physiology of Insects  |                  | 20       |
| Structure and physiology of Insect body systems - Digestive, respiratory nervous system  | , endocrine and  |          |
| Photoreceptors: Types, Structure and Function<br>Metamorphosis: Types and Neuroendocrine control of metamorphosis  |                  |          |
| Unit 4: Insect Society   |                  | 7        |
| Social insects with special reference to termites<br>Trophallaxis in social insects such as ants, termites and bees  |                  |          |
| Unit 5: Insect Plant Interaction   |                  | 4        |
| Theory of co-evolution, role of allelochemicals in host plant mediation Host-play phytophagous insects, Major insect pests in paddy  | ant selection by |          |
| Unit 6: Insects as Vectors   |                  | 9        |
| Insects as mechanical and biological vectors, Brief discussion on houseflies and<br>important vectors  | l mosquitoes as  |          |

# Biology of Insect Lab, ZOOA-DSE(A)-5-2-P

| Full M   | arks 3060 Hours   | 2 Credits |
|--|---|-----------|
| List of  | Practical   |           |
| 1.   | Study of life cycle of Mosquito   |           |
| 2.   | Study of different kinds of antennae, legs and mouth parts of insects     |           |
| 3.   | 3. Mounting of insect wings any insects                                   |           |
| 4.   | 4. Methodology of collection, preservation and identification of insects. |           |
| 5. Morphological studies of various castes of Apis, Ant-Camponotus, Termite-Odontotermes |   |           |
| 6.   | Study of major insect pests of paddy and their damages                    |           |
| 7.   | Study of Mulberry silk moth as beneficial insect                          |           |

#### Students will choice either of ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-1-TH or ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-2-TH

## **PART III: SEMESTER 5**

## **DSE1. Endocrinology**

## ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-1-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits    | 50 Hours |
|--|--------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Endocrinology  |              | 6        |
| General idea of Endocrine systems, Classification, Characteristic and Transport<br>Neuro-secretions and Neuro-hormones: Examples and Functions   | of Hormones, |          |
| Unit 2: Hypothalamo-Hypophyseal Axis   |              | 12       |
| Structure and functions of hypothalamus and Hypothalamic nuclei, H<br>neuroendocrine glands, Feedback mechanisms, Hypothalamo-Hypophyseal-Gona<br>Structure of pituitary gland, Hormones and their functions, Hypothalamo-hypo<br>system | dal Axis.    |          |
| Unit 3: Peripheral Endocrine Glands  |              | 12       |
| Structure, Hormones and Functions of Thyroid gland, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pancreas, Ovary and Testis. Disorders of endocrine glands ( <i>Diabetes mellitus</i> type I & Type II; Graves' Disease).                                       |              |          |
| Unit 4: Regulation of Hormone Action   |              | 12       |
| Mechanism of action of steroidal, non-steroidal hormones with receptors (cAMP, IP3-DAG),<br>Calcium and Glucose homeostasis in mammals. Bioassays of hormones using RIA & ELISA,<br>Estrous cycle in rat and menstrual cycle in human.   |              |          |

| Unit 5. Non Mammalian Vertebrate Hormone                             | 8 |
|--|---|
| Functions of Prolactin in Fishes, Amphibia & Birds                   |   |
| Function of Melanotropin in Teleost fishes, Amphibians and Reptiles. |   |

# Endocrinology Lab, ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-1-P

| Full M   | Iarks 30  | 60 Hours    | 2 Credits |
|--|---|-------------|-----------|
| List of  | f Practical   |             |           |
| 1.   | Dissect and display of Endocrine glands in laboratory | y bred rat. |           |
| 2. Study of the permanent slides of all the endocrine glands                                       |   |             |           |
| 3. Tissue fixation, embedding in paraffin, microtomy and slide preparation of any endocrine gland. |   |             |           |
|  |   |             |           |

4. H-E staining of Histological slides.

## **PART III: SEMESTER 5**

#### **DSE2.** Reproductive Biology

## ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-2-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Reproductive Endocrinology   |           | 10       |
| Mechanism of action of steroid and glycoprotein hormones. Hypothalamo – Hypophyseal – gonadal axis, regulation of gonadotrophin secretion in human (male and female); Reproductive system: Development and differentiation of gonads, genital ducts and external genitalia   |           |          |
| Unit 2: Functional anatomy of male reproduction  |           | 14       |
| Histoarchitechture of testis in human; Spermatogenesis and its hormonal regulation; Androgen synthesis and metabolism; Accessory glands functions  |           |          |
| Unit 3: Functional anatomy of female reproduction  |           | 18       |
| Histoarchitechture of ovary in human; Oogenesis and its hormonal regulation; Steroidogenesis and secretion of ovarian hormones; Reproductive cycles (human) and their regulation, Fertilization; Hormonal control of implantation; Hormonal regulation of gestation, pregnancy diagnosis, feto-maternal relationship; Mechanism of parturition and its hormonal regulation; Lactation and its regulation |           |          |
| Unit 4: Reproductive Health  |           | 8        |
| Infertility in male and female: causes, diagnosis and management, Assisted Reproductive Technology: Sex selection, sperm banks, frozen embryos, <i>in vitro</i> fertilization IVF & IUI Modern contraceptive technologies  |           |          |

# Reproductive Biology Lab, ZOOA-DSE(B)-5-2-P

| Full Marks 5  | 50 60 Hours   | 2 Credits                  |
|---------------|---|----------------------------|
| List of Pract | ical  |                            |
| -             | v of animal house: set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding the prevention animals (only demonstration through chart).  | techniques, care of normal |
|               | 2. Tissue fixation, embedding in paraffin, microtomy and slide preparation of any endocrine gland.  |                            |
| 3. H-E s      | staining of histological slides.  |                            |
| epidi         | nination of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent s<br>dymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems; ovar<br>ferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina. |                            |

#### Students will choice either of ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-1-TH or ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-2-TH

## PART III: SEMESTER 6

#### DSE1. Animal Cell Biotechnology

#### ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-1-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction   |           | 2        |
| Concept and Scope of Biotechnology   |           |          |
| Unit 2: Techniques in Gene manipulation  |           | 15       |
| <ul> <li>Recombinant DNA technology, Restriction endonucleases.</li> <li>Cloning Vectors &amp; their features: Plasmids, Phage vectors, Cosmids, Phagemids, BAC, YAC, and HAC. Shuttle and Expression Vectors.</li> <li>Construction of Genomic libraries and cDNA libraries</li> <li>Transformation techniques: Cloning in bacteria and detection technique of clone</li> </ul> |           |          |
| Unit 3: Animal cell Culture  |           | 15       |
| Basic techniques in animal cell culture and organ culture, Primary Culture and Cell lines, Culture media – Natural and Synthetic, Stem cells, Cryopreservation of cultures.<br>Agarose and Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis, Southern, Northern and Western blotting, Polymerase chain reaction: Allele specific, RAPD & RT PCR.   |           |          |
| Unit 4: Fermentation   |           | 10       |
| Different types of Fermentation: Submerged & Solid state; batch, Fed batch & Continuous; Stirred tank, Air Lift, Fixed Bed and Fluidized.<br>Downstream Processing: Filtration, centrifugation, extraction, chromatography, spray drying and lyophilization.   |           |          |

| Unit 5: Application in Health  | 8 |
|--|---|
| Hybridoma technology, Production of recombinant Proteins: Insulin and growth hormones. |   |

# Animal Cell Biotechnology Lab, ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-1-P

| Full Mark         | s 50 60 Hours  | 2 Credits               |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------|
| List of Practical |  |                         |
| 1.                | Packing and sterilization of glass and plastic wares for cell culture.   |                         |
| 2.                | 2. Preparation of culture media.   |                         |
| 3.                | 3. Preparation of genomic DNA from E. coli/animals/ human.   |                         |
| 4.                | 4. Plasmid DNA isolation (pUC 18/19) and DNA quantitation using agarose gel electrophoresis (by using lambda DNA as standard). |                         |
| 5.                | Techniques: Western Blot, Southern Hybridization, DNA Fingerprinting   | g, PCR, DNA Microarrays |
|                   | (By Photograph).   |                         |

# PART III: SEMESTER 6

# **DSE2.** Animal Biotechnology

# ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-2-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits | Class |
|---|-----------|-------|
| Unit 1: Introduction  |           | 5     |
| Organization of <i>E.coli</i> and <i>Drosophila</i> genome.   |           |       |
| Unit 2: Molecular Techniques in Gene manipulation   |           | 23    |
| <ul> <li>Recombinant DNA technology, Restriction endonucleases.</li> <li>Cloning Vectors &amp; their features: Plasmids, Phage vectors, Cosmids, Phagemids, BAC, YAC, and HAC. Shuttle and Expression Vectors.</li> <li>Construction of Genomic libraries and cDNA libraries</li> <li>Transformation techniques: Cloning in bacteria and detection technique of clone</li> <li>Agarose and Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis, Southern, Northern and Western blotting,</li> <li>Polymerase chain reaction: Allele specific, RAPD &amp; RT PCR, DNA Fingerprinting</li> </ul> |           |       |
| Unit 3: Genetically Modified Organisms  |           | 12    |
| <ul><li>Production of cloned and transgenic animals: Nuclear Transplantation, Retroviral Method, DNA microinjection.</li><li>Applications of transgenic animals: Production of pharmaceuticals, production of donor organs, knock-out mice.</li></ul>   |           |       |
| Unit 4: Culture Techniques and Applications   |           | 10    |
| Animal cell culture, Expressing cloned genes in mammalian cells, Molecular diagnosis of   |           |       |

| genetic diseases (Cystic fibrosis, Sickle cell anaemia, Thalassemia). |  |
|---|--|
| Dolly &Polly cloning  |  |
| Genetically modified economically important animal                    |  |
| Gene Therapy  |  |

# Animal Biotechnology Lab, ZOOA-DSE(A)-6-2-P

| Full M  | arks 30                                  | 60 Hours                        | 2 Credits                  |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| List of | Practical                                |                                 |                            |
| 1.      | Genomic DNA isolation from E. coli and I | Plasmid DNA isolation (pUC 18/1 | 9) from <i>E. coli</i>     |
| 2.      | To study following techniques through pl | hotographs - Southern Blotting, | Northern Blotting, Western |

- To study following techniques through photographs Southern Blotting, Northern Blotting, We Blotting, PCR, DNA fingerprinting
- 3. Project report on animal cloning & Application & ethical Issues.

#### Students will choice either of ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-1-TH or ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-2-TH

## PART III: SEMESTER 6

#### **DSE1.** Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology

## ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-1-TH

| Full Marks 50  | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Patterns of Behaviour  |           | 10       |
| Stereotyped Behaviours (Orientation, Reflex); Individual Behavioural patterns; Instinct vs. Learned Behaviour; FAP, Associative learning, classical and operant conditioning, Habituation, Imprinting.   |           |          |
| Unit 2: Social and Sexual Behaviour  |           | 20       |
| Social organisation in termites; Communication (dance & pheromones in Bees)<br>Social behaviour: Altruism (Hamilton's rule and concept of haplodiploidy), Cooperation and<br>Selfishness<br>Sexual Behaviour: Sexual dimorphism, Mate choice in peacock, Intra-sexual selection (male<br>rivalry in red deer)<br>Kinship theory: Relatedness & inclusive fitness; parental care in fishes (Nest Building & coast |           |          |
| benefit), conflict within families: parent offspring conflict and sibling rivalry Unit 3: Chronobiology & Biological Rhythm  |           | 20       |
| Types and characteristics of biological rhythms: Short- and Long- term rhythms; Circadian rhythms; Tidal rhythms and Lunar rhythms, Circannual rhythms; Photic and non-photic zeitgebers; Role of melatonin. Biological clock and its adaptive significance. Circannual rhythm in bird migration.  |           |          |

# Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology Lab, ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-1-P

| Full M  | arks 50 60 Hours   | 2 Credits                    |  |
|---------|--|------------------------------|--|
| List of | List of Practical  |                              |  |
| 1.      | To study nests and nesting habits of the birds and social insects.                           |                              |  |
| 2.      | 2. To study the behavioural responses of wood lice to dry and humid conditions(demonstration |                              |  |
|         | only).   |                              |  |
| 3.      | To study geotaxis behaviour in earthworm.  |                              |  |
| 4.      | To study the phototaxis behaviour in insect larvae.  |                              |  |
| 5.      | Visit to Forest/ Wild life Sanctuary/Biodiversity Park/Zoological Park to stu                | dy behavioural activities of |  |
|         | animals and prepare a short report.  |                              |  |
| 6.      | Study of circadian functions in humans (daily eating, sleep and temperative                  | ature patterns).             |  |

## PART III: SEMESTER 6

## **DSE2.** Fish and Fisheries

## ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-2-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction and Classification   |           | 4        |
| Feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction.<br>Classification of fish (upto Subclasses) (Romar, 1959)  |           |          |
| Unit 2: Morphology and Physiology   |           | 14       |
| Types of fins and their modifications; Locomotion in fish; Hydrodynamics; Type<br>of scales in Classification and determination of age of fish; Gills and gas exchange<br>Types and role in Respiration, buoyancy; Electric organ, Bioluminescence  |           |          |
| Unit 3: Fisheries   |           | 10       |
| Inland Fisheries; Marine Fisheries; Fishing crafts and Gears; Depletion of fisheries resources;<br>Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries; Fisheries law and regulations  |           |          |
| Unit 4: Aquaculture   |           | 16       |
| Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of fish; Pen and cage culture; Polyculture;<br>Composite fish culture; Brood stock management; Induced breeding of fish; Management of finfish<br>hatcheries; Preparation and maintenance of fish aquarium; Preparation of compound diets for fish;<br>Role of water quality in aquaculture; Fish diseases: Bacterial, viral and parasitic; Preservation and<br>processing of harvested fish, Fishery by-products |           |          |
| Unit 5: Fish in research  |           | б        |
| Transgenic fish<br>Zebra fish as a model organism in research   |           |          |

# Fish and Fisheries Lab, ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-2-P

| Full M  | Iarks 3060 Hours2 Credits   |
|---------|---|
| List of | f Practical   |
| 1.      | Morphometric and meristic characters of fishes  |
| 2.      | Identification of Petromyzon, Myxine, Pristis, Exocoetus, Hippocampus, Gambusia, Labeo, |
|         | Heteropneustes, Anabas  |
| 3.      | Study of different types of scales (through permanent slides/ photographs).             |
| 4.      | Study of crafts and gears used in Fisheries (Photoghaphs)                               |
| 5.      | Water quality criteria for Aquaculture: Assessment of pH, alkalinity, Salinity.         |
| 6.      | Study of air breathing organs in Channa, Heteropneustes, Anabas and Clarias             |

7. Project Report on a visit to any fish farm/ pisciculture unit/Zebrafish rearing Lab.

# **Skill Enhancement courses (SEC)**

#### [A student will choice either ZOOA-SEC(A)-3-1 or ZOOA-SEC(A)3-2]

#### PART II: SEMESTER 3

#### **SEC-1** Apiculture

## ZOOA-SEC(A)-3-1-TH

| Full Marks 80  | 2 Credits             | 30 Hours |
|--|-----------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Biology of Bees  |                       | 2        |
| <i>Apis</i> and Non- <i>Apis</i> Bee species and their identification. General Morphology of Social Organization of Bee Colony | f Apis Honey Bees     |          |
| Unit 2: Rearing of Bees  |                       | 14       |
| Artificial Bee rearing (Apiary), Beehives – Newton and Langstroth box  |                       |          |
| Bee Pasturage  |                       |          |
| Selection of Bee Species for Apiculture  |                       |          |
| Modern Bee Keeping Equipment   |                       |          |
| Methods of Extraction of Honey (Indigenous and Modern)   |                       |          |
| Unit 3: Diseases and Enemies   |                       | 6        |
| Bee Diseases and Enemies   |                       |          |
| Control and Preventive measures  |                       |          |
| Unit 4: Bee Economy  |                       | 2        |
| Products of Apiculture Industry and its Uses - Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis, Pol  | len etc.              |          |
| Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Apiculture   |                       | 6        |
| Bee Keeping Industry – Recent Efforts, Modern Methods in employing artificia<br>pollination in horticultural gardens           | al Beehives for cross |          |

# PART II: SEMESTER 3

## **SEC-2.Sericulture**

## ZOOA-SEC(A)-3-2-TH

| Full Marks 80  | 2 Credits          | 30 Hours |
|--|--------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction   |                    | 6        |
| Sericulture: Definition, history and present status; Silk route                        |                    |          |
| Types of silkworms, Distribution and Races   |                    |          |
| Exotic and indigenous races  |                    |          |
| Mulberry and non-mulberry Sericulture  |                    |          |
| Unit 2: Biology of Silkworm  |                    | 4        |
| Life cycle of Bombyx mori  |                    |          |
| Structure of silk gland and secretion of silk  |                    |          |
| Unit 3: Rearing of Silkworms   |                    | 10       |
| Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden                     |                    |          |
| Rearing house and rearing appliances.  |                    |          |
| Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder, RKO   |                    |          |
| Silkworm rearing technology: Early age and Late age rearing                            |                    |          |
| Types of mountages   |                    |          |
| Spinning, harvesting and storage of cocoons  |                    |          |
| Unit 4: Pests and Diseases   |                    | 7        |
| Pests of silkworm: Uzi fly, dermestid beetles and vertebrates                          |                    |          |
| Pathogenesis of silkworm diseases: Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial              |                    |          |
| Control and prevention of pests and diseases   |                    |          |
| Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Sericulture  |                    | 3        |
| Prospectus of Sericulture in India: Sericulture industry in different states, employed | nent, potential in |          |
| mulberry and non-mulberry sericulture  |                    |          |
| Visit to various sericulture centres.  |                    |          |

[A student has to choice either ZOOA-SEC(B)-4-1 or ZOOA-SEC(B)4-2]

## **PART II: SEMESTER 4**

# SEC-1.Aquarium Fish Keeping

## ZOOA-SEC(B)-4-1-TH

| Full Marks 80  | 2 Credits | 30 Hours |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keeping  |           | 2        |
| The potential scope of Aquarium Fish Industry as a Cottage Industry, Exotic and Endemic species of Aquarium Fishes   |           |          |
| Unit 2: Biology of Aquarium Fishes   |           | 10       |
| Common characters and sexual dimorphism of Fresh water and Marine Aquarium fishes such as Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, Angel fish, Blue morph, Anemone fish and Butterfly fish |           |          |
| Unit 3: Food and feeding of Aquarium fishes  |           | 8        |
| Use of live fish feed organisms. Preparation and composition of formulated fish feeds,<br>Aquarium fish as larval predator   |           |          |
| Unit 4: Fish Transportation  |           | 5        |
| Live fish transport - Fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques.  |           |          |
| Unit 5: Maintenance of Aquarium  |           | 5        |
| General Aquarium maintenance – budget for setting up an Aquarium Fish Farm as a Cottage Industry   |           |          |

## PART II: SEMESTER 4

# SEC-2.Medical Diagnostic Technique

## ZOOA-SEC(B)-4-2-TH

| Full Marks 80   | 2 Credits | 30 Hours |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Diagnostics Methods Used for Analysis of Blood  |           | 8        |
| Blood composition, Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC) using Leishman's stain, Platelet count using haemocytometer, Erythrocyte Sedimentary Rate (ESR), Packed Cell Volume (PCV) |           |          |
| Unit 2: Diagnostic Methods Used for Urine Analysis  |           | 4        |
| Urine Analysis: Physical characteristics; Abnormal constituents, Urine culture  |           |          |
| Unit 3: Non-infectious Diseases   |           | 6        |
| Causes, types, symptoms, complications, diagnosis and prevention of Diabetes (Type I and Type   |           |          |

| II), Hypertension (Primary and secondary), Testing of blood glucose using Glucometer/Kit   |   |
|--|---|
| Unit 4: Infectious Diseases  | 3 |
| Causes, types, symptoms, diagnosis and prevention of Tuberculosis and Hepatitis, Malarial parasite (Microscope based and ELISA based)  |   |
| Unit 5: Clinical Biochemistry  | 1 |
| Lipid profiling, Liver function test. PSA test   |   |
| Unit 6: Clinical Microbiology  | 1 |
| Antibiotic Sensitivity Test  |   |
| Unit 7: Tumours  |   |
| Types (Benign/Malignant), Detection and metastasis; Medical imaging: X-Ray of Bone fracture, PET, MRI and CT Scan (using photographs). |   |
| Unit 8: Visit to Pathological Laboratory and Submission of Project   | 6 |

# **UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA**

# **CBCS SYLLABUS FOR ZOOLOGY**

F O R

# THREE-YEAR GENERAL DEGREE COURSE OF STUDIES



ZOOLOGY

2018

# **Outline Structure of CBCS Curriculum For Zoology (General), C.U.**

| PART I; SEM I    |   |        |           |                        |
|------------------|---|--------|-----------|------------------------|
| Subject Code     | Name of Paper                               | Theory | Practical | Internal<br>assessment |
| CC1/GE1          | Animal Diversity                            | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| PART I; SEM II   |   |        |           |                        |
| CC2/GE2          | Comparative Anatomy & Developmental Biology | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| PART II; SEM II  | I   |        |           |                        |
| CC 3/GE3         | Physiology and Biochemistry                 | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| <b>SEC-A</b> (1) | Apiculture                                  | 80     | NA        | 20                     |
| PART II; SEM IV  | I   | -      |           |                        |
| CC 4/GE4         | Genetics and Evolutionary Biology           | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| <b>SEC- B(1)</b> | Aquarium Fish Keeping                       | 80     | NA        | 20                     |
| PART III; SEM V  | 7   |        |           |                        |
| DSE A(1)         | Applied Zoology                             | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| <b>DSE B</b> (1) | Aquatic biology                             | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| <b>SEC-A</b> (1) | Sericulture                                 | 80     | NA        | 20                     |
| PART III; SEM V  | /I  |        |           |                        |
| DSE A (1)        | Biology of Insect                           | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| <b>DSE B (2)</b> | Ecology & Wild life Biology                 | 50     | 30        | 20                     |
| <b>SEC-B</b> (1) | Medical diagnosis                           | 80     | NA        | 20                     |

Abbreviations:

CC: Core Course; DSE A/B: Discipline Specific Elective A/B; SEC A/B: Skill Enhancement Course.

#### SUBJECT/PAPER CODE FORMAT

- 4. Subject Code: ZOO
- 5. Honours Code: G
- 6. Course Code: a) Core Course:CC
  - b) Discipline Specific Elective: DSE-A/DSE-B
  - c) Skill Enhancement Course: SEC-A/SEC-B
- 4. Semester Code: 1/2/3/4/5/6
- 5. Paper No. Code: 1/2/3..../14
- 6. Paper Component Code: a) Theory:TH, b) Practical: P

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## CBCS ZOOLOGY (GENERAL), Papers & Their Codes

| Code               | Paper  | Page |
|--------------------|--|------|
|                    | <b>Core Course</b>                                 |      |
| ZOOG-CC1-1-TH      | Animal diversity Theory                            | 36   |
| ZOOG-CC1-1-P       | Animal diversity Lab                               | 37   |
| ZOOG-CC2-2-TH      | Comparative Anatomy & Developmental Biology Theory | 37   |
| ZOOG-CC2-2-P       | Comparative Anatomy & Developmental Biology Lab    | 38   |
| ZOOG-CC3-3-TH      | Physiology and Biochemistry Theory                 | 38   |
| ZOOG-CC3-3-P       | Physiology and Biochemistry Lab                    | 39   |
| ZOOG-CC4-4-TH      | Genetics and Evolutionary Biology Theory           | 39   |
| ZOOG-CC4-4-P       | Genetics and Evolutionary Biology Lab              | 40   |
|                    | Discipline Specific Electives                      |      |
| ZOOG-DSE(A)-5-1-TH | Applied Zoology Theory                             | 40   |
| ZOOG-DSE(A)-5-1-P  | Applied Zoology Lab                                | 41   |
| ZOOG-DSE(A)-5-2-TH | Aquatic Biology Theory                             | 42   |
| ZOOG-DSE(A)-5-1-P  | Aquatic Biology Lab                                | 42   |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-1-TH | Biology of Insect Theory                           | 43   |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-1-P  | Biology of InsectLab                               | 43   |
| ZOOA-DSE(B)-6-2-TH | Ecology & Wild life BiologyTheory                  | 44   |
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|                    | Skill Enhancement Course                           |      |
| ZOOG-SEC(A)-3-1-TH | Apiculture   | 45   |
| ZOOA-SEC(B)-4-2-TH | Aquarium Fishery                                   | 45   |
| ZOOA-SEC(A)-5-3-TH | Sericulture  | 46   |
| ZOOA-SEC(B)-6-4-TH | Medical Diagnosis                                  | 46   |

## PART I: SEMESTER 1.

## **CORE COURSE 1.Animal Diversity**

## ZOOG-CC1-1-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits                 | 50 Hours |
|---|---------------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Kingdom Protista  |                           | 2        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Levine et. al., 1980);<br>Organelles and locomotion in <i>Amoeba</i> and <i>Paramecium</i> | Locomotory                |          |
| Unit 2: Phylum Porifera   |                           | 2        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 <sup>th</sup> System in <i>Sycon</i>                           | Ed.); Canal               |          |
| Unit 3: Phylum Cnidaria   |                           | 2        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 199<br>Metagenesis in <i>Obelia</i>                                    | 94, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.); |          |
| Unit 4: Phylum Platyhelminthes  |                           | 2        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 history of <i>Taenia solium</i>                                | <sup>th</sup> Ed.); Life  |          |
| Unit 5: Phylum Nemathelminthes  |                           | 2        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 history of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> and its adaptation      | <sup>th</sup> Ed.); Life  |          |
| Unit 6: Phylum Annelida   |                           | 4        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Rupert and Barnes, 199<br>Metamerism in Annelida   | 94, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.); |          |
| Unit 7: Phylum Arthropoda   |                           | 4        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 <sup>th</sup> Cockroach, Metamorphosis in Lepidoptera          | Ed.); Eye in              |          |
| Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca   |                           | 2        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 199<br>Respiration in <i>Pila</i>                                      | 94, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.); |          |
| Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata  |                           | 4        |
| General characters and classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed.); Water-<br>vascular system in Asteroidea    |                           |          |
| Unit 10: Protochordates   |                           | 2        |
| General Characters ; Pharynx and feeding mechanism in Amphioxus   |                           |          |
| Unit 11: Agnatha  |                           | 2        |
| General features of Agnatha and classification of cyclostomes up to classes (Young, 1981)   |                           |          |

| Unit 12: Pisces  | 4 |
|--|---|
| General features and Classification up to orders (Young, 1981); Osmoregulation in Fishes                             |   |
| Unit 13: Amphibia  | 4 |
| General features and Classification up to orders (Young, 1981); Parental care  |   |
| Unit 14: Reptiles  | 4 |
| General features and Classification up to orders (Young, 1981); Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes, Biting mechanism |   |
| Unit 15: Aves  | 4 |
| General features and Classification up to orders (Young, 1981); Flight adaptations in birds                          |   |
| Unit 17: Mammals   | 4 |
| Classification up to orders (Young, 1981); Hair, Horn & Antler, Nail & claw  |   |

### Animal Diversity, ZOOG-CC1-1-P

| Full Marks: 30     | 60 Hours | 2 Credits |
|--------------------|----------|-----------|
| List of Practicals |          |           |

1. Identification with reasons of the following specimens:

Amoeba, Euglena, Paramecium, Sycon, Obelia, Aurelia, Metridium, Taenia solium, Ascaris lumbricoides (Male and female), Aphrodite, Nereis, Hirudinaria, Palaemon, Cancer, Limulus, Apis, Chiton, Dentalium, Unio, Sepia, Octopus, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon, Balanoglossus, Branchiostoma, Petromyzon, Torpedo, Labeo rohita, Exocoetus, Salamandra, Hyla, Chelone, Hemidactylus, Chamaeleon, Draco, Vipera, Naja, Bat, Funambulus

- 2. Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes
- 3. Study of anatomy of digestive system, salivary gland, mouth parts of *Periplaneta*, Study of reproductive system of female cockroach

An "animal album" containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for this purpose

## PART I: SEMESTER 2.

### **CORE COURSE 2.Comparative Anatomy & Developmental Biology**

### ZOOG-CC2-2-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Integumentary System  |           | 4        |
| Derivatives of integument with respect to glands in Birds & Mammals |           |          |
| Unit 2: Digestive System  |           | 4        |
| Stomach and Dentition   |           |          |
| Unit 3: Respiratory System  |           | 6        |

| Brief account of Gills, lungs, air sacs and swim bladder   |    |
|--|----|
| Unit 4: Circulatory System   | 6  |
| Evolution of heart and aortic arches   |    |
| Unit 5: Urino-genital System   | 6  |
| Succession of kidney, Evolution of urino-genital ducts   |    |
| Unit 6: Early Embryonic Development  | 14 |
| Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis and oogenesis with respect to mammals.                            |    |
| Fertilization: Sea-Urchin; Early development of frog; structure of mature egg and its membranes, |    |
| patterns of cleavage, fate map, up to formation of gastrula; types of morphogenetic movements;   |    |
| Fate of germ layers  |    |
| Unit 7: Late Embryonic Development   | 10 |
| Placenta types and function; Metamorphic events in frog life cycle and its hormonal regulation   |    |

### Comparative Anatomy & Developmental Biology Lab, ZOOG-CC2-2-P

| Full marks 30             | 60 hours   |                             | 2 Credits       |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|
|                           |  |                             |                 |
| List of Practical:        |  |                             |                 |
|                           | es, girdle and vertebra of Pigeon & Gui<br>one carnivorous; Dog. | neapig, Mammalian skulls: O | ne herbivorous; |
| 2. Larval stages: Veliger | , Nauplius, Trochophore, Mysis.                                  |                             |                 |
| 3. Study of the different | types of placenta- histological sections th                      | rough photomicrographs.     |                 |
| 4. Developmental stages   | of chick embryo: 24 Hrs., 48 Hrs, 72 Hr                          | rs., 96 Hrs.                |                 |

### PART II: SEMESTER 3.

## CORE COURSE 3. PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

#### ZOOG-CC3-3-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits    | 50 Hours |
|---|--------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Nerve and muscle  |              | 8        |
| Structure of a neuron, resting membrane potential, Origin of Action potential and its propagation in myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres, Ultra-structure of skeletal muscle, Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction |              |          |
| Unit 2: Digestion   |              | 6        |
| Physiology of digestion in the alimentary canal; Absorption of carbohydrates, prot  | eins, lipids |          |
| Unit 3: Respiration   |              | 6        |
| Pulmonary ventilation, Transport of Oxygen and carbon   |              |          |
| Unit 4: Cardio-vascular system  |              | 6        |

| Composition of blood, Structure of Heart, Origin and conduction of the cardiac impulse, cardiac cycle   |    |
|---|----|
| Unit 5: Excretion   | 6  |
| Structure of nephron, Mechanism of Urine formation; Counter-current Mechanism   |    |
| Unit 6:Reproduction and Endocrine Glands  | 10 |
| Physiology of male reproduction: Histology of testis, hormonal control of spermatogenesis;<br>Physiology of female, reproduction: Histology of ovary, hormonal control of menstrual cycle.<br>Structure and function of pituitary, thyroid, pancreas and adrenal. |    |
| Unit 7: Carbohydrate Metabolism   | 4  |
| Glycolysis, Kreb's cycle, Glycogenesis, Electron Transport Chain.   |    |
| Unit 8: Lipid metabolism  |    |
| Beta oxidation of Palmitic acid {saturated (C 16:0)} and Linoleic acid {unsaturated (C 18:2)}   |    |
| Unit 9: Protein Metabolism  | 4  |
| Transamination, Deamination, Urea cycle   |    |
| Unit 10. Enzyme   | 2  |
| Enzyme Classification, factors affecting enzyme action, Inhibition.   |    |

## PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY Lab; ZOOG-CC3-3-P

| Full Marks 30                                       | 60 Hours                         | 2 Credits          |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| List of Practical                                   |                                  |                    |
| 1. Study of permanent histological sections of mamm | alian pituitary, thyroid, pancre | as, adrenal gland. |
| 2. Study of permanent histological sections of mamm | alian duodenum, liver, lung, k   | dney.              |
| 3. Qualitative test for carbohydrate samples.       | -                                | -                  |

## PART II: SEMESTER 4.

## **CORE-COURSE 4.Genetics & Evolutionary Biology**

## ZOOG-CC4-4-TH

| Full Marks 50   | 4 Credits | 50 Hours |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1:Mendelian Genetics and its Extension   |           | 10       |
| Principles of Inheritance, Chromosome theory of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and co-<br>dominance, Multiple alleles, lethal alleles, sex linked inheritance in <i>Drosophila</i> (White eye<br>locus) & Human (Thalassemia). |           |          |
| Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over  |           | 8        |
| Linkage and crossing over, Complete & Incomplete Linkage, Recombination frequency as a measure of linkage intensity. Holiday Model  |           |          |
| Unit 3: Mutation  |           |          |

| Chromosomal mutation, Deletion, duplication, inversion, translocation, aneuploidy, gene mutation, induced mutation, types & example | 8 |
|---|---|
| Unit 4: Sex determination   | 8 |
| Genic Balance theory and dosage compensation in Drosophila.   |   |
| Unit 5: Origin of Life  | 2 |
| Chemical Origin of life   |   |
| Unit 6: Evolutionary Theories   | 6 |
| Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism.   |   |
| Unit 7: Process of Evolutionary changes   | 4 |
| Isolating mechanism, Natural Selection.   |   |
| Unit 8: Speciation  | 4 |
| Sympatric, Allopatric, Parapatric   |   |

### Genetics and Evolutionary Biology Lab ZOOG-CC4-4-P

| Full marks 30  | 2 Credits |
|--|-----------|
|  |           |
| List of Practical:   |           |
| Verification of Mendelian Ratio using Chi square test.             |           |
| Identification of Human Aneuploidy using photo graph of karyotype. |           |
| Phylogeny of horse with diagram of limb and skull.                 |           |
| Study and identification of Darwin Finches from photographs.       |           |
| Visit to natural history museum and submission of report.          |           |

# **Discipline specific courses**

## Elective Course (Any One from DSE-A)

## Semester-5

### DSE-A

## Applied Zoology.ZOOG-DSE-A-5-1-TH

| Full Marks 50   | Credits 4 | 50 Hours |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Unit I: Host & Parasite Relationship                        |           | 2        |
| Type of Host, Types of Parasites, Other types of Relations. |           |          |
| Unit 2: Epidemiology of Diseases                            |           | 5        |

| Transmission, Prevention and Control of Tuberculosis and Typhoid.  |   |
|--|---|
| Unit 3: Parasitic Protozoa   | 7 |
| Life History and pathogenicity of <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i> , <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> and <i>Trypanosoma gambiense</i> .                                |   |
| Unit 4: Parasitic Helminthes   | 8 |
| Life History and pathogenicity of Alcylostoma duodenale, Wuchereria bancrofti.   |   |
| Unit 5: Insect of Economic Importance  | 8 |
| Biology, Control and Damage caused by <i>Heliocoverpa armigera</i> , <i>Pyrilla perpusilla</i> , <i>Sytophilus oryzae</i> and <i>Tribolium casteneum</i> . |   |
| Unit 6: Insect of Medical Importance   | 2 |
| Medical Importance and control of Anopheles  |   |
| Unit 8: Animal Husbandry   | 6 |
| Preservation and artificial insemination in cattle; Induction of early puberty and synchronization of estrus in cattle                                     |   |
| Unit 9: Poultry Farming  | 6 |
| Principles of poultry breeding, Management of breeding stock and broilers, Processing and preservation of eggs   |   |
| Unit 10: Fish Technology   | 6 |
| Genetic improvements in aquaculture industry; Induced breeding and transportation of fish seed   |   |

# Applied Zoology. ZOOG-DSE-A-5-1-P

| Full m   | arks 30 60 Hours  | 2 Credits |
|----------|---|-----------|
| List of  | Practical:  |           |
| 1.       | Study of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> , <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i> , <i>Trypanosoma gambien</i> , and <i>Wuchereria bancrofti</i> and their life stages through permanent s specimens. |           |
| 2.<br>3. | Study of arthropod vectors associated with human diseases: <i>Pediculus, Cules</i><br>Study of insect damage to different plant parts/stored grains through damage                  |           |

- 4. Identifying feature and economic importance of *Helicoperva; Heliothis armigera, Papilio demoleus, Pyrilla perpusilla, Callosobruchus chinensis, Sitophilus oryzae* and *Tribolium castaneum*
- 5. Visit to poultry farm or animal breeding centre. Submission of visit report
- 6. Maintenance of freshwater aquarium(demonstration only)

# **Discipline specific courses**

## **Elective Course (Any One from DSE-A)**

## Semester-5

## **DSE-A**

## AQUATIC-BIOLOGY. ZOOG-DSE-A-5-2-TH

| Full Marks 50  | Credits 4     | Class 60 |
|--|---------------|----------|
|  |               |          |
| Unit 1: Aquatic Bionics  |               | 15       |
| Brief introduction of the aquatic biomes: Freshwater ecosystem; lakes, wetlands, rivers, estuaries, intertidal zones, oceanic pelagic zone, marine benthic zone and coral  |               |          |
| Unit 2: Freshwater Biology lakes   |               | 15       |
| Origin and classification, Lake as an Ecosystem, Lake morphometry, Phys<br>Characteristics: Light, Temperature, Thermal stratification, Dissolved Solids,<br>Bicarbonates, Phosphates and Nitrates, Turbidity; dissolved gases; Oxygen, Car<br>Nutrient Cycles in Lakes-Nitrogen, Sulphur and Phosphorous. | Carbonate,    |          |
| <b>Streams:</b> Different stages of stream development, Physico-chemical environment, A hill-stream fishes.  | Adaptation of |          |
| Unit 3: Marine Biology   |               | 15       |
| Salinity and density of Sea water, Continental shelf, Adaptations of deep sea orga reefs, Sea weeds.   | nisms, Coral  |          |
| Unit 4: Management of Aquatic Resources  |               | 15       |
| Causes of pollution: Agricultural, Industrial, Sewage, Thermal and Oil spills, Eu<br>Management and conservation ;legislations, Sewage treatment Water quality assess<br>and COD   | <b>•</b>      |          |

## AQUATIC BIOLOGY. ZOOG-DSE-A-5-2-P

| Full M | arks 30               | 60 Hours                              | 2 Credits                                 |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1. D   | Determine the area of | of a lake using graphimetric and grav | imetric method.                           |
| 2. Ic  | dentify the importat  | nt macrophytes, phytoplanktons and    | zooplanktons present in a lake ecosystem. |

- Determine the amount of dissolved Oxygen, and free Carbon dioxide, in water collected from a nearby lake / water body.
- 4. Visit to any aquatic Ecosystem and preparation and submission of report.

# **Discipline specific courses**

## **Elective Course (Any One from DSE-B)**

## Semester-6

## DSE-B

# Biology of Insect. ZOOG-DSE-B-6-1-TH

| Full Marks 50  | Credits 4      | 50 Hours |
|--|----------------|----------|
| Unit I: Introduction to Insects  |                | 6        |
| General Features of Insects, Morphological features, Head, Eyes, Types of ante parts with respect to feeding habits  | ennae, Mouth   |          |
| Unit II: Concept of Vectors  |                | 6        |
| Brief introduction of Carrier and Vectors; mechanical and biological vector, Rese<br>vector relationship, Adaptations as vectors, Host Specificity                               | ervoirs, Host- |          |
| Unit III: Insects as Vectors   |                | 8        |
| Classification of insects up to orders, detailed features of orders with insects Diptera, Siphonaptera, Siphunculata, Hemiptera  | as vectors -   |          |
| Unit IV: Dipteran as Disease Vectors   |                | 14       |
| Dipterans, as important insect vectors - Mosquitoes, Sand fly, Houseflies; Study of mosquito-<br>borne diseases - Dengue, Viral encephalitis, Filariasis; Control of mosquitoes. |                |          |
| Unit V: Siphonaptera as Disease Vectors  |                | 6        |
| Fleas as important insect vectors; Host-specificity, Study of Flea-borne diseas<br>Typhus fever; Control of fleas  | ses - Plague,  |          |
| Unit VI: Siphunculata as Disease Vectors   |                | 4        |
| Human louse; Head, Body and Pubic louse as important insect vectors; Study of louse-borne diseases -Typhus fever, Relapsing fever, Trench fever; Control of human louse          |                |          |
| Unit VII: Hempitera as Disease Vectors   |                | 6        |
| Bugs as insect vectors; Blood-sucking bugs; Chagas disease, Bed bugs as mechanical vectors,Control and prevention measures   |                |          |

# **Biology of Insect. ZOOG-DSE-B-6-1-P**

| Full ma | arks 25 60 Hours   | 2 Credits              |
|---------|--|------------------------|
| List of | Practical  |                        |
| 1.      | Study of different kinds of mouth parts of insects                               |                        |
| 2.      | Study of following insect vectors through permanent slides/photographs: A        |                        |
|         | Pediculus humanuscapitis, Pediculus humanuscorporis, Phlebotomus argentipe       | es, Musca domestica,   |
| 3.      | Submission of a project report on any one of the insect vectors and disease tran | smitted by the insect. |
|         |  |                        |

# Ecology& Wild life Biology;ZOOG-DSE-B-6-2-TH

| Full Marks 50   | Credits 4      | Class 60 |
|---|----------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology   |                | 4        |
| Ecosystem, Autecology and synecology, Levels of organization, Laws of limiting fac Physical factors, The Biosphere.   | tors, Study of |          |
| Unit 2: Population  |                | 20       |
| Attributes of population: Life tables, fecundity tables, survivorship curves, of dispersion. Geometric, exponential and logistic growth, equation and patterns regulation: density-dependent and independent factors, |                |          |
| Unit 3: Community   |                | 11       |
| Community characteristics: species diversity, abundance, dominance, richnestratification, Ecotone and edge effect.  | ess, Vertical  |          |
| Unit 4: Ecosystem   |                | 10       |
| Types of ecosystem with an example in detail, Food chain: Detritus and grazing Linear and Y-shaped food chains, Food web, Energy flow through the ecosystem pyramids and Ecological efficiencies                      |                |          |
| Unit 5: Wild Life   |                | 5        |
| Wildlife Conservation (in-situ and ex-situ conservation): Necessity for wildlife National parks & sanctuaries, Tiger conservation - Tiger reserves in India; challenges in Tiger reserve                              |                |          |

# Ecology& Wild life Biology;ZOOG-DSE-B-6-2-P

| Full marks 30     | 60 Hours | 2 Credits |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|
| List of Practical |          |           |

- 1. Identification of flora, mammalian fauna, avian fauna
- 2. Demonstration of basic equipment needed in wildlife studies use, care and maintenance (Compass, Binoculars, Spotting scope, Range Finders, Global Positioning System, Various types of Cameras and lenses)
- 3. Familiarization and study of animal evidences in the field; Identification of animals through pug marks, hoof marks, scats, pellet groups, nest, antlers, etc.
- 4. Study of an aquatic ecosystem: Phytoplankton and zooplankton, Measurement of area, temperature, salinity, determination of pH, and Dissolved Oxygen content (Winkler's method), Chemical Oxygen Demand and free  $CO_2$

## **Skill Enhancement Elective Courses (SEC)**

## **SEMESTER –3**

### SEC-A

#### APICULTURE; ZOOG-SEC-A-3-1-TH

| Full Marks 80  | Credits 2 | 30 Hours |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1: Biology of Bees  |           | 2        |
| Classification and Biology of Honey Bees Social Organization of Bee Colony   |           |          |
| Unit 2: Rearing of Bees  |           | 14       |
| Artificial Bee rearing; Apiary, Beehives - Newton and Langstroth, Bee Pasturage; Selection of Bee Species for Apiculture; Bee Keeping Equipment; Methods of Extraction of Honey; Indigenous and Modern |           |          |
| Unit 3: Diseases and Enemies   |           |          |
| Bee Diseases and Enemies Control and Preventive measures   |           |          |
| Unit 4: Bee Economy  |           | 2        |
| Products of Apiculture Industry and its Uses ;Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis, Pollen etc  |           |          |
| Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Apiculture   |           | 6        |
| Bee Keeping Industry - Recent Efforts, Modern Methods in employing artificial Beehives for cross   |           |          |

## **Skill Enhancement Elective Courses (SEC)**

## SEMESTER – 4

## AQUARIUM FISH KEEPING; ZOOG-SEC-B-4-2-TH

| Full Marks 80  | Credits 2     | 30 Hours |
|--|---------------|----------|
| Unit I: Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keeping  |               | 2        |
| The potential scope of Aquarium Fish Industry as a Cottage Industry, Exoti species of Aquarium Fishes  | c and Endemic |          |
| Unit 2: Biology of Aquarium Fishes   |               | 10       |
| Common characters and sexual dimorphism of Fresh water and Marine Aquariur Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, Angel fish, Blue morph, Anemone fish and |               |          |
| Unit 3: Food and feeding of Aquarium fishes  |               | 8        |
| Use of live fish feed organisms. Preparation and composition of formulated fish feeds  |               |          |
| Unit 4: Fish Transportation  |               | 5        |
| Live fish transport - Fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques.  |               |          |
| Unit 5: Maintenance of Aquarium  |               | 5        |
| General Aquarium maintenance - budget for setting up an Aquarium Fish Farm as  | s a Cottage   |          |

## **Skill Enhancement Elective Courses (SEC)**

## **SEMESTER –5**

### SEC-A

### Sericulture; ZOOG-SEC-A-5-3-TH

| Full Marks 80   | Credits 2        | 30 Hours |
|---|------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction  |                  | 6        |
| Sericulture: Definition, history and present status; Silk route; Types of silkworr<br>and Races Exotic and indigenous races Mulberry and non-mulberry Sericulture   | ns, Distribution |          |
| Unit 2: Biology of Silkworm   |                  | 4        |
| Life cycle of Bombyx mori; Structure of silk gland and secretion of silk  |                  |          |
| Unit 3: Rearing of Silkworms  |                  | 10       |
| Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden Rearing ho<br>appliances Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder, RKO Silkworm reari<br>Early age and Late age rearing Types of mountages; Spinning and harvesting<br>cocoons. | ng technology:   |          |
| Unit 4: Pests and Diseases  |                  | 7        |
| Pests of silkworm: Uzi fly, dermestid beetles and vertebrates Pathogenesis of silk<br>Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial Control and prevention of pests and disease  |                  |          |
| Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Sericulture   |                  | 3        |
| Prospectus of Sericulture in India: Sericulture industry in different states, employ<br>in mulberry and non-mulberry sericulture. Visit to various sericulture centres.   | ment, potential  |          |

## **Skill Enhancement Elective Courses (SEC)**

## **SEMESTER –6**

### SEC-B

## Medical diagnosis; ZOOG-SEC-B-6-4-TH

| Full Marks 80   | Credits 2         | Class 30 |
|---|-------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Diagnostics Methods Used for Analysis of Blood  |                   | 8        |
| Blood composition, Preparation of blood smear and Differential Leucocyte Coun<br>Leishman's stain, Platelet count using haemocytometer, Erythrocyte Sedimentation I |                   |          |
| Unit 2: Diagnostic Methods Used for Urine Analysis  |                   | 4        |
| Urine Analysis: Physical characteristics; Abnormal constituents, Urine culture  |                   |          |
| Unit 3: Non-infectious Diseases   |                   | 6        |
| Causes, types, symptoms, complications, diagnosis and prevention of Diabetes (Typ Hypertension (Primary and secondary), Testing of blood glucose using Glucometer/  | • •               |          |
| Unit 4: Infectious Diseases   |                   | 3        |
| Causes, types, symptoms, diagnosis and prevention of Tuberculosis and Hepatitis, N  | Aalarial parasite |          |

| (Microscope based and ELISA based)   |   |
|--|---|
| Unit 5: Clinical Biochemistry  | 1 |
| Lipid profiling, Liver function test. PSA test   |   |
| Unit 6: Clinical Microbiology  | 1 |
| Antibiotic Sensitivity Test  |   |
| Unit 8: Tumours  | 2 |
| Types (Benign/Malignant), Detection and metastasis; Medical imaging: X-Ray of Bone fracture, |   |
| Unit 9: Visit to Pathological Laboratory and Submission of Project                           | 5 |

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# **UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA**

# NotificationNo.CSR/13/2023

It is notified for information of all concerned that in terms of the provisions of Section 54 of the Calcutta University Act, 1979, (as amended), and, in exercise of his powers under 9(6) of the said Act, the Vice-Chancellor has, by an order dated 11.07.2023 approved the Syllabi of the under mentioned subjects for semester wise Four-year (Honours & Honours with Research) / Three-year (Multidisciplinary) programme of U.G. courses of studies, as applicable under CCF,2022. under this University, as laid down in the accompanying pamphlet.

1.Anthropology 2.BBA 3.Bengali 4.BFAD **5.Bio Chemistry** 6.Botany 7.Chemistry 8.Commerce 9.Economics 10.Education 11.English 12.Geology 13.Hindi 14. History, Islamic History & Culture **15.Home Science 16.Human Rights** 17. Journalism & Mass Communication **18.**Mathematics 19. Microbiology (Honours) 20.Molecular Biology 21.Philosophy 22.Physiology 23. Political Science 24.Psychology **25.Social Science** 26.Sociology 27.Urdu 28.Women's Studies 29.200logy

The above shall be effective from the academic session 2023-2024.

SENATE HOUSE

217/2023 Prof.(Dr.) Debasis Das

Registrar

KOLKATA-700 073

# **Outline Structure of NEP Curriculum for Zoology, C.U.**

| PART I; SEM I                         |  |                     |           |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|
| Subject Code                          | Name of Paper  | Theory              | Practical |
| CC 1                                  | Cell Biology   | 75                  | 25        |
| SEC-1                                 | Applied Entomology   | 100                 |           |
| IDC                                   | The University will offer Zoology related IDC as the Paper of  | 50                  | 25        |
|                                       | Animal Science which will be selected by Students pursuing Major   |                     |           |
|                                       | and Minor Courses other than Zoology   |                     |           |
| PART I; SEM II                        |  |                     |           |
| CC 2                                  | Biochemistry   | 75                  | 25        |
| SEC-2                                 | Aquaculture  | 100                 |           |
| IDC                                   | Anyone to be selected from other Subjects [Except Major and<br>Minor Subject] as provided by the College | 50                  | 25        |
| PART II; SEM I                        | II   |                     |           |
| CC 3                                  | Genetics   | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 4                                  | Cells and Tissue Structure   | 75                  | 25        |
| SEC-3                                 | Poultry farming and Animal Husbandry   | 100                 | -         |
| IDC                                   | Anyone to be selected from other Subjects [Except Major and  | 50                  | 25        |
|                                       | Minor Subject] as provided by the College  |                     |           |
| PART II; SEM I                        |  |                     |           |
| CC 5                                  | Non-chordate structure and function  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 6                                  | Parasitology   | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 7                                  | Molecular Biology  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 8                                  | Ecology  | 75                  | 25        |
|                                       |  | 15                  | ZJ        |
| PART III; SEM                         |  | 75                  | 05        |
| CC 9                                  | Chordate structure and function  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 10                                 | Endocrinology and Reproductive biology   | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 11                                 | Animal Physiology  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 12                                 | Biodiversity and Conservation Biology [Field Visit]  | 75                  | 25        |
| PART III; SEM                         | VI   |                     |           |
| CC 13                                 | Developmental Biology  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 14                                 | Taxonomy, Evolution and Adaptation   | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 15                                 | Animal Behaviour   | 75                  | 25        |
| Summer Internship                     | Lab Maintenance, Reagents preparation, instrument handlings  | 75                  |           |
| • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |  | [ 3 credits]        |           |
| PART IV; SEM                          | /II  |                     |           |
| CC 16                                 | Biotechnology and its Application  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 17                                 | Neurobiology   | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 18                                 | Toxicology   | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 19                                 | Immunology   | 75                  | 25        |
| Dissertation/                         | initiatiology  | 100                 | 20        |
| Research Work                         |  | [4 Credits]         |           |
| PART IV; SEM \                        | /ттт   |                     | 1         |
| CC 20                                 | Scientific Communication and Research Methodology  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 20                                 | Animal Models in Research  | 75                  | 25        |
| CC 21                                 |  | 75                  | 25        |
|                                       | Industrial Microbiology  |                     | 20        |
| Dissertation/<br>Research Work        |  | 200<br>[ 8 credits] |           |
| Abbreviations:                        |  |                     |           |

Abbreviations:

CC: Core Course; IDC: inter-Disciplinary Course; SEC: Skill Enhancement Course NOTE:Marks = 25 marks per credit

Candidates who will not pursue Dissertation/Research have to submit 1 Review paper along with Seminar Presentation at End of Semester-7 and 2 review paper along with Seminar Presentation at end of Semester-8

## **PART I: SEMESTER 1 CORE COURSE-1: Cell Biology** Major/Minor/MDC: CC1-TH

| Major/Millor/MDC: CCI-IH   | 2 Courthan   | <b>50 II</b> |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits    | 50 Hours     |
| Unit 1: Plasma Membrane  |              | 7            |
| Structure of the Plasma Membrane: Lipid Bilayer (Phospholipids and Cholesterol), Per       |              |              |
| Integral Membrane proteins, Glycolipids and Glycoproteins (basicconcept of Glycocc         |              |              |
| Mosaic Model with special reference to Lipid rafts, Mobility of membrane lipids (FRAP      |              |              |
| Mobility of Membrane Proteins (Frye-Edidin Experiment); Cell-cell junctions; Transp        | ort through  |              |
| plasma membrane.   |              | 0            |
| Unit 2: Cytoplasmic organelles I   |              | 8            |
| Basic concepts on Ultrastructure of ER, Golgi and Lysosome; Overview of Protein            |              |              |
| Morphology, Targeting proteins to ER, The Signal hypothesis; Insertion of proteins into ER |              |              |
| Protein folding and processing in ER, Export of proteins and lipids from ER; Golgi         |              |              |
| Morphology, Protein glycosylation within Golgi, Protein sorting and export from Golg       |              |              |
| Mechanism of Vesicular Transport: Cargo selection, coat proteins and vesicle budd          |              |              |
| fusion.;Lysosome: Polymorphism, Lysosomal acid hydrolases, Endocytosis and lysosome f      | ormation.    | -            |
| Unit 3: Cytoplasmic organelles II  |              | 5            |
| Mitochondria: Structure, Semi-autonomous nature, Mitochondrial DNA, Endosymbiotic          | • •          |              |
| Mitochondrial Respiratory Chain, Chemiosmotic hypothesis and Oxidative Phosphory           | vlation with |              |
| reference to ATP Synthase and ATP synthesis  |              |              |
| Peroxisomes: Structure and Functions; Centrosome and its organization                      |              |              |
| Unit 4: Cytoskeleton   |              | 4            |
| Structure and Types: Microtubules, Actin filaments, and Intermediate filaments; Basic com  | position and |              |
| function of ECM; Cell matrix Interactions(Integrins)                                       |              |              |
| Unit 5: Nucleus  |              | 5            |
| Nuclear envelope, nuclear pore complex (transport not included), Kinetochore and centro    |              |              |
| Chromatin and levels of its packaging. Euchromatin & Heterochromatin, Position effect      | variegation. |              |
| Chromatin remodeling complex.  |              |              |
| Unit 6: Cell Cycle   |              | 11           |
| Cell Cycle: Phases of the eukaryotic cell cycle, Protein Kinases and Cell cycle regul      |              |              |
| Growth factors and regulation of G1-Cdks, S phase and regulation of DNA replication, D     |              |              |
| checkpoints; Cell Death: Caspases, Bcl-2 family, Intrinsic (Death receptors) and Extrin    | •            |              |
| (apoptosome); Cancer: Basic Concept of Protooncogene [Ras] & Tumor suppressor gen          | nes [Rb and  |              |
| p53] Different ways of activation of a protooncogene to Oncogene.                          |              |              |
| Unit 7: Cell Signalling  |              | 5            |
| Signalling system: Modes of cell-cell signalling; Types of Signalling molecules Signalling |              |              |
| Types and example with special reference to regulation of G protein, Adenyl cyclase-cAM    | AP, Enzyme   |              |
| linked Receptors: RTK (ras-raf) and JAK/STAT   |              |              |
| Unit 8: Tools and Techniques in Cell Biology   |              | 5            |
| • Animal Cell Culture: Primary cell culture and Cell line.                                 |              |              |
| • Subcellular fractionation and Ultracentrifugation.                                       |              |              |
| Freeze fracture Replication and Freeze Etching   |              |              |
| • Principle of Light Microscope: Bright field, Phase contrast microscope, Fluorescence     | Microscope   |              |
| with reference to FRET, Principle of SEM & TEM.  | <u>^</u>     |              |
| • Cryofixation and use of frozen specimen; Specimen Preparation for Electron Microscop     | уy           |              |
| Cell Biology Lab; ZOOA-CC-1-P  |              |              |

#### II Divivgy Lav, UUA-CC-I

| Full Marks 25     | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|-------------------|----------|----------|
| List of Practical |          |          |
|                   |          |          |

- 1. Cell viability study by Trypan Blue Exclusion method.
- 2. Standardization of Ocular and Stage Micrometer and Measurement of cell or microscopic specimen such as Paramoecium sp.
- 3. Preparation of squamous epithelial cell with staining.
- 4. Isolation of Bone Marrow Cells from Rat/Mouse and Giemsa Staining.
- 5. Note book

## PART I: SEMESTER 2 CORE COURSE-2: Biochemistry Major/Minor/MDC; CC2-TH

| Full Marks 75   3 Credits   | 50 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1: Carbohydrates   | 9        |
| Structure, classification and properties of Monosaccharides (aldose and ketose), Disaccharides, Polysaccharides; Isomerism of monosaccharides (D and L, optical isomers, furanose and pyranose, α and β anomers, epimers); Reducing and non – reducing sugars. Physiological importance of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides  |          |
| Unit 2: Proteins  | 9        |
| <b>Amino acids:</b> Structure, Classification, General and Electro chemical properties of $\alpha$ -amino acids; Essential and non-essential amino acids; <b>Structures of Protein:</b> Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary) of protein, Classification of proteins.  |          |
| Unit 3: Lipids  | 4        |
| <b>Classification of lipids</b> ; Saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, essential and non – essential fatty acids. <b>Structure and formation of Triglyceride</b> .; Iodine number and saponification number of fats.  |          |
| Unit 4: Enzymes   | 9        |
| <ul> <li>Nomenclature, classification and properties; Cofactors and coenzymes, Effect of Temperature, pH, substrate concentration, enzyme concentration on enzyme action, Isozymes and Proenzyme, Mechanism of enzyme action (Lock and key model, Induced fit model).</li> <li>Enzyme kinetics: Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation with its significance, Lineweaver-Burk plot and its significance. Enzyme inhibition – competitive, non- competitive, allosteric / feedback and its effect on Vmax and Km</li> </ul> |          |
| Unit 5: Carbohydrates Metabolism  | 7        |
| Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Gluconeogenesis from lactate and glycerate, Glycogenesis and Glycogenolysis. (Pathways with name of enzymes and significance)   |          |
| Unit 6: Protein Metabolism  | 4        |
| Transamination, Deamination and its types (Pathways with name of enzymes and significance) Fate of C-skeleton of Glucogenic and Ketogenic amino acids.  |          |
| Unit 7: Lipid Metabolism  | 4        |
| β-oxidation of fatty acids - a. Palmitic acid {saturated (C 16:0)}, b. Linoleic acid {unsaturated (C 18:2)}<br>Fatty acid biosynthesis  |          |
| Unit 8: Nucleic acid Metabolism   | 3        |
| Degradation of purine; Purine Salvage pathway and significance.   |          |
| Unit 7: Free radicals and Antioxidants  | 1        |
| Concepts of free radicals and antioxidants with examples.   |          |

## **Biochemistry Lab; CC-2-P**

| Full Marks 25                   |   | 1 Credit 20 Hours                      |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| List of Practical               |   |  |
| Group A                         | 10 Hours  | 15 Marks                               |
| Qualitative tests for carbohyd  | rates, proteins and lipids                      |  |
| 1. For carbohydrate (Glucose,   | Fructose, Maltose, Sucrose, Starch) - Molis     | sch test, Barfoed test, Benedict test, |
| Fehling test, Seliwanoff test   | t, Hydrolysis test for sucrose, Iodine test     |  |
| 2. For Protein (Albumin, Gela   | tine, Peptone) –Biuret test, Million's test, Xa | anthoproteic test, Ninhydrin test      |
| 3. For lipid – Grease spot test |   |  |
| Group B                         | 10 Hours  | 10 Marks                               |
| Colorimetric estimation of the  | e following                                     |  |
| a) Protein by Lowry's method    |   |  |
| b) To study activity of amylase |   |  |

## PART I: SEMESTER 1 SEC-1: Applied Entomology Major; SEC-1-TH

|  | 2011                |          |
|--|---------------------|----------|
| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits           | 50 Hours |
| Unit 1 Basics of Entomology  | <b>E</b> 1 <b>C</b> | 12       |
| Insect diversity and adaptation: Morphological adaptation of insects: Head and antenna; N      |                     |          |
| honey bee and cockroach; Thorax and thoracic appendages- legs and wings [General concep        |                     |          |
| Physiological adaptation in cockroach: Digestive system: Alimentary canal and dige             |                     |          |
| digestion; Respiratory organs and mechanism of gaseous exchange; Sense organs con              | pound eyes,         |          |
| chemoreceptors.  | <b>D</b> !          |          |
| General Characteristics of Class Insecta and living orders with examples:Orthoptera,           | • •                 |          |
| Hemiptera, Coleoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera, Hymenoptera, Anoplura, Siphonaptera(Imms,         |                     |          |
| Ticks and Mites: General features; difference between ticks and mites; Soft ticks and Hard     | tıcks.              |          |
| Unit 2 Medical Entomology  |                     | 14       |
| Concept of Vectors: Mechanical and biological vectors, modes of transmission; Biological       | al vector and       |          |
| disease cycle.   |                     |          |
| Biology of Anopheles, Culex and Aedes: Study of mosquito borne diseases- Malaria,              | Dengue, and         |          |
| Filariasis; control of mosquitoes.   |                     |          |
| Biology of Musca domestica: Disease relationship; control of house fly.                        |                     |          |
| Biology and systematics of Bed bug Cimex lectularius; disease relationship; Control of Bed I   | Bug.                |          |
| Ticks as Causative agents and Vectors: Rickettsiosis, Tick-borne encephalitis.                 |                     |          |
| Forensic Entomology: General perceptions and status of Forensic entomology; Insect             |                     |          |
| arthropods of forensic importance; Pattern of insect succession on carcass; Postmortem Ir      | nterval (PMI)       |          |
| and its estimation process; Applications and limitations of Forensic Entomology                |                     |          |
| Unit 3 Agricultural Entomology   |                     | 14       |
| Concept of insect pest; Economic Injury Level (EIL), Economic Threshold Level (ETL),           | Dynamics of         |          |
| EIL;   |                     |          |
| Pests of major crops (Life cycle, Nature of damage and control measures): Pests                | s of Paddy,         |          |
| Scirpophagaincertulus; Pests of Jute, Anomissabulifera; Pests of brinjal, Leucinodesorbo       | nalis; Stored       |          |
| grain pest: Sitophilusoryzae; Invasive insect pests of India and their consequences.           |                     |          |
| Insect Pest control: Chemical, Mechanical, Cultural and Biological control measures; In        | tegrated Pest       |          |
| Management (IPM)   |                     |          |
| Study of appliances used in pest control: Dusters; Sprayers- categories of sprayers, agricultu | ral Aircrafts;      |          |
| Granule applicator; soil injectors.  |                     |          |
|  |                     |          |
| Unit 4 Sericulture   |                     | 5        |
| Types of Silk Moths with special reference to their scientific name, geographical distribut    | ion, and host       |          |
| plants.  | -                   |          |
| Life cycle of Bombyx mori; Structure of Silk Gland; Voltinism, Rearing of mulberry silkw       | orm; Reeling        |          |
| and extraction of silk; Mulberry cocoon management; Mulberry plant types and cultivation       | on; Common          |          |
| diseases and pests of mulberry silkworm and their control measures; Prospects of Sericul       | ture in West        |          |
| Bengal; employment potential in sericulture.   |                     |          |
| Unit 5 Apiculture  |                     | 5        |
| Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization and life cycle of Honey          | bee; Modern         |          |
| method of Beekeeping: Newton Box and Langstroth Box; extraction of honey and composit          |                     |          |
| Pests, Parasites and Diseases and their control measures; Bee-economy: Apiculture produ        | •                   |          |
| uses.  |                     |          |
|  |                     |          |

# Applied Entomology Lab: SEC-1-P

Full Marks 25 List of Practical

- 1. Dissection and temporary mounting of: Antennae and mouth parts of Cockroach, House fly and Mosquito
- 2. Methods of collection, preservation, and identification of economically important insects.
- 3. Identification of following insect pests (Order, family and specimen characters only): Scirpophagaincertulus; Sitophilusoryzae; Callosobruchuschinensis, Leucinodesorbonalis; Anomissabulifera; Pyrillaperpusilla.
- 4. Morphological studies of various castes of *Apis* sp.
- 5. Identification of life stages of *Bombyx mori*; Identification of Bivoltine and multivoltine mulberry cocoon.
- 6. Identification and medical significance of following insects (adults) through permanent slides/photographs: *Aedes* sp., *Culex* sp., *Anopheles* sp. [for mosquito, larvae and both sexes of adults], *Musca* sp., *Phlebotomus* sp., *Cimex* sp., *Pediculushumanuscapitis.*, *Xenopsylla* sp.
- 7. Visits to any one place of applied entomological significance (submission of a field report):
  - a. Agricultural field/ forest for on spot study of pests and damage caused.
  - b. Any Sericulture farm for studying grainage and rearing activities
  - c. Visit to an apiary to study various activities o Apiculture
  - d. Any rural or urban health centre to study various aspects of vector surveillance

## PART I: SEMESTER 2 SEC-2 Aquaculture Major; SEC-2-TH

| Full Marks 75   3 C   | Credits   | 50 Hours |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Unit 1 Basics of Idea of Fish Biology   |           | 3        |
| Qualities of Cultivable fish, Indigenous and Exotic   |           |          |
| Unit 2Sustainable Aquaculture System  |           | 17       |
| Sustainable Aquaculture Culture System: Extensive, Semi intensive, Extensive                  |           |          |
| Water quality in culture ponds and factors controlling water quality.                         |           |          |
| Preparation and Management of Fish Culture Ponds in Composite Fish Culture                    |           |          |
| Cage Culture, Pen Culture, Raceways. Flow through system. Biofloc. Cold water fishery. Jeol   | Fishery.  |          |
| Sewage fed fishery. Mariculture with special emphasis on sea weed culture.(Basic concept)     |           |          |
| Induced Breeding of Carps. Synthetic Hormones in Hypophysation.                               |           |          |
| Management of Fin Fish Hatcheries. Glass Jar Hatchery, Chinese Hatchery.                      |           |          |
| Unit 3Recent Advancement of Aquaculture   |           | 20       |
| Aquarium Fisheries.   |           |          |
| Preparation and Management of Fish Aquarium.  |           |          |
| Biology of Common Ornamental Fish: Guppy, Swordtail, Angel, Blue morph fish. Aneme            | one fish, |          |
| Butterfly fish, Molly.  |           |          |
| Fish Nutritional Requirements: Feed Formulations and Preparation of Compound Diets.           |           |          |
| Capture Fishery: Fishing Crafts and Gears, Post harvesting Technology. Fish Transport and Ma  | arketing. |          |
| Fish Preservation and By-products.  |           |          |
| Fish Biotechnology: Transgenic Fish, Sex Reversal in Fish. Aquaponics, Application of GIS and | d Remote  |          |
| Sensing in Fisheries, Fishery Laws and Regulations.   |           |          |
| Unit 4 Fin Fish pathology   |           | 5        |
| Name of Infective Disease. Causative Agents, Symptoms, Control.Bacteria- Dropsy, Fin and Tai  |           |          |
| Protozoa- White Spot Disease; Fungal-Saprolegniasis; Ectoparasite-Gyrodactylosis, Dactylogyro | osis.     |          |
| Virus- Rhabdovirus  |           |          |
| Unit 5Applied Aquaculture   |           | 5        |
| Breeding Techniques in Shrimps and Prawns: Eyestalk Ablation in Shrimp and Salinity shock     | k in      |          |
| Prawns.Techniques of Artificial Pearl Culture.  |           |          |

## Aquaculture Lab: SEC-2-P

| Full Marks 25     | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|-------------------|----------|----------|
| List of Practical |          |          |

- 1. Identification of different fish species using Meristic characters. (Systematic position, specimen characters) Rohu, Catla, Cirhinus, Puntius, Amblyphyngodon, Channapunctatus, Lates, Mystus, Notopterus, Cyprinus, Hypopthalmichthys, Ctenopharyngodon, Oreochromisniloticus, Oreochromismossambicus Anabas, Clarias, Heteropneustis, Mugil, Macrobrachium, Paneus.
- 2. Field visit to an Aquaculture farm/ Hatchery

## REFERENCES

#### **CORE COURSE-1: Cell Biology**

- 1. The Cell (8<sup>th</sup> Edition) G. M. Cooper and R.E. Hausman
- 2. Karp's Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments 8<sup>th</sup> edition
- 3. Lewin's CELLS (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition) David Sharp, Eric Sikorski, George Plopper
- 4. Molecular Biology of the Cell Bruce Alberts 6<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 5. Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry 4<sup>th</sup> edition
- 6. The World of the Cell : Becker, 6th edition
- 7. Cell and Molecular Biology 8th Edition De Robertis
- 8. Thrive in Cell Biology, Oxford University Press, 2013

#### **CORE COURSE-2: Biochemistry**

- 1. Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 2. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). Biochemistry. VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 3. D. Das Biochemistry
- 4. Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry. XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.
- 5. Hames, B.D. and Hooper, N.M. (2000). Instant Notes in Biochemistry, II Edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd., U.K.

#### SEC-1: Applied Entomology

- 1. Chapman, R.F. (2012). The Insects: Structure and function 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- Triplehorn, C.A. and Johnson, N.F. (2005). Borror and Delong's Introduction to the study of Insects. 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Thompson Brooks/Cole, USA
- 3. Atwal, A.S. (1986). Agricultural Pests of India and South-East Asia. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Pedigo, L.P. and Rice, M.E. (2009). Entomology and Pest Management. 6th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall.
- 5. Hati, A.K. (2010). Medical Entomology. Allied Book Agency.
- 6. Shukla, A. (2009) A handbook on Economic Entomology. Daya Publishing House, DelhiEntomology. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Academic Press, United Kingdom
- 7. Imms, A.D. (1938). A General Text Book of Entomology. Chapman and Hall

#### SEC-2: Aquaculture

- 1. Chaudhuri, S. (2017) Economic Zoology, NCBS.
- 2. Sarkar, S., Kundu, G. Chaki, K.C. (2017) Introduction to Economic Zoology. NCBA
- 3. Khanna,S.S. and Singh, H.R.(2017) A Text Book of Fish Biology and Fisheries. Narendra Publishing House.
- 4. Menon, A.G.K. (1999) the Freshwater Fishes of India, A Handbook. Z.S.I
- 5. Das, M.K. and Das, R.K. (1997) Fish and Prawn Diseases in India- Diagnosis and Control. Inland Fisheries Society in India, Barrackpore, West Bengal.

- 6. Jhingran, V.G. (2007) Hindustan Publishing Corporation. 3rd Edition.
- 7. Pillai, T.V.R. and Kutty. (2007) Fishing News Book. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 8. Lutz. C.G.() Practical Genetics for Aquaculture. Fishing News Book. Oxford.
- 9. Govindan, T.K. (2008) Fish Processing Technology. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. Kolkata.
- 10. Dunham, R.A. (1985) Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology. Genetic Approaches. CABI.
- 11. Pierre Boundry, Andy Beaumont, Kathryn Hoare. (2010) Biotechnology and Genetics in Fisheries and Aquaculture. Wiley Blackwell.
- 12. Das, S. (2022) Aquarium Fishery.

# The University will offer Zoology related IDC as the Paper of Animal Science which will be selected by Students pursuing Major and Minor Courses other than Zoology

# PART I: SEMESTER 1 IDC-1: Animal Biology IDC-1-TH

| Full Marks 75   3 Credits   | 50 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1: Animal Diversity  | 10       |
| Phylum Characters and example: [Non-chordates-Porifera, Cnidaria, Ctenophora,               |          |
| Platyhelminthes, Nemathelminthes, Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca and Echinodermata];        |          |
| Chordata  |          |
| Unit 2: Genetics  | 12       |
| 1. Mendelian Principles and Laws of inheritance   |          |
| 2. Linkage and Recombination basic Concepts   |          |
| 3. Sex Determination with reference to Drosophila [only genic balance theory]               |          |
| 4. Chromosomal Aberration [Structural and Numerical]  |          |
| Unit 3: Biodiversity and Wildlife   | 15       |
| 1. Biodiversity: Definition, typesand value   |          |
| 2. Biodiversity: Indices [Shannon & Simpson]  |          |
| 3. Conservation: <i>in situ</i> and <i>ex situ</i> [outline idea]                           |          |
| 4. Conservation Priority: Hotspot, Megadiversity, Sensitive Ecosystem                       |          |
| 5. Indigenous Knowledge and PBR: Basic Concepts   |          |
| Unit 4: Insect Vectors  | 8        |
| 1. Concept of Vector: Biological and Mechanical Vectors with examples                       |          |
| 2. Disease cycle & Reservoir Concept  |          |
| 3. Major Vectors: Mosquito (Anopheles sp. & Aedes sp.) Life cycle, control, role as vector. |          |
| Unit 5: Laboratory techniques and Instrumentation   | 5        |
| 1. Basics of Light Microscopy   |          |
| 2. Principles and Application of Colorimetry  |          |
| 3. Principles and application of Ultracentrifugation  |          |

## Animal Biology Lab: IDC-1-P

| Full Marks 25 |
|---------------|
|---------------|

1 Credit 20 Hours

## List of Practical

- 1. Karyotype analysis of Klinefelter, Down, Turner, Edward & Patau Syndrome
- 2. Identification (Phylum and specimen characters): Amoeba, Paramoecium, Sycon, Neptune's Cup, Taenia, Ascaris, Nereis, Pheretima, Pila, Lamelledens, Penaeus, Macrobrachium, Musca, Anopheles, Culex, Asterias.
- 3. One Local-Outdoor Trip for Biodiversity Studies.

## SEC G For MDC Applied Zoology-Theory

| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits   | 50 Hours |
|--|---|----------|
| Unit I: Agricultural Entomology  |   | 6        |
| Pest- definition and types (major and minor pests with example); Lifecycle, natu<br>and control of Pests: <i>Scirpophagaincertulus</i> of paddy, <i>Anomissabulifera</i> of Jute,<br>stored house pest; Insect Pest control: Chemical, Mechanical, Cultural and Biol<br>measures; Integrated Pest Management (IPM).  | , Bandicoota–                                     |          |
| Unit II: Sericulture   |   | 8        |
| Types of Silkworms with special reference to their scientific name, geographic<br>and host plants; <i>Bombyx mori</i> : Silk gland, Composition of silk, Uses of si<br>Rearing, Extraction and Reeling of mulberry silk; Silkworm diseases, pests and th   | lk; Lifecycle;                                    |          |
| Unit III: Apiculture   |   | 7        |
| Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization of Honeybee;<br>Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; C<br>honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and<br>measures   | omposition of                                     |          |
| Unit IV: Vermiculture  |   | 7        |
| Scope of Vermiculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of verm<br>containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, enviro<br>requisites, feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of verm<br>Diseases and pests of earthworms.   | onmental pre-                                     |          |
| Unit V: Aquaculture  |   | 8        |
| Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture: Penaeid and Palaemonid<br>examples; Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn cultu<br>between major and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: Gen<br>advantages and disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantages; In<br>farming.   | re; Difference<br>eral concepts,                  |          |
| Unit VI: Live Stock Management   |   | 8        |
| Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their India; Exotic cattle breeds; Artificial insemination and MOET in breeding. Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products, preservation and uses. Dairy products and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method system; feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importation. | ; Cattle feed:<br>bathology and<br>d: Deep litter |          |

| of poultry and their control measures.  |   |
|---|---|
| Unit VII: Lac Culture   | 6 |
| Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice, propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing, products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management |   |

## SEC G For MDC Applied Zoology-Practical

| Full Marks 25   | 1 Credit            | 20 Hours   |
|---|---------------------|------------|
| List of Practical   |                     |            |
| 1. Identification of various castes of Honey bee, life stages of Bombyx mo    | ri, various life    | stages of  |
| Kerrialacca, various earthworm species used in vermiculture and ectoparasi    | es of Poultry bi    | rds        |
| 2. Identification of the following fish and prawn specimens (Specimen chara   | cters only): La     | beorohita, |
| Catlacatla, Cirrhinusmrigela, Cyprinuscarpio, L. bata, Penaeusmonodon, M      | lacrobrachiumr      | osenbergi  |
| 3. Collection of any two pests and submission of specimen it along with a sma | ll report on its id | dentifying |
| features, life cycle, nature of damage and control: Sitophilusoryza           | ie, Triboliumc      | astaneum,  |
| Nilaparvatalugens, AnomissabuliferaandLeucinodesorbonalis                     |                     |            |
| 4. Visit to any one of the following and submission of report on the visit    |                     |            |
| a) Apiary   |                     |            |
| b) Freshwater fish farm   |                     |            |
| c) Any agricultural field   |                     |            |
| d) Poultry farm   |                     |            |
| e) Sericulture farm   |                     |            |
| f) Lac culture farm   |                     |            |



# **UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA**

## Notification No. CSR/75/2024

It is notified for information of all concerned that in terms of the provisions of Section 54 of the Calcutta University Act, 1979, (as amended), and, in the exercise of her powers under 9(6) of the said Act, the Vice-Chancellor has, by an order dated 12.09.2024 approved the new revised syllabus (Semester- 1 to 6) of Zoology (4-year Honours & Honours with Research and Three-year MDC & Minor) under CCF, under this University, as laid down in the accompanying pamphlet.

The above shall take effect from the Odd Semester Examinations, 2024 and onwards.

Prof.(Dr.) Debasis Das

Registrar

SENATE HOUSE Kolkata-700073 19.09.2024

# **Outline Structure of NEP Curriculum for Zoology Major, C.U.**

| PART I; SEM I                      |   |                 |           |  |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|--|
| SUBJECT CODE                       | NAME OF PAPER   | THEORY          | PRACTICAL |  |
| ZOOM CC 1 Th/P                     | Cell Biology  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM SEC-1 Th/P                    | Applied Entomology  | 75              | 25        |  |
| IDC Th/P                           | The University will offer Zoology related IDC as the  | 50              | 25        |  |
|                                    | Paper of Animal Science which will be selected by   |                 |           |  |
|                                    | Students pursuing Major and Minor Courses other than  |                 |           |  |
|                                    | Zoology   |                 |           |  |
|                                    | PART I; SEM II  | 75              | 05        |  |
| ZOOM CC 2 Th/P                     | Biochemistry  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM SEC-2 Th/P                    | Aquaculture   | 75              | 25        |  |
| IDC Th/P                           | The University will offer Zoology related IDC as the<br>Paper of Animal Science which will be selected by | 50              | 25        |  |
|                                    | Students pursuing Major and Minor Courses other than  |                 |           |  |
|                                    | Zoology   |                 |           |  |
|                                    | PART II; SEM III  | ,               | ,         |  |
| ZOOM CC 3 Th/P                     | Genetics  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 4 Th/P                     | Cells and Tissue Structure  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM SEC-3 Th/P                    | Poultry farming and Animal Husbandry  | 75              | 25        |  |
| IDC Th/P                           | The University will offer Zoology related IDC as the  | 50              | 25        |  |
|                                    | Paper of Animal Science which will be selected by   |                 |           |  |
|                                    | Students pursuing Major and Minor Courses other than  |                 |           |  |
|                                    | Zoology   |                 |           |  |
|                                    | PART II; SEM IV   | 75              | 05        |  |
| ZOOM CC 5 Th/P                     | Non-chordate structure and function   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 6 Th/P                     | Parasitology  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 7 Th/P<br>ZOOM CC 8 Th/P   | Molecular Biology   | 75<br>75        | 25<br>25  |  |
|                                    |   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 9 Th/P                     | PART III; SEM V   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 9 TII/P<br>ZOOM CC 10 Th/P | Chordate structure and function   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 10 TH/P<br>ZOOM CC 11 Th/P | Endocrinology and Reproductive biology  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 11 Th/P<br>ZOOM CC 12 Th/P | Animal Physiology   | 75              | 25        |  |
|                                    | Biodiversity and Conservation Biology<br>PART III; SEM VI   | 13              | ZJ        |  |
| ZOOM CC 13Th/P                     | Developmental Biology   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 13Th/T<br>ZOOM CC 14Th/P   | Taxonomy, Evolution and Adaptation  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 14TH/P<br>ZOOM CC 15Th/P   | Animal Behaviour  | 75              | 25        |  |
| CU                                 |   | 75              | 25        |  |
| Summer Internship                  | As per University & UGBoS Instructions  | [ 3 credits]    |           |  |
|                                    | PART IV; SEM VII  |                 | 1         |  |
| ZOOM CC 16 Th/P                    | Biotechnology and its Application   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 17 Th/P                    | Neurobiology  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 18 Th/P                    | Toxicology  | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 19 Th/P                    | Immunology  | 75              | 25        |  |
| -                                  | DISSERTATION/ RESEARCH WORK   | 100[4 Credits]  |           |  |
| PART IV; SEM VIII                  |   |                 |           |  |
| ZOOM CC 20 Th/P                    | Scientific Communication and Research Methodology   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 21 Th/P                    | Animal Models in Research   | 75              | 25        |  |
| ZOOM CC 22 Th/P                    | Industrial Microbiology   | 75              | 25        |  |
|                                    | DISSERTATION/RESEARCH WORK  | 200[ 8 credits] |           |  |
| BREVIATIONS:                       |   | -               |           |  |

**ABBREVIATIONS:** 

CC: Core Course (Major ZOOM;Minor ZOOMN) IDC: inter-Disciplinary Course; SEC: Skill Enhancement Course. Multidisciplinary (MZOO) NOTE: Marks = 25 marks per credit. Candidates who will not pursue Dissertation/Research have to submit 1 Review paper along with Seminar Presentation at End of Semester-7 and 2 review paper along with Seminar Presentation at end of Semester-8.

| PART I; SEM I   |                                     |        |           |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------|-----------|--|
| SUBJECT CODE  | NAME OF PAPER                       | THEORY | PRACTICAL |  |
| ZOOMN CC1Th/P   | Cell Biology                        | 75     | 25        |  |
|   | PART I; SEM II                      |        |           |  |
| ZOOMNCC2 Th/P   | Biochemistry                        | 75     | 25        |  |
|   | PART II; SEM III                    |        |           |  |
| ZOOMN CC1Th/P   | Cell Biology                        | 75     | 25        |  |
|   | PART II; SEM IV                     |        |           |  |
| ZOOMN CC2Th/P Biochemistry 75   |                                     |        |           |  |
| Note: Students who will opt other than Zoology as major in combination with minor Zoology in SEMI and in SEM II will take Cell biology and Biochemistry in SEMI and SEMII, respectively. Students who will opt other than Zoology as major in combination with minor other than Zoology in SEMIII and in SEM IV, they will take Cell biology and Biochemistry as minor Zoology in SEMIII and SEMIV, respectively. |                                     |        |           |  |
| PART III; SEM V   |                                     |        |           |  |
| ZOOMN CC3Th/P   | Cell and Tissue structure           | 75     | 25        |  |
|   | PART III; SEM VI                    |        |           |  |
| ZOOMN CC4 Th/P  | Non-Chordate structure and function | 75     | 25        |  |

# **Outline Structure of NEP Curriculum for Zoology Minor, C.U.**

## Outline Structure of NEP Curriculum for Zoology Multidisciplinary course (MDC), C.U.

| PART I; SEM I           |   |   |                    |           |
|-------------------------|---|---|--------------------|-----------|
| SUBJECT CODE            | CC1/CC2                                       | Minor   | THEORY             | PRACTICAL |
| MZOO CC1 Th/P           | Cell Biology                                  |   | 75                 | 25        |
|                         |   | PART I; SEM II                                |                    |           |
| MZOOCC2 Th/P            | Biochemistry                                  |   | 75                 | 25        |
|                         | F   | PART II; SEM III                              |                    |           |
| MZOOCC3 Th/P            | Cells and Tissue Structure                    | Cells and Tissue Structure                    | 75                 | 25        |
|                         | F   | PART II; SEM IV                               |                    |           |
| MZOO CC4Th/P            | Non-chordate structure and<br>function        | Non-chordate structure and function           | 75                 | 25        |
| MZOO CC5Th/P            | Ecology                                       |   | 75                 | 25        |
|                         | F   | PART III; SEM V                               |                    |           |
| MZOO CC6Th/P            | Chordate structure and function               | **Chordate structure and function             | 75                 | 25        |
| MZOO CC7Th/P            | *Biodiversity and Conservation<br>Biology     | Biodiversity and Conservation<br>Biology      | 75                 | 25        |
|                         | Р   | ART III; SEM VI                               |                    |           |
| MZOO CC7Th/P            | **Biodiversity and Conservation<br>Biology    | Animal Behaviour                              | 75                 | 25        |
| MZOO CC8Th/P            | Taxonomy, Evolution and<br>Adaptation         | Taxonomy, Evolution and<br>Adaptation         | 75                 | 25        |
| CU<br>Summer Internship | As per University and college<br>Instructions | As per University and college<br>Instructions | 75<br>[ 3 credits] |           |

MDC students will take SEC paper SEC-G Applied Zoology in any of SEMI/ SEMII/ SEMIII.

Students taking Zoology as major subject will have option to study MZOO CC7Th/P either in SEMV or in SEMVI. Students who will opt Zoology as minor they will study only 6 papers as mentioned in the table.

# **PART I: SEMESTER-I**

# **CORE COURSE-1: Cell Biology**

## **CC1 THEORY**

| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits                                      | 46 Hours |
|--|--|----------|
| Unit 1: Plasma Membrane  |  | 7        |
| <b>Structure of the Plasma Membrane:</b> Lipid Bilayer (Phospholipids and Cholesterol), Per<br>Integral Membrane proteins, Glycolipids and Glycoproteins ( <i>basic concept of Glycocalyx</i> ), F<br>Model with special reference to Lipid rafts, Mobility of membrane lipids (FRAP assay) and<br>Membrane Proteins (Frye-Edidin Experiment); Cell-cell junctions; Transport through plasma   | luid Mosaic<br>Mobility of                     |          |
| Unit 2: Cytoplasmic organelles I   |  | 7        |
| Basic concepts on Ultrastructure of ER, Golgi and Lysosome; Overview of Protein sorti<br>ER Morphology, Targeting proteins to ER, The Signal hypothesis; Insertion of protein<br>membrane, Protein folding and processing in ER, Export of proteins and lipids from<br>Apparatus; Morphology, Protein glycosylation within Golgi, Protein sorting and export<br>apparatus; Lysosome: Polymorphism, Lysosomal acid hydrolases, Endocytosis and lysosome | Ens into ER<br>ER ; <b>Golgi</b><br>from Golgi |          |
| Unit 3: Cytoplasmic organelles II  |  | 4        |
| <b>Mitochondria:</b> Structure; Mitochondrial Respiratory Chain, Chemiosmotic hypothesis an<br>Phosphorylation with reference to ATP Synthase and ATP synthesis<br><b>Centrosome and its organization</b>  | nd Oxidative                                   |          |
| Unit 4: Cytoskeleton   |  | 4        |
| Structure and Types: Microtubules, Actin filaments, and Intermediate filaments; Comp<br>function of ECM  | oosition and                                   |          |
| Unit 5: Nucleus  |  | 5        |
| Nuclear envelope, nuclear pore complex (transport not included), Kinetochore and centre Chromatin and levels of its packaging. Euchromatin & Heterochromatin.  | omeric DNA;                                    |          |
| Unit 6: Cell Cycle   |  | 10       |
| <b>Cell Cycle:</b> Phases of the eukaryotic cell cycle, Protein Kinases and Cell cycle regulation, I factors and regulation of G1-Cdks, S phase and regulation of DNA replication; <b>Cell Dea</b> (Death receptors) and Intrinsic Pathways (apoptosome);<br><b>Cancer:</b> Concept of Protooncogene [Ras] & Tumor suppressor genes [Rb and p53], Diffe activation of a protooncogene to Oncogene.   | ath: Extrinsic                                 |          |
| Unit 7: Cell Signalling  |  | 5        |
| <b>Signalling system:</b> Modes of cell-cell signalling; Types of Signalling molecules <b>Signallin</b> Types and example with special reference to regulation of G protein, Adenyl cyclase-cA linked Receptors: RTK (ras-raf) and JAK/STAT  |  |          |
| Unit 8: Tools and Techniques in Cell Biology   |  | 4        |
| <ul> <li>Animal Cell Culture: Primary cell culture and Cell line.</li> <li>Subcellular fractionation and Ultracentrifugation.</li> <li>Freeze fracture Replication and Freeze Etching</li> <li>Working Principle of Light Microscope: Bright field, Phase contrast microscope,<br/>Microscope with reference to FRET; Working Principle of SEM &amp; TEM.</li> </ul>   | Fluorescence                                   |          |

# Cell Biology Lab; ZOOA-CC-1-P

| Fu  | l Marks 25   | 1 Credit  | 20 Hours    |
|-----|--|-----------|-------------|
| Lis | t of Practical   |           |             |
| 1.  | Cell viability study by Trypan Blue Exclusion method.  |           |             |
| 2.  | Standardization of Ocular and Stage Micrometer and Measurement of cell or such as <i>Paramoecium</i> sp. | microscop | ic specimen |
|     | Preparation of squamous epithelial cell with staining.   |           |             |

- 4. Isolation of Bone Marrow Cells from Rat/Mouse and Giemsa Staining.
- 5. LNB

# PART I: SEMESTER-I

## SEC-1: Applied Entomology SEC-1 THEORY

| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits            | 43 Hours |
|--|----------------------|----------|
| Unit 1 Basics of Entomology  |                      | 11       |
| Morphological adaptation of insects: Head and antenna;-Mouthparts of honey b   | ee and cockroach;    |          |
| Thorax and thoracic appendages- legs and wings [General concept].  |                      |          |
| Physiological adaptation in cockroach: Digestive system: Alimentary canal and  |                      |          |
| digestion; Respiratory organs and mechanism of gaseous exchange; Sense organs  | s compound eyes,     |          |
| chemoreceptors.  |                      |          |
| General Characteristics of Class Insecta and living orders with examples: Ortho                                      |                      |          |
| Hemiptera, Coleoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera, Hymenoptera, Anoplura (Imms, A.D., 1938)                                | )                    |          |
| Unit 2 Medical Entomology  |                      | 11       |
| Concept of Vectors: Carrier and biological vectors, modes of transmission with sp                                    | pecial reference to  |          |
| Malaria Dengue, and Filaria; Control measures of vectors   |                      |          |
| Ticks as Causative agents and Vectors: Rickettsiosis, Tick-borne encephalitis; Gener                                 | al outline of Mites  |          |
| and their medical significance.  |                      |          |
| Phlebotomus sp: Characteristics, Biology and mode of transmission of visceral leis                                   | hmaniasis; control   |          |
| measures.  |                      |          |
| Unit 3 Agricultural Entomology   |                      | 11       |
| <b>Insect Pest:</b> Definition and types; Economic Injury Level (EIL), Economic Threshold Level                      | (ETL), Dynamics of   |          |
| EIL;   |                      |          |
| Pests of major crops (Life cycle, Nature of damage and control measures)   | -                    |          |
| Scirpophaga incertulus; Pests of Jute, Anomis sabulifera; Pests of brinjal, Leucinodes orbo                          | onalis; Stored grain |          |
| pest: <i>Sitophilus oryzae</i> ;<br>Insect Pest control: Chemical (classification and mode of action) and Biological | control manuras      |          |
| Integrated Pest Management (IPM)   | control measures,    |          |
|  |                      |          |
| Unit 4 Sericulture   |                      | 5        |
| Types of Silk Moths with special reference to their scientific name, geographical dist                               |                      |          |
| plants; Life cycle of Bombyx mori; Structure of Silk Gland; Voltinism; Rearing of mulberry                           |                      |          |
| and extraction of silk; Mulberry cocoon management; Common diseases and pests of                                     | mulberry silkworm    |          |
| and their control measures; Prospects of Sericulture in India.   |                      |          |
| Unit 5 Apiculture  |                      | 5        |
| Various species of Honeybee; Social organization and life cycle of Honeybee; M                                       |                      |          |
| Beekeeping: Newton Box; Apiculture products and their uses; Extraction of honey a                                    | nd composition of    |          |
| honey; Diseases and their control measures.  |                      |          |

## Applied Entomology Lab: SEC-1-P

#### Full Marks 25

1 Credit 20 Hours

#### **List of Practical**

- **1.** Dissection and temporary mounting of: Mouth parts of Cockroach and Mosquito
- 2. Methods of collection, preservation, and identification of economically important insects.
- **3.** Identification (Order and specimen characters only) with economic importance of following insect pests: *Scirpophaga incertulus; Sitophilus oryzae; Callosobruchus chinensis; Leucinodes orbonalis.*
- 4. Life history stages of Apis sp and Bombyx mori.
- **5.** Identification and medical significance of following insects (adults) through permanent slides: *Aedes aegypti, Aedes albopictus., Culex* sp., *Anopheles* sp. [for mosquito, larvae and both sexes of adults], *Musca* sp., *Phlebotomus* sp..
- **6.** Accomplish **any one** from the followings related to applied entomological significance (submission of a report):
  - a. Visit to Agricultural field related to damage caused by any pest and pest management. Make a report on it.
  - b. Visit to any Sericulture farm to study silkworm rearing, silk reeling, silk processing and make a report on it.
  - c. Visit an Apiary and to make a report on it.
  - d. Visit to any rural or urban health centre to study various aspects of vector surveillance and vector borne diseases of that locality. Make a report on it.

# **PART I: SEMESTER-II**

## CORE COURSE-2: Biochemistry CC2 THEORY

| Full Marks 75 3 Credits  | 45 Hours     |
|--|--------------|
| Unit 1: Carbohydrates  | 8            |
| Structure, classification and properties of Monosaccharides (aldose and ketose), Disaccharide Polysaccharides; Isomerism of monosaccharides (D and L, optical isomers, furanose and pyranose and $\beta$ anomers, epimers); Reducing and non – reducing sugars.<br>Physiological importance of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides   |              |
| Unit 2: Proteins   | 7            |
| <b>Amino acids:</b> Structure, Classification, General and Electro chemical properties of $\alpha$ -amino acids; Essential and non-essential amino acids; <b>Structures of Protein:</b> Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary) of protein, Classification of proteins.   |              |
| Unit 3: Lipids   | 4            |
| <b>Classification of lipids</b> ; Saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, essential and non – essential fatty acids. <b>Structure and formation of Triglyceride</b> .; lodine number and saponification number of fa  |              |
| Unit 4: Enzymes  | 8            |
| <ul> <li>Nomenclature, classification and properties; Cofactors and coenzymes, Effect of Temperature, substrate concentration, enzyme concentration on enzyme action, Isozymes and Proenzy Mechanism of enzyme action (Lock and key model, Induced fit model).</li> <li>Enzyme kinetics: Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation with its significance, Lineweaver-E plot and its significance. Enzyme inhibition – competitive, non- competitive, allosteric / feedb and its effect on Vmax and Km</li> </ul> | rme,<br>Burk |
| Unit 5: Carbohydrates Metabolism   | 6            |
| Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Gluconeogenesis from lactate and glycerate, Glycogenesis and Glycogenolysis. (Pathways with name of enzymes and significance)  |              |
| Unit 6: Protein Metabolism   | 4            |
| Transamination, Deamination and its types (Pathways with name of enzymes and significance) Fat of C-skeleton of Glucogenic and Ketogenic amino acids.  | te           |
| Unit 7: Lipid Metabolism   | 4            |
| $\beta$ -oxidation of fatty acids - a. Palmitic acid {saturated (C 16:0)}, b. Linoleic acid {unsaturated (C 18: Fatty acid biosynthesis  | 2)};         |
| Unit 8: Nucleic acid Metabolism  | 3            |
| Degradation of purine; Purine Salvage pathway and significance.  |              |
| Unit 7: Free radicals and Antioxidants   | 1            |
| Concept of free radicals and antioxidants with examples.   |              |

# Biochemistry Lab; CC-2-P

| Full Marks 25                   |  |                 | 1 Credit      | 20 Hours   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|------------|
| List of Practical               |  |                 |               |            |
| Group A                         | 10 Hours                                       |                 | 15 Marks      |            |
| Qualitative tests for carbohyd  | rates, proteins and lipids                     |                 |               |            |
| 1. For carbohydrate (Glucose,   | Fructose, Maltose, Sucrose, Starch) – Molis    | ch test, Barfoe | d test, Bened | lict test, |
| Fehling test, Seliwanoff test,  | Hydrolysis test for sucrose, lodine test       |                 |               |            |
| 2. For Protein (Albumin, Gelati | ne, Peptone) –Biuret test, Million's test, Xai | nthoproteic te  | st, Ninhydrin | test       |
| 3. For lipid – Grease spot test |  |                 |               |            |
| Group B                         | 10 Hours                                       |                 | 10 Marks      |            |
| Colorimetric estimation of the  | e following                                    |                 |               |            |
| a) Protein by Lowry's method    |  |                 |               |            |
| b) Activity of amylase          |  |                 |               |            |
| LNB                             |  |                 |               |            |

# **PART I: SEMESTER-II**

# SEC-2 Aquaculture SEC-2-TH

| Full Marks 75     3 Credits   | 43 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1 Basics of Idea of Fish Biology   | 3        |
| Qualities of Cultivable fish, Indigenous and Exotic   |          |
| Unit 2 Sustainable Aquaculture System   | 15       |
| Sustainable Aquaculture Culture System: Extensive, Semi intensive, Extensive                |          |
| Water quality in culture ponds and factors controlling water quality.                       |          |
| Preparation and Management of Fish Culture Ponds in Composite Fish Culture                  |          |
| Cage Culture, Pen Culture, Raceways. Flow through system. Biofloc. Cold water fishery. Jeol |          |
| Fishery. Sewage fed fishery. Mariculture with special emphasis on sea weed culture. (Basic  |          |
| concept)  |          |
| Induced Breeding of Carps. Synthetic Hormones in Hypophysation.                             |          |
| Management of Fin Fish Hatcheries. Glass Jar Hatchery, Chinese Hatchery.                    |          |
| Unit 3 Recent Advancement of Aquaculture  | 15       |
| Aquarium Fisheries; Preparation and Management of Fish Aquarium; Biology of Common          |          |
| Ornamental Fish: Guppy, Swordtail, Angel, Blue morph fish. Anemone fish, Butterfly fish,    |          |
| Molly.  |          |
| Fish Nutritional Requirements: Feed Formulations and Preparation of Compound Diets.         |          |
| Capture Fishery: Fishing Crafts and Gears, Post harvesting Technology. Fish Transport and   |          |
| Marketing.  |          |
| Fish Preservation and By-products.  |          |
| Fish Biotechnology: Transgenic Fish, Sex Reversal in Fish. Aquaponics, Application of GIS   |          |
| and Remote Sensing in Fisheries, Fishery Laws and Regulations.                              |          |
| Unit 4 Fin Fish pathology   | 5        |
| Name of Infective Disease. Causative Agents, Symptoms, Control. Bacteria- Dropsy, Fin and   |          |
| Tail rot.   |          |
| Protozoa- White Spot Disease; Fungal-Saprolegniasis; Ectoparasite-Gyrodactylosis,           |          |
| Dactylogyrosis. Virus- Rhabdovirus  |          |
| Unit 5 Applied Aquaculture  | 5        |
| Breeding Techniques in Shrimps and Prawns: Eyestalk Ablation in Shrimp and Salinity         |          |
| shock in Prawns. Techniques of Artificial Pearl Culture.                                    |          |

# Aquaculture Lab: SEC-2-P

| Full Marks 25   | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|---|----------|----------|
| List of Practical   |          |          |
| 1. Identification of different fish species using Meristic characters. (Systematic position, specimen |          |          |
| characters) Rohu, Catla, Cirrhinus, Puntius, Amblypharyngodon, Channa punctatus, Lates, Mystus,       |          |          |
| Notopterus, Cyprinus, Hypophthalmichthys, Ctenopharyngodon, Oreochromis niloticus, Oreochromis        |          |          |
| mossambicus   |          |          |
| Anabas, Clarias, Heteropneustes, Mugil, Macrobrachium, Penaeus.                                       |          |          |

- 2. **Visit to** nearby fish market and identification of economically important fishes, survey on market economy and preparation of report on it.
- 3. **LNB**

#### SUGGESTED REFERENCES

#### CORE COURSE-1: CELL BIOLOGY

- 1. The Cell (8th Edition) G. M. Cooper and R.E. Hausman
- 2. Karp's Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments 8th edition
- 3. Lewin's CELLS (3rd Edition) David Sharp, Eric Sikorski, George Plopper
- 4. Molecular Biology of the Cell Bruce Alberts 6th Edition
- 5. Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry 4th edition
- 6. The World of the Cell : Becker, 6th edition
- 7. Cell and Molecular Biology 8th Edition De Robertis
- 8. Thrive in Cell Biology, Oxford University Press, 2013

#### CORE COURSE-2: BIOCHEMISTRY

- 1. Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 2. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). Biochemistry. VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 3. D. Das Biochemistry
- 4. Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry. XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.
- 5. Hames, B.D. and Hooper, N.M. (2000). Instant Notes in Biochemistry, II Edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd., U.K.

#### SEC-1: APPLIED ENTOMOLOGY

- 1. Chapman, R.F. (2012). The Insects: Structure and function 5th Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Triplehorn, C.A. and Johnson, N.F. (2005). Borror and Delong's Introduction to the study of Insects. 7th Edition, Thompson Brooks/Cole, USA
- 3. Atwal, A.S. (1986). Agricultural Pests of India and South-East Asia. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Pedigo, L.P. and Rice, M.E. (2009). Entomology and Pest Management. 6th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall.
- 5. Hati, A.K. (2010). Medical Entomology. Allied Book Agency.
- 6. Shukla, A. (2009) A handbook on Economic Entomology. Daya Publishing House, DelhiEntomology. 3rd Edition, Academic Press, United Kingdom
- 7. Imms, A.D. (1938). A General Text Book of Entomology. Chapman and Hall

#### SEC-2: AQUACULTURE

- 1. Chaudhuri, S. (2017) Economic Zoology, NCBS.
- 2. Sarkar, S., Kundu, G. Chaki, K.C. (2017) Introduction to Economic Zoology. NCBA
- 3. Khanna, S.S. and Singh, H.R. (2017) A Text Book of Fish Biology and Fisheries. Narendra Publishing House.
- 4. Menon, A.G.K. (1999) the Freshwater Fishes of India, A Handbook. Z.S.I
- 5. Das, M.K. and Das, R.K. (1997) Fish and Prawn Diseases in India- Diagnosis and Control. Inland Fisheries Society in India, Barrackpore, West Bengal.
- 6. Jhingran, V.G. (2007) Hindustan Publishing Corporation. 3rd Edition.
- 7. Pillai, T.V.R. and Kutty. (2007) Fishing News Book. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 8. Lutz. C.G.() Practical Genetics for Aquaculture. Fishing News Book. Oxford.
- 9. Govindan, T.K. (2008) Fish Processing Technology. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. Kolkata.
- 10. Dunham, R.A. (1985) Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology. Genetic Approaches. CABI.
- 11. Pierre Boundry, Andy Beaumont, Kathryn Hoare. (2010) Biotechnology and Genetics in Fisheries and Aquaculture. Wiley Blackwell.
- 12. Das,S. (2022) Aquarium Fishery.

#### **IDC-1: ANIMAL BIOLOGY**

1. Manna, S., Bhowal, S. K., Ghosh, R., Ghosh, N., Mukherjee, A. (2024) A Concise Book of Animal Biology. (Ed. S. Manna), Techno World, Kolkata.ISBN 978-81-19777-08-2.

The University will offer Zoology related IDC as the Paper of Animal Science which will be selected by Students pursuing Major and Minor Courses other than Zoology

## PART I: SEMESTER-I/II/III

## IDC-1: Animal Biology

| IDC-1 | -TH |
|-------|-----|
|-------|-----|

| Full Marks 50     3 Credits  | 45 Hours |
|--|----------|
| Unit 1: Animal Diversity   | 10       |
| Phylum Characters and example: [Non-chordates-Porifera, Cnidaria, Ctenophora         | ,        |
| Platyhelminthes, Nemathelminthes, Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca and                 |          |
| Echinodermata]; Chordata   |          |
| Unit 2: Genetics   | 12       |
| 1. Mendelian Principles and Laws of inheritance                                      |          |
| 2. Linkage and Recombination basic Concepts  |          |
| 3. Sex Determination with reference to <i>Drosophila</i> [only genic balance theory] |          |
| 4. Chromosomal Aberration [Structural and Numerical]                                 |          |
| Unit 3: Biodiversity and Wildlife  | 10       |
| 1. Biodiversity: Definition, types and value   |          |
| 2. Biodiversity: Indices [Shannon & Simpson]   |          |
| 3. Conservation: <i>in situ</i> and <i>ex situ</i> [outline idea]                    |          |
| 4. Conservation Priority: Hotspot, Megadiversity, Sensitive Ecosystem                |          |
| 5. Indigenous Knowledge and PBR: Basic Concepts                                      |          |
| Unit 4: Insect Vectors   | 8        |
| 1. Concept of Vector: Biological and Mechanical Vectors with examples                |          |
| 2. Disease cycle & Reservoir Concept   |          |
| 3. Major Vectors: Mosquito (Anopheles sp. & Aedes sp.) and Sand fly [Lifecycle and   |          |
| Control Measures]  |          |
| Unit 5: Laboratory techniques and Instrumentation                                    | 5        |
| 1. Basics of Light Microscopy  |          |
| 2. Principles and Application of Colorimetry   |          |
| 3. Principles and application of Ultracentrifugation                                 |          |
|  |          |

#### Animal Biology Lab: IDC-1-P

| ll Marks 25  | 1 Credit   | 20 Hours  |
|--|--|---|
| t of Practical   |  |   |
| Karyotype analysis of Klinefelter, Down, Turner, Edward & Patau Syndro   | ome  |   |
| Identification (Phylum and specimen characters): Amoeba, Paramoeciun     | n, Sycon, Ne   | eptune's  |
| Cup, Taenia, Ascaris, Nereis, Pheretima, Pila, Lamellidens, Penaeus, Mac | robrachium,  | Musca,  |
| Anopheles, Culex, Asterias.  |  |   |
| Identification of different ecosystems through photographs: Marine eco   | osystem, Ma  | angrove   |
|  | Identification (Phylum and specimen characters): Amoeba, Paramoecium<br>Cup, Taenia, Ascaris, Nereis, Pheretima, Pila, Lamellidens, Penaeus, Maca<br>Anopheles, Culex, Asterias. | <b>t of Practical</b><br>Karyotype analysis of Klinefelter, Down, Turner, Edward & Patau Syndrome<br>Identification (Phylum and specimen characters): <i>Amoeba, Paramoecium, Sycon, Ne</i><br><i>Cup, Taenia, Ascaris, Nereis, Pheretima, Pila, Lamellidens, Penaeus, Macrobrachium,</i> |

ecosystem, Lake ecosystem, Rainforest ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem.

4. LNB

#### SEC G For MDC Applied Zoology-Theory

| Unit I: Agricultural Entomology       5         Pest- definition and types (major and minor pests with example); Lifecycle, nature of damage and control of Pests: Nilaparvata lugars of paddy, Anomis sabulifera of Jute, Bandicoata – stored house pest; Insect Pest control: Chemical, Mechanical, Cultural and Biological control measures; Integrated Pest Management (IPM).       7         Unit II: Sericulture       7         Types of Silkworms with special reference to their scientific name, geographical distribution and host plants; Bombyx mori: Silk gland, Composition of silk, Uses of silk; Lifecycle; Rearing, Extraction and Reeling of mulberry silk; Silkworm diseases, pests and their control.       6         Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization of Honeybee; Bee keeping: Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey: Composition of honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and their control measures       6         Unit IV: Vermiculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting: containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites, feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting; Diseases and disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantages; Integrated fish farming.       7         Unit V: Live Stock Management       7         Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India; Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding; Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products, preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and v  |  |  |          |
|---|--|--|----------|
| Pest- definition and types (major and minor pests with example); Lifecycle, nature of damage and control of Pests: Nilaparvata lugans of paddy, Anomis sabulifera of Jute, Bandicoota – stored house pest; Insect Pest control: Chemical, Mechanical, Cultural and Biological control measures; Integrated Pest Management (IPM).         Vint II: Sericulture       7         Types of Silkworms with special reference to their scientific name, geographical distribution and host plants; Bombyx mori: Silk gland, Composition of silk, Uses of silk; Lifecycle; Rearing, Extraction and Reeling of mulberry silk; Silkworm diseases, pests and their control.         Unit III: Apiculture       6         Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization of Honeybee; Bee keeping: Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; Composition of honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and their control measures         Unit IV: Vermiculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting; Containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites, feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting; Diseases and pests of earthworms.       8         Unit V: Aquaculture       8         Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture; Penaeid and Palaemonid features with examples; Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and disadvantages; Induced breeding - mithods of breeding - inbreeding, crossbreeding; Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products, preservation a   | Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits  | 45 Hours |
| control of Pests: Nilaparvata lugens of paddy, Anomis sabulifera of Jute, Bandicoota – stored house<br>pest; Insect Pest control: Chemical, Mechanical, Cultural and Biological control measures;<br>Integrated Pest Management (IPM).<br><b>7</b><br>Types of Silkworms with special reference to their scientific name, geographical distribution and<br>host plants; Bombyx mori: Silk gland, Composition of silk, Uses of silk; Lifecycle; Rearing, Extraction<br>and Reeling of mulberry silk; Silkworm diseases, pests and their control.<br><b>6</b><br>Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization of Honeybee; Bee keeping:<br>Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; Composition of<br>honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and their control<br>measures<br><b>1011 IV: Vermiculture</b><br><b>6</b><br>Scope of Vermiculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting:<br>containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites,<br>feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting; Diseases and<br>pests of earthworms.<br><b>1011 V: Aquaculture</b><br><b>8</b><br>Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture: Penaeid and Palaemonid features with examples;<br>Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major<br>and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and<br>disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantages; Integrated fish farming.<br><b>1011 V: Live Stock Management</b><br><b>7</b><br>Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Catle breeds and their distribution in India;<br>Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding;<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products,<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system;<br>feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with | Unit I: Agricultural Entomology  |  | 5        |
| Types of Silkworms with special reference to their scientific name, geographical distribution and host plants; <i>Bombyx mori</i> : Silk gland, Composition of silk, Uses of silk; Lifecycle; Rearing, Extraction and Reeling of mulberry silk; Silkworm diseases, pests and their control.         Unit III: Apiculture       6         Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization of Honeybee; Bee keeping: Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; Composition of honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and their control measures       6         Unit IV: Vermiculture       6         Scope of Verniculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting: containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites, feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting; Diseases and pests of earthworms.       8         Unit V: Aquaculture       8         Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture: Penaeid and Palaemonid features with examples; Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantages; Integrated fish farming.       7         Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India; Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding; Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products, refered formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry and   | control of Pests: Nilaparvata lugens of paddy, Anomis sabulifera of Jute, Bandicoota   | - stored house                                   |          |
| host plants; Bombyx mori: Silk gland, Composition of silk, Uses of silk, Lifecycle; Rearing, Extraction and Reeling of mulberry silk; Silkworm diseases, pests and their control.       6         Unit III: Apiculture       6         Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization of Honeybee; Bee keeping: Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; Composition of honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and their control measures       6         Unit VI: Vermiculture       6         Scope of Vermiculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting; containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites, feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting: Diseases and pests of earthworms.       8         Unit V: Aquaculture       8         Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture: Penaeid and Palaemonid features with examples; Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major and mior carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and disadvantages; Induced breeding; method and advantages; Integrated fish farming.       7         Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India; Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding; Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products, preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.       6         Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing  | Unit II: Sericulture   |  | 7        |
| Various domesticated species of Honeybee; Social organization of Honeybee; Bee keeping:<br>Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; Composition of<br>honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and their control<br>measures6Unit IV: Vermiculture6Scope of Vermiculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting:<br>containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites,<br>feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting; Diseases and<br>pests of earthworms.8Unit V: Aquaculture8Unit V: Aquaculture7Unit V: Stock Management7Unit Y: Live Stock Management7Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India;<br>Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding; crossbreeding;<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products,<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system;<br>feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry<br>and their control measures.6Unit VI: Lac Culture6Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice,<br>propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing,<br>products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management   |  |  |          |
| Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; Composition of honey, apiculture by products and their uses; Pests and Diseases of bees and their control measures       6         Unit IV: Vermiculture       6         Scope of Verniculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting; containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites, feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting; Diseases and pests of earthworms.       8         Unit V: Aquaculture       8         Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture: Penaeid and Palaemonid features with examples; Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantage; Integrated fish farming.       7         Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India; Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding; Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products, preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.       7         Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system; feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry and their control measures.       6         Unit VII: Lac Culture       6         Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice, propagation   | Unit III: Apiculture   |  | 6        |
| Scope of Vermiculture; Habit categories of earthworms; methodology of vermicomposting:<br>containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites,<br>feeding, harvesting and storage of vermicompost; Advantages of vermicomposting; Diseases and<br>pests of earthworms.8Unit V: Aquaculture8Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture: Penaeid and Palaemonid features with examples;<br>Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major<br>and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and<br>disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantages; Integrated fish farming.7Unit VI: Live Stock Management7Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India;<br>Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding;<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products,<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system;<br>feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry<br>and their control measures.6Unit VII: Lac Culture6Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice,<br>propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing,<br>products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management  | Langstroth Box for rearing of honey bee, Extraction and processing of honey; C   | omposition of                                    |          |
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| Principles, definition and scope; Prawn culture: Penaeid and Palaemonid features with examples;<br>Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major<br>and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and<br>disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantages; Integrated fish farming.7Unit VI: Live Stock Management7Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India;<br>Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding;<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products,<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system;<br>feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry<br>and their control measures.6Unit VII: Lac Culture6Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice,<br>propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing,<br>products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management  | containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental  | pre-requisites,                                  |          |
| Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference between major<br>and minor carps with examples; Composite fish farming: General concepts, advantages and<br>disadvantages; Induced breeding: method and advantages; Integrated fish farming.7Unit VI: Live Stock Management7Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India;<br>Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding;<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products,<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system;<br>feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry<br>and their control measures.6Unit VII: Lac Culture6Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice,<br>propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing,<br>products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management6  | Unit V: Aquaculture  |  | 8        |
| Dairy: Introduction to common dairy animals: Types of Cattle breeds and their distribution in India;<br>Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding;<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products,<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system;<br>feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry<br>and their control measures.<br><b>Unit VII: Lac Culture</b> 6<br>Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice,<br>propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing,<br>products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management   | Semi-intensive method of prawn culture; Application of prawn culture; Difference I   | between major                                    |          |
| Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding, crossbreeding;<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy by products,<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep litter system;<br>feed formulation for chicks; poultry by products with economic importance; Diseases of poultry<br>and their control measures.<br><b>Unit VII: Lac Culture</b><br>Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice,<br>propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing,<br>products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management   | Unit VI: Live Stock Management   |  | 7        |
| Life cycle, host plants and strains of Lac insect; Lac cultivation: Local practice, improved practice, propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing, products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management   | Exotic cattle breeds; Principles and methods of breeding – inbreeding, outbreeding,<br>Artificial insemination and MOET; cattle feed: Roughage and Concentrate; dairy<br>preservation and uses. Dairy pathology and vaccination programme.<br>Poultry: Types of breeds (fowl) with features and examples; Rearing method: Deep | crossbreeding;<br>by products,<br>bitter system; |          |
| propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition, processing, products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management  | Unit VII: Lac Culture  |  | 6        |
|   | propagation of Lac insect, inoculation period, harvesting of Lac; Lac composition<br>products and uses; Natural enemies of lac insect and their management   | •  |          |

#### **Applied Zoology Lab**

| Full Marks 25     |            |      |         |     | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|-------------------|------------|------|---------|-----|----------|----------|
| List of Practical |            |      |         |     |          |          |
| 4 11              | <i>c</i> . | <br> | ( ) ( D | , . |          | C 14 ·   |

1. Identification of various castes of Honey bee, life stages of *Bombyx mori*, various life stages of *Kerria lacca*, various earthworm species used in vermiculture and ectoparasites of Poultry birds

2. Identification of the following fish and prawn specimens (Specimen characters only): *Labeo rohita*, *Catla catla*, *Cirrhinus mrigala*, *Cyprinus carpio*, *L. bata*, *Penaeus monodon*, *Macrobrachium rosenbergii* 

3. Collection of any two pests and submission of specimen it along with a small report on its identifying features, life cycle, nature of damage and control: *Sitophilus oryzae, Tribolium castaneum, Nilaparvata lugens, Anomis sabulifera* and *Leucinodes orbonalis* 

### CORE COURSE-3: Genetics CC3 THEORY

| Full Marks 75 3 Credit   | s    | 44 Hours |
|--|------|----------|
| Unit 1: Chromosome   |      | 4        |
| Structural organization of Chromosomes; Polytene, Lampbrush and Satellite chromosom        | es;  |          |
| Human Karyotyping.   |      |          |
| Unit 2: Allele concept   |      | 8        |
| Epistasis, Multiple alleles (ABO blood group in human), Isoallele (White eye mutations     |      |          |
| Drosophila), Pseudoallele (Lozenge Locus in Drosophila) & Cis-trans test for allelism, Let | hal  |          |
| alleles, Pleiotropy, Penetrance & Expressivity   |      |          |
| Unit 3: Genetic Fine Structure   |      | 2        |
| Complementation test in Bacteriophage (Benzer's experiment on rll locus)                   |      |          |
| Unit 4: Linkage, Crossing over and linkage mapping   |      | 10       |
| Linkage and Crossing over; Complete and Incomplete Linkage; Holliday model                 | of   |          |
| recombination; Linkage map construction using three point crosses;                         |      |          |
| Sex linkage in Drosophila (White eye locus) & Human (Haemophilia)                          |      |          |
| Unit 5: Mutations & Chromosomal aberrations  |      | 10       |
| Types of gene mutations (Substitution and Frameshift); Types of chromosomal aberration     |      |          |
| (Structural and Numerical); Non-disjunction of X chromosome in Drosophila, No              |      |          |
| disjunction of human chromosome 21; Molecular basis of mutations induced by UV lig         |      |          |
| and chemical mutagens; mutation detection in Drosophila by attached X and CLB metho        | od;  |          |
| Biochemical mutation detection in Neurospora   |      |          |
| Unit 6: Extra-chromosomal inheritance  |      | 2        |
| Kappa particle in <i>Paramoecium</i> , Shell spiralling in snail                           |      |          |
| Unit 7: Transposable Genetic elements  |      | 4        |
| IS element in bacteria; Ac-Ds elements in maize; P elements in Drosophila; LINE, SINE,     | ٩lu  |          |
| elements in human  |      |          |
| Unit 8: Quantitative Genetics  |      | 4        |
| Concept of quantitative traits (Examples - Kernel colour in wheat, Ear length in Co        | rn); |          |
| Polygenic inheritance; Heritability – Concept and types (Broad sense heritability and Narr | ow   |          |
| sense heritability)  |      |          |

### **Genetics Lab; CC-3-P**

| Full Marks 25     | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|-------------------|----------|----------|
| List of Practical |          |          |

- 1. **Chi-Square Test** Test for Goodness of fit Mendelian monohybrid and di-hybrid ratios, \*Epistatic ratios; Contingency Chi-Square Test
- 2. **Identification of Chromosomal aberration in** *Drosophila* (Deletion, Duplication, Inversion and Translocation) and **Human** (Karyotype of Down Syndrome, Turner Syndrome, Patau Syndrome, Edward Syndrome and Klinefelter Syndrome) from photograph.
- 3. Pedigree Analysis of some inherited traits in Human (Autosomal, X-linked and Y-linked).
- 4. Temporary squash preparation of Grasshopper testis to study various stages of meiosis.
- 5. LNB

\*Only for major course students

### CORE COURSE-4: Cells and Tissue Structure CC4 THEORY

| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits          | 42 Hours |
|--|--------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Stain, Dye and Histochemistry  |                    | 8        |
| Difference between stain and dye.  |                    |          |
| Components and classification of dye.  |                    |          |
| Principle and chemistry of PAS and Feulgen reaction.                                 |                    |          |
| Unit 2: Epithelial Tissue  |                    | 8        |
| Salient features; Classification with location and diagram (based on structure and   | functions)         |          |
| Glandular epithelium in details. Cell polarity-Apical domain and modifications; La   |                    |          |
| Clinical correlation: Epithelial metaplasia.   |                    |          |
| Unit 3: Connective Tissue  |                    | 14       |
| Salient features with respect to cell types and fibers; Classification.              |                    |          |
| Structure and function with diagram of Adipose tissue – brown fat and white fat      |                    |          |
| Areolar tissue (diagram, location, components, and their functions); Bone tissue     | (cell types, extra |          |
| cellular matrix and ossification with diagram); Cartilage tissue (structure, types w | ith location and   |          |
| diagram); Blood tissue (composition with function)                                   |                    |          |
| Brief idea on epithelial membrane: cutaneous membrane, mucous membrane               |                    |          |
| Clinical correlation with respect to bone tissue: Osteoarthritis and Osteoporosis    |                    |          |
| Unit 4: Muscle tissue  |                    | 5        |
| Salient features. Types based on function and striations.                            |                    |          |
| Ultrastructure of skeletal muscle.   |                    |          |
| Features of single unit and multiunit smooth muscle, cardiac muscle.                 |                    |          |
| Difference between white muscle fiber and red muscle fiber.                          |                    |          |
| Clinical correlation: Duchene muscular dystrophy.                                    |                    |          |
| Unit 5: Nervous Tissue   |                    | 5        |
| Salient features; Structure of neurons and types based on origin, myelin sheath a    | nd processes;      |          |
| Neuroglia and functions; Clinical correlation: Multiple sclerosis                    |                    |          |
| Unit 6: Tissue repair  |                    | 2        |
| Steps of tissue (skin as an example) repair:   |                    |          |
| 1. Inflammation 2. Organization 3. Regeneration and/ or Fibrosis.                    |                    |          |
| Factors affecting it:  |                    |          |
| 1. Type of tissue 2. Type of injury. 3. Adequacy of blood supply. 4. State of health | . 5. Age.          |          |

## Cells and Tissue Structure Lab; CC-4-P

| Fu  | ll Mark   | s 25   | 1 Credit        | 20 Hours      |
|-----|-----------|--|-----------------|---------------|
| Lis | st of Pra | actical  |                 |               |
| 1.  | Prepa     | ration, staining and mounting of the following                             |                 |               |
|     | a.        | Epithelial tissue from vaginal smear of rat using methylene blue.          |                 |               |
|     | b.        | Connective tissue from blood film of rat using Giemsa.                     |                 |               |
|     | С.        | Muscle tissue from thigh muscle of cockroach using methylene blue.         |                 |               |
| 2.  | Identi    | fication with reasons the following mammalian histological sections – lur  | ng, liver, stom | nach, kidney. |
| 3.  | Tissue    | <b>preparation</b> , block making and sectioning of any organ of rat/mice. |                 |               |
| 4.  | LNB       |  |                 |               |

### SEC-3: Poultry Farming and Animal Husbandry SEC-3 THEORY

| Full Marks 75     3 Credits   | 42 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1: Common Breeds of Fowl and their Characteristics                                       | 6        |
| American Class, Asiatic Class, Mediterranean Class, English Class, Indigenous breeds.         |          |
| Commercial strains of chickens: Broiler, Layer, Grower  |          |
| Unit 2: Rearing methods in Poultry Housing and Equipment                                      | 6        |
| Essential of good housing; housing requirements; Poultry equipment (egg collector, incubator, |          |
| chick cage); Housing systems: Free range system, Semi intensive system, Folding unit system,  |          |
| Deep litter system, Cage system (battery).  |          |
| Unit 3: Poultry nutrition:  | 4        |
| Nutrition, Feed formulation for chicks  |          |
| Unit 4: Diseases of Poultry and their control measures:                                       | 3        |
| Viral disease, Parasitic disease, Fungal disease and their control                            |          |
| Unit 5: Poultry market in India:  | 2        |
| Size, growth and trends; poultry market opportunity and challenges                            |          |
| Unit 6: Animal Husbandry: Important cattle breed and their characteristics                    | 5        |
| Cattle breeds in India, Cattle population, Milch breeds, Dual purpose breeds, Draught breed,  |          |
| Cross breed cattle strain   |          |
| Unit 7: Livestock feeds:  | 4        |
| Cattle feed – Roughage and Concentrate  |          |
| Unit 8: Breeding program:   | 4        |
| Artificial insemination and MOET in cattle.   |          |
| Unit 9: Dairying:   | 4        |
| Composition of Milk, Dairy products, National Dairy Development Board and Operation Flood     |          |
| Program.  |          |
| Unit 10: Dairy Pathology  | 4        |
| Viral disease, bacterial disease, and parasitic disease and control                           |          |

### Poultry Farming and Animal Husbandry Lab; SEC-3-P

| Fu  | ll Marks 25  | 1 Credit     | 20 Hours        |
|-----|--|--------------|-----------------|
| Lis | t of Practical   |              |                 |
| 1.  | Identification of following poultry breeds (only coloured photograph): Plym  | nouth rock,  | Rhode Island    |
|     | red, New Hampshire, Cochin, Brahma, Leghorn, Cornish, Aseel, Kadaknath, Chir | ttagong.     |                 |
| 2.  | Identification of following cattle breeds (only coloured photograph): Sahiwa | al, Red Sind | hi, Gir, Malvi, |
|     | Hariana, Tharparkar, Jersey.   |              |                 |
| 3.  | Visit to a poultry farm or animal husbandry and make a report on that study. |              |                 |
| 4.  | LNB  |              |                 |

# CORE COURSE-5: Non-Chordate Structure and Function

| Full Marks 75 3 Credits  | 45 Hours |
|--|----------|
| Unit 1: Kingdom Protista   | 4        |
| Subkingdom Protozoa: General characteristics and Classification up to phylum (Levine et. al., 1980<br>Locomotion in <i>Euglena, Paramoecium</i> and <i>Amoeba</i> ; Asexual reproduction and Conjugation i<br><i>Paramoecium</i>                               |          |
| Unit 2: Kingdom Animalia   | 4        |
| Basic structural organization of animals: Body symmetry; Body cavities with reference to pseudocoelo and coelom, Protostomes and Deuterostomes; Origin of Metazoa.   | m        |
| Unit 3: Phylum Porifera  | 4        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6th Ed.); Canal syste in sponge; Spicules in sponges.  | m        |
| Unit 4: Phylum Cnidaria  | 4        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6th Ed.),<br>Metagenesis in <i>Obelia</i> ; Polymorphism in Siphonophora; Coral reef: types, formation, threats ar<br>Conservation.  | ıd       |
| Unit 5: Phylum Helminths   | 4        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes of Phyla Platyhelminthes and Nematoda (Ruppe<br>and Barnes, 1994, 6th Ed.); Type study (description of digestive, excretory and reproductive): <i>Fascio</i><br><i>hepatica, Ascaris lumbricoides</i> |          |
| Unit 6: Phylum Annelida  | 4        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994); Excretion Annelida; Metamerism in Annelida.   | in       |
| Unit 7: Phylum Onychophora   | 2        |
| Affinities and Systematic position of Onychophorans  |          |
| Unit 8: Phylum Arthropoda  | 6        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994); Type stud <i>Macrobrachium</i> (respiration and excretion)  | y:       |
| Unit 9: Phylum Mollusca  | 5        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994); Type study <i>Pila</i> s (Nervous system and respiratory) and <i>Octopus</i> sp. (Nervous system); Torsion in Gastropoda.   | р.       |
| Unit 10: Phylum Echinodermata  | 5        |
| General characteristics and Classification up to classes (Ruppert and Barnes, 1994); Water vascul system in Starfish; Echinoderm larva and affinities with chordates.  | ar       |
| Unit 11: Phylum Hemichordata   | 3        |
| General characteristics of Phylum Hemichordata; Affinities and systematic position of Hemichordates.   |          |

### Non-Chordate Structure and Function Lab; CC-5-P

| Full Marks 25  | 1 Credit     | 20 Hours        |
|--|--------------|-----------------|
| List of Practical  |              |                 |
| 1. Identification with reason & Systematic position of Entamoeba, Trypanoson | na, Sycon, O | belia, Aurelia, |

Metridium, Madrepora, Fasciola, Taenia, Ascaris, Nereis, Chaetopterus, Hirudinaria, Peripatus, Limulus, Buthus, Macrobrachium, Balanus, Eupagurus, Julus, Scolopendra, Patella, Chiton, Pila, Sepia, Octopus, Asterias, Ophiura, Echinus, Cucumaria, Antedon and Balanoglossus.

 Anatomical study: Earthworm: Mounting of Nerve ring; Periplaneta sp.: Nervous system, Male and female Reproductive systems.

**3.** Laboratory culture and whole mount of *Paramoecium/Euglena/Amoeba* 

4. LNB

### CORE COURSE-6: Parasitology CC6 THEORY

| Full Marks 75   3 Credits  | 42 Hours |
|--|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Parasitology   | 4        |
| Parasitism: parasite, parasitoid, parasitic castration; Vectors and reservoir concept;   |          |
| Zoonosis   |          |
| Unit 2: Parasitic Protists   | 7        |
| Study of Epidemiology, Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis and Control mechanisms of <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i> , <i>Leishmania donovani</i> , <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> , <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i>   |          |
| Unit 3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes  | 8        |
| Study of Epidemiology, Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis and Control mechanisms of <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i> and <i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>  |          |
| Unit 4: Parasitic Nematodes  | 8        |
| <ol> <li>Study of Epidemiology, Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis and<br/>Control mechanisms of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides and Ancylostoma duodenale</i></li> <li>Study of structure, lifecycle and importance of <i>Meloidogyne incognita</i> (root-knot<br/>nematode)</li> </ol> |          |
| Unit 5: Parasitic Arthropods   | 8        |
| Biology, importance and control of ticks ( <i>lxodes</i> sp.), mites ( <i>Sarcoptes</i> sp.), Lice ( <i>Pediculus</i> sp.)   |          |
| Unit 6: Parasitic Vertebrates  | 3        |
| Brief account of parasitic nature of Cookiecutter Shark, Hood Mocking bird, Vampire bat  |          |
| Unit 7: Parasitic Adaptation and host relation   | 4        |
| 1. Parasitic adaptation in Helminths   |          |
| 2. Host parasitic interactions   |          |

### Parasitology Lab; CC-6-P

| Full Marks 25  | 1 Credit             | 20 Hours           |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|
| List of Practical  | ·                    |                    |
| <b>1. Identification</b> of Entamoeba histolytica, Leishmania donovani, Plasmodium | <i>vivax</i> through | permanent          |
| slides/microphotographs  |                      |                    |
| 2. Identification of Schistosoma haematobium, Echinococcus granulos                | <i>is</i> through    | permanent          |
| slides/microphotographs  |                      |                    |
| 3. Identification of Ascaris lumbricoides, Ancylostoma duodenale, Wuche            | ereria bancro        | <i>fti</i> through |

- permanent slides/photographs
- **4. Isolation, Fixation, Staining and Mounting** of Protozoa (*Nyctotherus sp/ Balantidium sp.*) and Helminth (*Leidynema* sp.) from gut of Cockroach (*Periplaneta americana*)
- 5. LNB

### CORE COURSE-7: Molecular Biology CC7 THEORY

| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits      | 45 Hours |
|--|----------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Nucleic Acids  |                | 3        |
| Structure and composition of DNA: Chargaff's Rule; Hypo and Hyperchromic s<br>and Crick Model of the Three-Dimensional Structure of DNA. Different forms<br>and Z DNA (comparative overview)<br>RNA as the Genetic Material, Types and Function.   |                |          |
| Unit 2: DNA Replication  |                | 8        |
| Meselson–Stahl Experiment, DNA Replication in Prokaryotes [Bidired discontinuous]; Enzymes/Proteins associated with Replication -Polymerase Primase, Helicase, SSB, DNA ligase; RNA priming; End replication Problem and R telomeres in eukaryotes.  | [I, II & III], |          |
| Unit 3: Transcription  |                | 6        |
| Mechanism of Transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Transcription factor between prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription.   | rs, Difference |          |
| Unit 4: Post Transcriptional Modifications and Processing of Eukaryotic RNA  | 4              | 6        |
| Capping and Poly A tail formation in mRNA; Concept of introns and exons and<br>Splicing mechanism [Intron Removal by Spliceosome]; RNA editing (gRNA m<br>cytidine deaminase mediated)   |                |          |
| Unit 4: Translation  |                | 6        |
| Genetic code; Characteristics of the Genetic Code; Aminoacylation of a tRN Mechanism of protein synthesis in prokaryotes.  | IA molecule;   |          |
| Unit 6: Gene Regulation  |                | 8        |
| Regulation of Transcription in prokaryotes: <i>lac</i> operon and <i>trp</i> operon (Attenuati<br>Regulation of Transcription in eukaryotes: Activators, enhancers, silencer, represe<br>mediated gene silencing.<br>Epigenetic Regulation: DNA Methylation (by DNMT), Histone Methylation (<br>Acetylation (by HAT and HDAC). | ssors, miRNA   |          |
| Unit 7: DNA Repair Mechanisms  |                | 4        |
| Types of DNA repair mechanisms, RecBCD model in prokaryotes, nucleotic excision repair, SOS repair   | le and base    |          |
| Unit 8: Molecular Techniques   |                | 4        |
| <ul> <li>Principle and use of Agarose Gel Electrophoresis</li> <li>Principle and use of SDS PAGE</li> <li>Blot Technique: Southern, Northern and Western Blot</li> <li>PCR: Basic Principle, Reverse Transcriptase-PCR</li> </ul>  |                |          |

## Molecular Biology Lab; CC-7-P

| Ful | ll Marks 25  | 1 Credit    | 20 Hours     |
|-----|--|-------------|--------------|
| Lis | t of Practical   |             |              |
| 1.  | Isolation of genomic DNA from Goat Liver by phenol-chloroform method.  |             |              |
| 2.  | Quantification of DNA by diphenylamine (DPA) method.   |             |              |
| 3.  | Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.   |             |              |
| 4.  | Concept of buffer preparation and related calculation and dilution.  |             |              |
| 5.  | Instruments and accessories used to be shown by photographs for the following the foll | owing techr | niques: PCR, |
|     | SDS PAGE, Western Blot, Southern Blot.   |             |              |
| 6.  | LNB  |             |              |

### CORE COURSE-8: Ecology CC8 THEORY

| Full Marks 75   | 3 Credits                   | 44 Hours |
|---|-----------------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology   |                             | 5        |
| Autecology/Synecology. Laws of Limiting factor. Temperature as limiting factor (effer<br>and animal metabolism, Bergman's rule, Jordan's, rule, Allen's rule, Rensch's rule<br>limiting factor (photo periodism in plants and animals).   | •                           |          |
| Unit 2: Energy Flow in Ecosystem  |                             | 8        |
| Functional components of Ecosystem: Energy flow (Universal model and Y shaped percent law of energy flow); Productivity (Primary and secondary) and ecological Types of Ecological Pyramids with examples; Food chain (Detritus Food Chain and G Chain); Food web and types; Bio geochemical cycles (Nitrogen cycle).                 | efficiencies.               |          |
| Unit 3: Population Ecology.   |                             | 7        |
| Definition and properties (Natality, mortality, Density, Biotic potential, Age structure, curves, Growth curves with equations); Population regulation (density depeindependent); r- and k – strategies.  |                             |          |
| Unit 4: Niche and Competition   |                             | 8        |
| Definition of Habitat and Niche, Types of Niche, N-dimensional niche concept; Niche resource partitioning, Competition and exclusion principle, Gause's and Con experiment, niche segregation and character displacement, Lotka Volterra ecompetition. Habitat Ecology – Metabolism and Ecosystem services of Tropical Rair Wetlands. | nell's Field<br>quation for |          |
| Unit 5: Community Ecology   |                             | 4        |
| Community; Definition and types; Stratification, species richness and Evenness; De<br>Diversity Analysis, Interspecific interaction within equilibrial communities (def<br>examples).   |                             |          |
| Unit 6: Ecological Succession   |                             | 4        |
| Definition of succession, Types of succession, Seral stages of succession with special Hydrosere and Lithosere; Models of ecological succession; Resource-Ratio Hypothesis  |                             |          |
| Unit 7: Pollution Biology   |                             | 8        |
| Definition, Types of Pollutants (primary and secondary with examples); Causes and effer<br>rain, photochemical smog, ozone layer depletion and eutrophication; Cause and effer<br>metal pollution in water (Pb, As, Hg); Groundwater Pollution; Concept of Bioconcer<br>Biomagnification.   | cts of heavy                |          |

### Ecology Lab; CC-8-P

| Fu  | ll Marks 25  | 1 Credit     | 20 Hours    |
|-----|--|--------------|-------------|
| Lis | t of Practical   |              |             |
| 1.  | Quantitative Estimation of Dissolved O2 (Winkler's method), Free CO2, Alkali | nity from th | ne provided |
|     | water sample and comment on the observation.                                 |              |             |
| 2.  | <b>Estimation</b> of pH value of the provided water sample.                  |              |             |
| 2   | Identification with reasons of the following zeenlanktons: Danknig Cyclons ( | - un rein    |             |

- 3. Identification with reasons of the following zooplanktons: Daphnia, Cyclops, Cypris
- 4. Identification with reasons of the following soil arthropods: Collembola, termite worker, ant
- 5. Study of life table and survivorship curve from a hypothetical data set and comment on the results.
- 6. LNB

### SUGGESTED REFERENCES

#### CORE COURSE-3: GENETICS

- 1. Genetics-Strickberger 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- 2. iGenetics-Russell 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- 3. Genetics-Benjamin A Pierce 7th Edition
- 4. Concepts of Genetics- Klug and Cummings 12th Edition
- 5. Principles of Genetics, 7th Edition, Snustad and Simmons.
- 6. An Introduction to Genetic Analysis, 12th Edition, Griffith et al.
- 7. Schaum's Outlines of Genetics, 5th Edition, Stansfield.
- 8. Problems on Genetics, Molecular Genetics and Evolutionary Genetics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised edition, P.K. Banerjee

#### CORE COURSE-4: CELLS AND TISSUE STRUCTURE

- 1. Junqueria LC, Carneiro J. 2005. Basic histology text and atlas
- 2. Ross M H, Pawlina W. 2010. Histology: A Text and Atlas. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
- 3. Don W. Fawcett and William Bloom 1998: a textbook on histology
- 4. John D. Bancroft 2019: Theory and practice of histology
- 5. Kiernan J. A. 2001: Histology and histochemical methods 3<sup>rd</sup> edition

#### SEC-3: POULTRY FARMING AND ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

- 1. J. Prasad (2015) Poultry Production and Management, Kalyani Publisher
- 2. N. Ghosh (2015) Poultry Science and Practice, CBS Publishers and Distributors
- 3. I. B. Singh (2000) Poultry, Fisheries, Bee Keeping and Sericulture in India, Pushal Publications and Distributors, Varanasi
- 4. P.V. Sreenivasaiah (2015) Text Book of Poultry Science, published by Hitesh Mittal for Write and Print Publications, H.13, Balinagar, New Delhi
- G.C. Banerjee (2000) A Text Book of Animal Husbandry, 8th Edn., Oxford and IBH Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- D.N. Pandey (1995-1996) Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science, 15th Edn., Published by Jai Prakash Nath and Company, Meerut.
- 7. P.R. Gupta (2007) Dairy India Yearbook

#### CORE COURSE-5: NON-CHORDATE STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

- 1. E. E. Ruppert and R.D. Barnes (1994) Invertebrate Zoology, 6th Edition. Harcourt Asia PTE Ltd. Singapore.
- 2. R. C. Brusca and G.J. Brusca (2003) Invertebrates, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, USA
- 3. Chapman, R.F. (2012). The Insects: Structure and function 5th Edition, Cambridge University Press. UK
- 4. L. L. Jordan and P. S. Verma (2002) Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi
- 5. K. K. Chaki, G. Kundu and S. Sarkar (2005) Introduction to General Zoology. New Central book Agency (P) Ltd. Kolkata.
- 6. R.L. Kotpal (2012) Modern Text Book of Zoology Invertebrates (Animal Diversity I) Rastogi Publications, Meerut 250002, India.

#### CORE COURSE-6: PARASITOLOGY

- 1. Ahmed N, Dawson M, Smith C, Wood Ed. 2007. Biology of Disease. Taylor and Francis Group.
- 2. Arora D R, Arora B. 2001. Medical Parasitology. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors
- 3. Bogitsch, B J, Carter CE, Oeltmann TN. (2013): Human Parasitology. 4th Edn. Elsevier.
- 4. Bose M (2017). Parasitoses and zoonoses. New Central Book Agency. 1:3-808
- 5. Chakraborty, P. (2016): Textbook of Medical parasitology, 3rd edition. New Central Book Agency.
- 6. Chatterjee K D. 2009. Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology. XIII Edition, CBS Publishers
- 7. Cheng, T.C., (1986): General Parasitology. Academic Press.
- 8. Dailey MD. 1996. Meyer, Olsen & Schmidt's Essentials of Parasitology. W.C. Brown Publishers
- 9. Gunn A, Pitt SJ. 2012. Parasitology: an Integrated Approach. Wiley Blackwell.
- 10. Hati AK. 1979. Medical Entomology. Allied Book Agency
- 11. John DT, Petri WA. 2006. Markell and Voge's Medical Parasitology. Elsevier.
- 12. Roberts, L.S and Janovy, J. (2009). Smith & Robert's Foundation of Parasitology. 8th. Edn. McGraw Hill
- 13. Smyth JD (2012): Introduction to animal parasitology. Cambridge Low Priced Edition.

#### CORE COURSE-7: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

- 1. Genetics-**Strickberger** 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- 2. iGenetics-**Russell** 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- 3. Genetics-Benjamin A Pierce 4th Edition
- 4. Concepts of Genetics- Klug and Cummings 12th Edition
- 5. Molecular Biology of the Gene-Watson 7th Edition
- 6. Cell Bruce-Alberts 6th Edition
- 7. Molecular Biology- Weaver 5th Edition
- 8. Principles and techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology- Walker and Wilson 8th Edition

#### CORE COURSE-8: ECOLOGY

- 1. Allen Cain M L, Bowman W D and Hacker S D. 2013. Ecology. 3rd ed. Sinauer associates.
- 2. Begon M, Harper J L. Townsend CR. 2006. Ecology: Individuals, Populations & communities. 4th Ed.
- 3. Chapman RL, Reiss MJ. 2000. Ecology-Principles & Application. Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Colinvaux P. 1993. Ecology 2. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York.
- 5. Faurie C., Ferra C., Medori P., Devaux J. 2001. Ecology-Science and Practice. Oxford & IBH Pub. Company.
- 6. Kormondy E.J. 2002. Concepts of Ecology. 4th Indian Reprint, Pearson Education.
- 7. Maiti, P.K. and Maiti, P. 2023. Biodiversity, Perception, Peril and Preservation. PHI, Learning Pvt, Ltd.
- 8. Molles Jr. MC. 2005. Ecology: Concepts and Applications. 3rd Ed. McGraw-Hill.
- 9. Odum E.P, Barret GW. 2017. Fundamentals of Ecology. 15th Indian reprint. Cengage learning India Ptd. Odum E.P. 2008. Fundamentals of Ecology. Brooks/Cole
- 10. Ricklefs . R.E. Miller, G.L. 2000. Ecology. 4th Ed. W. H. Freeman and Company.
- 11. Russel P.J, Wolfe LS, Hertz PE, Starr C, McMillan B. 2009. Ecology. Cengage Learning,
- 12. Smith T.M, Smith R L. 2006. Elements of Ecology. 6th Ed. Pearson Education.
- 13. Stiling P. 2009. Ecology Theories and Applications. 4th Ed. Prentice Hall of India.
- 14. Townsend, C.; J. L. Harper, M. Begon Essentials of Ecology, Blackwell Publishing.

#### FOR LABORATORY COURSE.

- 1. Ghosh, K.C. and Manna, B. (2015): Practical Zoology, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata
- Manna, B and Manna, S. (2019): Advanced Laboratory Manual of Parasitology and Immunoparasitology, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata
- 3. Poddar, T., Mukherjee, S., Das, S.K. (2003) Macmillan Publishers India Limited. An Advanced Laboratory Manual Of Zoology.
- 4. Mazumder, Bhowal, Chatterjee, Saha (2020) Zoology in Laboratory. Satra Publication.
- 5. D.K. Som, S. K. Bhowal, N. Ghosh, and A. Mukherjee (2024) A Concise Text Book on Practical Zoology. 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Rainbow Publishers, Kolkata 700014, India.
- 6. S. S. Lal (2012) Practical Zoology. Volume 1 Rastogi Publications, Meerut 250002, India.
- 7. Ghosh, K.C. and Manna, B. (2015): Practical Zoology, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata
- 8. Manna, B and Manna, S. (2019): Advanced Laboratory Manual of Parasitology and Immuno-parasitology, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata
- 9. Sinha J K, Chatterjee A K. and Chattopadhyay P. Advanced Practical Zoology .New Central Book Agency

### CORE COURSE-9: Chordate Structure and Function CC 9 THEORY

| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits                            | 45 Hours |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Phylum Chordata  |                                      | 4        |
| Theories of Origin of chordates with reference to Dipleurula concept and the Echin<br>General characteristics and outline classification (J.Z. Young, 1981).   | oderm theory;                        |          |
| Unit 2: Protochordata, Agnatha and Pisces  |                                      | 8        |
| Protochordata and Agnatha: General characters and classification up to class (J.Z. Structure of pharynx and feeding in <i>Branchiostoma</i> ; Retrogressive metamorphosis in Pisces: General characters and classification of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes v Young, 1981); Swim bladder in fishes; Structure of gills in cartilaginous and bony fish respiratory organs; Olfactory apparatus in <i>Tilapia</i> ; Electric organ in <i>Torpedo</i> . | <i>Ascidia</i> ;<br>upto class (J.Z. |          |
| Unit 3: Amphibia and Reptilia  |                                      | 7        |
| Origin of Tetrapods (Evolution of terrestrial ectotherms); General characteristics an of Amphibia and Reptilia up to living Orders (J.Z. Young, 1981); Structure, function a of integument in amphibia; Paedomorphosis in Axolotl; Poisonous and Non-Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in Snake.   | and derivatives                      |          |
| Unit 4: Aves and Mammalia  |                                      | 8        |
| General characteristics and classification of Aves and Mammalia up to living Su<br>Young, 1981); Exoskeleton in Birds; Air-sacs in Pigeon, Aerodynamics of flight in bird<br>derivatives of mammals; Dentition in mammals; Ruminant stomach; Echolocat<br>chiropterans.  | ls; Exoskeleton                      |          |
| Unit 5: Comparative anatomy in chordates   |                                      | 10       |
| Heart and Aortic arches; Brain with reference to cerebrum & cerebellum; kidner genital ducts.  | ys and urino-                        |          |
| Unit 6: Skeletal system  |                                      | 8        |
| Jaw suspension in vertebrates; A brief account of axial skeleton and appendicular s<br>of skull with reference to temporal vacuities; vertebrae (structure, types based or<br>regional specialization in mammals); structure of girdles (pectoral and pelvic girdles<br>Guinea pig) and limb bones (Toad, Pigeon and Guinea pig).  | n centrum and                        |          |

#### Chordate Structure and Function Lab; CC-9-P

| Full Marks 25     | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|-------------------|----------|----------|
| List of Practical |          |          |

- Identification (upto order) with Reasons (Preserve specimen or Photograph) Protochordata: Herdmania, Branchiostoma, Agnatha: Petromyzon, Myxine; Pisces: Scoliodon, Pristis, Hippocampus, Echeneis, Tetradon, Taractes; Tenualosa, Wallagu, Ompok; Amphibia: Necturus, Duttaphrynus, Rhacophorus, Hoplobatrachus, Ambystoma, Tylototriton, ; Reptilia: Chelone, Hemidactylus, Varanus, Calotes, Chamaeleon, Draco, Vipera, Hydrophis, Bungarus; Aves: Columba, Psittacula, Passer, Alcedo Mammalia: Sorex, Bat (Insectivorous and Frugivorous), Funambulus, Cavia.
- **2.** Mounting of Placoid, Cycloid and Ctenoid scales.
- **3.** Osteology: Identification of Limb bones, vertebrae and girdles of *Duttaphrynus, Columba, Cavia*; skull of *Duttaphrynus, Trionyx, Columba, Cavia, Canis.*
- 4. Comparative study of heart and brain, with the help of model/pictures.
- 5. Anatomy study: Brain, pituitary, olfactory apparatus (ex situ), digestive and urino-genital system of *Tilapia*
- **6.** Pecten from Fowl head.
- 7. LNB

## PART III: SEMESTER V

### CORE COURSE-10: Endocrinology and Reproductive Biology CC 10 THEORY

| Full Marks 75 3 Cr   | edits              | 40 Hours |
|--|--------------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Endocrinology  |                    | 2        |
| General idea of Endocrine system; Classification (with examples) & Transport of Hormones.                            |                    |          |
| Unit 2: Hypothalamo-Hypophyseal Axis   |                    | 5        |
| Hypothalamic nuclei: Name, Secretion and Function; Feedback mechanism with Hypo                                      | thalamo-           |          |
| hypophyseal – gonadal axes.  |                    |          |
| Chromophobes and chromophils of anterior pituitary with their hormone and functions,                                 | Posterior          |          |
| pituitary: hormones and functions in brief, Hypothalamo-hypophyseal portal system.                                   |                    |          |
| Unit 3: Regulation of Hormone Action   |                    | 5        |
| Receptors: Steroid hormone receptor, Isoreceptor, Orphan receptor  |                    |          |
| Mechanism of action of steroidal, non-steroidal hormones with receptors (cAMP, IP3-DAG                               | )                  |          |
| Unit 4: Thyroid gland and parathyroid gland  |                    | 5        |
| Histology of thyroid gland (LM and TEM study); Biosynthesis of thyroxine; Role of th                                 | yroxin in          |          |
| calorigenesis and metabolism (carbohydrate, protein and fat).  |                    |          |
| Role of thyrocalcitonin and parathormone in calcium homeostasis with special emp                                     | hasis on           |          |
| vitamin D3.  |                    | F        |
| <b>Unit 5: Adrenal gland</b><br>Histology of adrenal gland (LM study), Corticoid hormones with source, structure and | function           | 5        |
| Biosynthesis of adrenaline and nor adrenaline, Function of adrenaline; Generalised Ad                                |                    |          |
| Syndrome.  | Japtation          |          |
| Unit 6: Pancreas   |                    | 5        |
| Histology of pancreas (LM study) mentioning cell types with their hormone and  | function,          |          |
| Biosynthesis of insulin, Role of insulin and glucagon on carbohydrate homeostasis.                                   |                    |          |
| Unit 7: Pineal gland   |                    | 3        |
| Histology of pineal gland (TEM study), Melatonin: Biosynthesis and its role in vitellogenesi                         | s in fish <b>.</b> |          |
| Unit 8: Reproductive endocrinology   |                    | 5        |
| Histology of testis and ovary (LM study), Biosynthesis of estrogen and testosterone,                                 | Effect of          |          |
| testosterone on prostate function, Effect of estrogen on uterus.   |                    |          |
| Lactation and its hormonal control   |                    |          |
| Parturition and its hormonal control   |                    |          |
| Unit 9: Endocrine disorders  |                    | 2        |
| Cause, Symptoms and Treatment: Graves' disease, Type I and type II diabetes, Cushing Syr                             | ndrome             |          |
| Unit 10: Endocrine regulation of insect metamorphosis  |                    | 3        |
| Endocrine glands; hormones and physiology of metamorphosis in insects  |                    |          |

### Endocrinology and Reproductive Biology Lab; CC-10-P

| Full Marks 25  | 1 Credit     | 20 Hours     |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| List of Practical  |              |              |
| <b>1.</b> Demonstration to localize thyroid, pancreas, adrenal, ovary and testis in rat. |              |              |
| 2. Identification with reasons: Histological section of thyroid, pancreas, adrenal, o    | ovary and te | stis of rat. |
| 3. Analysis and interpretation of clinical condition from the provided blood same        | ole data     |              |
| a) T <sub>3</sub> , T <sub>4</sub> , TSH and TPO   |              |              |
| b) Insulin, blood glucose and HbA1C  |              |              |

**4.** Haematoxylin-Eosin (HE) staining of histological section: Mammalian thyroid, adrenal, pancreas, testis and ovary.

#### 5. LNB

## PART III: SEMESTER V

### CORE COURSE-11: Animal Physiology CC 11 THEORY

| Full Marks 75 3 Credits   | 45 Hours |
|---|----------|
| Unit 1: Physiology of Digestion   | 6        |
| Anatomy of alimentary system in human; Mechanical digestion and chemical digestion of Carbohydrates, Lipids and Proteins in Human; Absorption of simple sugars, amino acids and fat; Role of GI hormones in digestion: source and function of Gastrin, Secretin, CCK – PZ, Motilin.   |          |
| Unit 2: Physiology of Respiration   | 6        |
| Anatomy of respiratory system in human; Mechanism of breathing; Pulmonary volumes and capacities; Transport of Oxygen and Carbon dioxide in blood; Oxygen Dissociation curve and the factors influencing it (Bohr effect and Haldane effect); Carbon monoxide poisoning.  |          |
| Unit 3: Physiology of Circulation   | 8        |
| <ul> <li>Structure of hemoglobin, R and T form of hemoglobin; Hemostasis and Mechanism of blood clotting [pathways and clotting factors (I -XIII)]; Hematopoiesis: Basic steps;</li> <li>Blood groups: ABO and Rh factor; Erythroblastosis foetalis, Bombay phenotype;</li> <li>Structure of human heart and conducting system of human heart; Cardiac Cycle and its events: Cardiac output and Strokes volume.</li> </ul>  |          |
| Unit 4: Renal Physiology  | 8        |
| Anatomy of Kidney and histology of nephron with reference to JGA;<br>Ammonotelic, ureotelic and Uricotelic animals with examples; Steps of urea cycle;<br>Mechanism of urine formation: Glomerular filtration, obligatory and facultative water reabsorption and<br>sodium dependent reabsorption, Counter-current mechanism;<br>Role of ADH and RAAS in urine formation; Osmoregulation in marine (elasmobranch and teleost) and<br>freshwater (teleost) fishes; Case study: Osmoregulation in Eel and Salmon. |          |
| Unit 5: Neurophysiology   | 5        |
| Structure of neuron; Mechanism of impulse propagation across the myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres; Synapse: Chemical and Electrical; Mechanism of Synaptic transmission.  |          |
| Unit 6: Muscular physiology   | 5        |
| Structure of muscle protein and their role along with calcium and ATP in muscle contraction (excitation-contraction-coupling); Muscle twitch, Muscular fatigue.   |          |
| Unit 7: Thermoregulation  | 3        |
| Definition and example of Aestivation and hibernation; Thermoregulation in camel, polar bear.   |          |
| Unit 8: Reproductive physiology   | 4        |
| Menstrual cycle: stages with ovarian, uterine and hormonal changes.<br>Estrous cycle: Stages with ovarian, vaginal and hormonal changes.  |          |

### Animal Physiology Lab; CC-11-P

| Full Marks 25  | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|--|----------|----------|
| List of Practical  |          |          |
| 1. Determination of ABO Blood group and Rh factor.                                       |          |          |
| <b>2.</b> Identification of blood cells from human blood film (permanent slide).         |          |          |
| <b>3.</b> Staining, mounting and identification of haemocytes from cockroach haemolymph. |          |          |
| 4. Preparation of haemin crystals from rat blood.  |          |          |
| E Demonstration of blood successive by divited system                                    |          |          |

- **5.** Demonstration of blood pressure by digital meter.
- 6. Qualitative tests for Ammonia, Urea and Uric acid in given sample.
- **7.** LNB

## PART III: SEMESTER V

### CORE COURSE-12: Biodiversity and Conservation Biology CC 12 THEORY

| Full Marks 75  | 3 Credits     | 45 Hours |
|--|---------------|----------|
| Unit 1. Introduction to Diadinautity   |               | 10       |
| Unit 1: Introduction to Biodiversity   |               | 10       |
| Definition, Biodiversity Values: Direct and Indirect values, Types of Biodiversit    | y, Depicting  |          |
| Species Diversity at alpha diversity, beta diversity and gamma diversity;            |               |          |
| Biodiversity indices: Shannon diversity index, Simpson's diversity indices; Genet    |               |          |
| significance in Biodiversity persistence, Consequences of loss of Genetic diversity; | Ecosystem     |          |
| diversity: Basic concept of Structural and Functional Diversity with significance;   |               |          |
| Mega-diversity countries; Concept of endemism and Biodiversity Hot spot; Indica      | tor Species,  |          |
| Flagship species, Keystone species, Umbrella species (definition with examples).     |               |          |
| Unit 2: Threats to biodiversity  |               | 7        |
| Habitat loss, Habitat Degradation, Habitat Fragmentation and Edge effects            | in Ecotonal   |          |
| communities; Overexploitation of Natural Resource;                                   |               |          |
| Concept of Exotic or Invasive Species;   |               |          |
| Climate change: Cause and effects on Forest and Marine Ecosystems;                   |               |          |
| Climate change effect on Indian Fauna.   |               |          |
| Unit 3: Wild life conservation. In situ Conservation.                                |               | 15       |
| Definition of Conservation; Red data book (Extinct, Threatened, Endangered           | d, Rare, and  |          |
| Vulnerable); Indian Wild life Protection Act, 1972 and Schedules I -V (mammalian e   | examples any  |          |
| 2); Concept of Population Viability Analysis.  |               |          |
| Wildlife Conservation methods: In Situ Conservation; Concept and Design of Prot      | tected Areas, |          |
| National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary, Biosphere reserves (with examples);               |               |          |
| Tiger Project; Elephant Project; (History, Objective, Implementation, Tiger Crisis); | Concept of    |          |
| Corridors; Advantages and disadvantages of Wildlife corridors;                       |               |          |
| Causes and consequences of Human-wildlife conflicts; Mitigation of conflict – an o   | verview;      |          |
| Joint Forest Management; People's Biodiversity Register.                             |               |          |
| Unit 4: Ex situ Conservation.  |               | 7        |
| Captive breeding of wild animals: Concept of captive breeding; Advantages and        | d challenges  |          |
| of Captive Breeding; Re-introduction.  |               |          |
|  |               |          |
| Unit 5: Wildlife Laws  |               | 7        |
| Convention on Biodiversity; Biodiversity Act, 2002 and Rules 2004 (Basic Concept);   |               |          |
| Wildlife trade and impacts: The Convention on International Trade in Endangered      | Species of    |          |
| Wild Fauna and Flora (CITIES) and Wildlife Trade Monitoring Network (TRAFFIC); IL    | JCN, WWF      |          |
| (Basic concept).   |               |          |
|  |               |          |

## Biodiversity and Conservation Biology Lab; CC-12-P

| Full Marks 25   | 1 Credit      | 20 Hours     |
|---|---------------|--------------|
| List of Practical   |               |              |
| <b>1.</b> Determination of population density in a natural/hypothetical community by quadrate method and calculation of Shannon-Weiner diversity index for the same comm  | unity         |              |
| 2. Demonstration of basic equipment needed in wildlife studies use, care and mainteners Spotting scope, Range Finders, Global Positioning System, Various DSLR Camera.[Photograme and the studies of the | •             |              |
| <b>3.</b> Familiarization and study of animal secondary evidences (through photographs); Identification of animals through pug marks of tiger and leopard, hoof marks of deer and elephant, scats of tiger and elephant, antler and horn  |               |              |
| <b>4.</b> Biodiversity study of in any one of the ecosystems of West Bengal (Study A is mandator the rest)  | y and any two | studies from |
| A. Check list of fauna should be prepared along with calculation of any diversity index.<br>B. Bird Count using line transect.  |               |              |
| C. Tree height measurement,   |               |              |
| D. Measurement of canopy cover.<br>E. Butterfly Sampling.   |               |              |
| F. Pitfall sampling<br>G. Quadrat Sampling  |               |              |
| 5. LNB  |               |              |
|   |               |              |

### CORE COURSE-13: Developmental Biology CC 13 THEORY

| Full Marks 75 3 Credits  | 43 Hours |
|--|----------|
| Unit 1: Gametogenesis  | 5        |
| Origin and fate of Primordial Germ Cells; Structure of mammalian sperm and ovum;<br>Spermatogenesis in mammals, Stages of Spermiogenesis, Spermiation; Oogenesis in mammal;<br>Composition of yolk and polarity and types of egg (based on amount of yolk and its<br>distribution).  |          |
| Unit 2: Fertilization  | 4        |
| Internal and external fertilization; Phases of fertilization in sea urchin and mammal.   |          |
| Unit 3: Post Fertilization events  | 10       |
| <ul> <li>Cleavage: Types based on plane and pattern, Role of yolk in cleavage.</li> <li>Blastula formation in chick.</li> <li>Gastrulation: Definition, Morphogenetic movement (epiboly, emboly, invagination, ingression, involution, delamination) with special reference to Nieuwkoop centre and Koller's sickle;</li> <li>Process of gastrulation in chick; Process of Gastrulation in frog; Fate map in chick embryo, fate mapping using vital dye technique.</li> <li>Extra embryonic membranes in chick and their functions.</li> </ul> |          |
| Unit 4: Organogenesis  | 8        |
| Induction and its types; Organizer concept, Competence, Spemann and Mangold experiment as<br>Origin of organizer concept; Concept of molecular nature of organizer molecules<br>(signaling/molecular mechanism excluded).<br>Development of eye in chick: retina, optic cup, lens with special reference to induction.<br>Development of Kidney: Different phases and reciprocal induction.  |          |
| Unit 5: Implantation   | 4        |
| Implantation in humans: Types and hormonal control.<br>Placenta: Structure, types based on histological association and distribution of villi; functions of<br>placenta.   |          |
| Unit 6: Infertility and ART  | 4        |
| Causes of infertility; Types of ART (ZIFT, GIFT, ICSI, IUI); Cryopreservation of gametes; IVF: method, advantages and disadvantages.   |          |
| Unit 7: Stem cells and its application   | 4        |
| Definition, Types with examples, concept of potency, applications of stem cell therapy in bone marrow transplantation and cartilage regeneration.  |          |
| Unit 8: Regeneration   | 4        |
| Regeneration: Morphallaxis and Epimorphosis in <i>Hydra</i> ; Epimorphic limb regenerations in Salamander.   |          |

### Developmental Biology Lab; CC-13-P

| Full Marks 25     | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|-------------------|----------|----------|
| List of Practical |          |          |

- **1.** Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick embryo through permanent slides: 24, 48, 72 and 96 hours of incubation
- 2. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of *Drosophila* and frog using photographs
- 3. Study of different sections of placenta (photograph)
- **4.** Identification of larva through slides *Nauplius*, Zoea, Veliger, Glochidium, Megalopa, Mysis, Trochophore.
- 5. Mounting of rat sperm and fish ova
- 6. LNB

## PART III: SEMESTER VI

### CORE COURSE-14: Taxonomy, Evolution and Adaptation CC 14 THEORY

| Full Marks 75   | 3 Credits    | 45 Hours |
|---|--------------|----------|
| Unit 1: Taxonomy 1: Basics of Taxonomy and Systematics  |              | 5        |
| Taxonomy and Systematics: definition and importance; Binomial and   | l Trinomial  |          |
| nomenclature; Law of priority; Homonymy and Synonymy: definition with example.  |              |          |
| Taxonomic types: Holotype, Paratype, Allotype, Lectotype, Neotype and Syntype: definition   |              |          |
| with example; Linnean Hierarchy; Biological Species concept and its limitations.  |              |          |
| Unit 2: Taxonomy 2: Character and Character states  |              | 3        |
| Types of characters with examples: Primitive, Advance, convergence, parallelisms, reversal  |              |          |
| of characters; Outgroup and ingroup; Homology versus Analogy; Monophyly, Po   | olyphyly and |          |
| Paraphyly: definition with examples.  |              |          |
| Unit 3: Taxonomy 3: Approaches in Classification  |              | 6        |
| Classification: Definition; Phenetics: Definition, OTU, Single linkage clu  | •            |          |
| construction of phenogram; Cladistics: Definition, brief concept on parsi   | mony; DNA    |          |
| Barcoding and application.  |              |          |
| Unit 4: Evolution 1: Gene frequency in a Population and Factors influencing   | gene         | 8        |
| frequency   |              |          |
| Hardy-Weinberg Principle: Assumption, proof of equilibrium, calculation of ger  |              |          |
| and genotype frequency (for autosomal gene only), testing for equilibrium; Equilibrium  |              |          |
| destabilizing forces: concept and mathematical expression of Selection (against deleterious   |              |          |
| recessive allele only); Mutation (changes from dominant to recessive allele only) and   |              |          |
| Migration.  |              | 7        |
| Unit 5: Evolution 2: Concept of Organic Evolution   | iante: DNIA  | 1        |
| <b>Biochemical Origin of life</b> : concept of Protenoids, Microspheres and Protob  |              |          |
| world Hypothesis; Darwinism and its limitations; <b>Modern Synthetic Theory of</b>  |              |          |
| Sources of variation; Natural selection (types with example); Genetic drift and bottle neck; Isolation (types with examples); <b>Speciation</b> : types and examples.               | population   |          |
| Unit 6: Evolution 3: Evidences  |              | 7        |
| <b>Biogeographical realms</b> : definition, names of six realms; geographical limit,  | climate and  | 1        |
| important vertebrate fauna of Oriental, Palaearctic and Australian realms; Geol   |              |          |
|   | -            |          |
| <b>scale</b> (only outline idea; detail description not needed); <b>Fossil</b> : types and age determination by Carbon dating; <b>Evolution of horse</b> ; <b>Evolution of Man.</b> |              |          |
| Unit 7: Adaptation 1: Basics of adaptation  |              | 4        |
| Adaptation: definition; adaptive convergence, adaptive divergence: definition wir   | th examples: |          |
| Adaptive radiation in marsupial mammals and Darwin's finches.   |              |          |
| Unit 8: Adaptation 2: Form of adaptation  |              | 5        |
| Cursorial adaptation; Fossorial adaptation; Desert adaptation; Primary and secon  | dany aquatic | 5        |
| adaptation, Colouration and Mimicry.  | ualy aqualle |          |
|   |              |          |

#### Taxonomy, Evolution and Adaptation Lab; CC-14-P

| Full Marks 25   | 1 Credit    | 20 Hours   |
|---|-------------|------------|
| List of Practical   |             |            |
| 1 Study of fossils from models/ pictures: Dickinsonia Paradoxides (Trilobita) A | Asternceras | (Ammonoid) |

- 1. Study of fossils from models/ pictures: *Dickinsonia, Paradoxides* (Trilobita), *Asteroceras* (Ammonoid), *Pentremites* (Blastoid Echinoderm), Ichthyosaur, *Archaeopteryx*, Cynodont.
- 2. Study (from preserved specimen or photographs) of features and their adaptive significance : *Labeo rohita, Exocoetus* sp.(Flying fish), *Cynoglossus* sp. (Flat fish, Bengal tongue-sole), *Torpedo* sp. (Electric ray), *Himantura* sp. (Sting-ray of Bay of Bengal), *Sphyrna* sp. (hammer-headed shark), *Ichthyophis* sp.,

Axolotl larva of *Ambystoma* sp., *Hyla* sp., *Phrynosoma* sp., *Crocodylus* sp., *Naja* sp., *Pipistrellus* sp. (Indian common Microchiroptera), *Bandicota* sp., *Platinista* sp. (Gangetic dolphin), *Semnopithecus* sp. (Hanuman Langur).

- **3.** \*Phylogenetic trees, Construction & interpretation of Phylogenetic tree using parsimony, Construction of dendrogram following principles of phenetics & cladistics from a data table.
- **4.** \*Calculation of change in gene frequency in population due to Selection (against deleterious recessive trait only), Mutation (changes from dominant to recessive trait only), Migration.

#### 5. LNB.

\*Only for major course students

## PART III: SEMESTER VI

### CORE COURSE-15: Animal Behaviour CC 15 THEORY

| Full Marks 75   3 Cred   | lits   | 44 Hours |
|--|--------|----------|
| Unit 1: Introduction to Animal Behaviour   |        | 5        |
| Contribution of Konrad Lorenz, Karl Von Frisch and Niko Tinbergen; Three foundation<br>behaviour study: Natural selection, individuals learning and cultural transmis<br>Approaches in behaviour study: Conceptual, theoretical and empirical.   |        |          |
| Unit 2: Patterns of Behaviour  |        | 6        |
| Stereotyped Behaviours (Orientation and Reflex): Primary and secondary orientation; Kir<br>orthokinesis, klinokinesis; Taxis: tropotaxis and klinotaxis, menotaxis (light con<br>orientation).<br>Sign stimulus and Fixed Action pattern in Stickleback; Individual Behavioural patterns;<br>Instinct vs. Learned Behaviour; Associative learning, classical and operant conditioning;<br>Habituation and Sensitisation; Imprinting: Filial and sexual imprinting.   |        |          |
| Unit 3: Social Behaviour   |        | 7        |
| <ul> <li>Advantage of group living; Eusociality, Social organisation in termites and Lion pride.</li> <li>Kinship theory: Relatedness &amp; inclusive fitness.</li> <li>Altruism, Selfishness, Hamilton's rule, Reciprocal altruism.</li> <li>Cooperation and co-operative behaviours: Social grooming in Spider monkey, Group Hunting in Hyenas; Aggregations: schooling in fishes, flocking in birds.</li> </ul>   |        |          |
| Unit 4: Sexual Behaviour   |        | 7        |
| Sexual dimorphism; Courtship behaviour and Mate choice; Good genes model in sexual selection; Runaway Sexual Selection Hypothesis.<br>Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry in Red Deer); Inter-sexual selection (female choice in peacock);<br>Definition with example: Monogamy, polygamy and Polyandry.  |        |          |
| Unit 5: Evolutionary Strategies  |        | 8        |
| Concept of Parental care and parental investment: Parental care in fishes: oviparity, vivip<br>and ovoviviparity, nest building behavior of fish and amphibia; Cost and benefit of parer<br>care by male fish;<br>Parent-offspring conflict, Infanticide; sexual conflict in parental care;<br>Territorial behaviour in monkey.  | -      |          |
| Evolutionary Stable strategies (ESS): Hawk–Dove Model.   |        | -        |
| Unit 6: Biological RhythmTypes and characteristics of biological rhythms; Photic and non-photic zeitgebers; Con<br>of synchronization and masking; Biological oscillation: the concept of Average, ampli<br>phase and period; Adaptive significance of biological clocks.Circa annual rhythm: Case Study-Bird migration;<br>Human biological clock (SCN and melatonin); Sleep-wake cycle and its hormonal regular<br>Concept of biological cycle disorders in human (brief idea).  | itude, | 5        |
| Unit 7: Communication  |        | 6        |
| Adaptive value of Communication: Example of yelling Raven and related hypothesis.<br>Cost-benefits of Signal producer: Singer birds' advantage, coping with illegitimate receive<br>by frog.<br>Chemical Communication: Pheromones in social insects: (trail, alarm, sexual, home range<br>making and queen pheromones); Pheromones in Big-cat; Definition and examples of<br>kiromones, Synomones, info-chemicals, semio-chemicals; Bruce effect, Lee boot effect an<br>Whitten effect of pheromones.<br>Tactile Communication: Bee dance language. | e      |          |

#### Animal Behavior Lab; CC-15-P

| Full Marks 25     | 1 Credit | 20 Hours |
|-------------------|----------|----------|
| List of Practical |          |          |

- 1. Demonstration of nests and nesting behavior of the bird through photographs (Pigeon, Crow, Tailor bird, Weaver Bird) and social insects through photographs (Termite, Ant and Honey bee).
- 2. Study of geotaxis behavior in earthworm and phototaxis behavior in insect larvae.
- 3. Identification of common behavior (by photographs/video) of Fixed Action pattern in Stickleback & Greylag goose, social grooming in spider monkey, group hunting in Hyenas, schooling in fishes, flocking in birds, male rivalry in Red Deer, parental care in Hippocampus, parental care in tree frog, territorial marking in tiger, following response in chicks.
- 4. To study circadian functions in humans (daily eating, sleep and temperature patterns).

5. **LNB** 

## SUGGESTED REFERENCES

#### CORE COURSE-9: CHORDATE STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

- 1. Gaslow GE. Analysis of Vertebrate Structure, John Wiley and Sons
- 2. Jordan EL, Verma PS. 2003.Chordate Zoology. S. Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Kardong K V. 2005. Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates, Function and Evolution; McGraw-Hill
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- 8. Som, D.K., Bhowal, S.K., Ghosh, N. and Mukherjee, A (2024) A concise Text Book on Practical Zoology,
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#### CORE COURSE-10: ENDOCRINOLOGY AND REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

- 1. Gardner DG, Shoback D. 2011. Greenspan's Basic and Clinical Endocrinology. McGraw Hill Lange.
- 2. Hadley ME, Levine JE. 2009. 6th Edn. Pearson
- 3. Melmed S, Polonsky K, Larsen PR, Kronenberg H. 2016. William's Text Book of Endocrinology. Elsevier.
- 4. Molina PE. 2013. Endocrine Physiology. McGraw Hill Lange.
- 5. Norris DO. 2007. Vertebrate Endocrinology. 4th Edn. Elsevier Academic Press
- 6. Strauss JF, Barbieri RL. 2014. Yen & Jaffe's Reproductive Endocrinology. Elsevier Sounders

#### CORE COURSE-11: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY

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- 2. Hall JE. 2015. Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology. Saunders publication.
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- 5. Sembulingam K, Sembulingam P. 2012. Essentials of Medical Physiology. Jaypee Pub, New Delhi
- 6. Sherwood L. 2013. Human Physiology from cells to systems. 8th Edn. Brooks & Cole
- 7. Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H.; 2009. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, XII Ed, Wiley and Sons, Inc.

#### CORE COURSE-12: BIODIVERSITY AND CONSERVATION BIOLOGY

- 1. Caughley G, Sinclair ARE. 1994. Wildlife Ecology and Management. Blackwell Science
- 2. Hunter ML, Gibbs JB, Sterling EJ. 2008. Problem-Solving in Conservation Biology and Wildlife Management: Exercises for Class, Field, and Laboratory. BlackwellPublishing
- 3. Hunter, M. L., J. James & P. Gibbs Fundamentals of Conservation Biology John Willey & Sons.
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- 5. Majupuria T. C. Wildlife of India Techpress, Bangkok
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#### CORE COURSE-13: DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

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- 3. Slack JMW. 2012. Essential Developmental Biology. Wiley-Blackwell.

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#### CORE COURSE-14: TAXONOMY, EVOLUTION AND ADAPTATION

- 1. Mayr, E. and Ashlock, P.D. (1992) Principles of Systematic Zoology (2<sup>ND</sup> Edn.). McGraw Hill, New York
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- 8. Futuyma, D.J. (2024) Evolution (5<sup>TH</sup> Edn.) Oxford University Press.

#### **CORE COURSE-12: ANIMAL BEHAVIOR**

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- 2. Drickamer LC , Vessey SH . 2001. Animal Behaviour. McGraw-Hill
- 3. Dugatkin LA. 2014. Principles of Animal Behaviour. 3rd Edn. W.W. Norton and Co.

## **UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA**

### **MODALITIES OF INTERNSHIP IN ZOOLOGY**

#### Guidelines for the Summer Internship/Apprenticeship Programme (of 3 years Credits) for the students of Zoology

#### **DURATION OF INTERNSHIP:**

### 15 days (60 working hours) from 16<sup>th</sup> May to 30<sup>th</sup> May each year

#### **FULL MARKS: 75 MARKS**

Students may undergo internship/apprenticeship in a farm/industry/organization or training in the laboratories under the supervision of any faculty members/researchers in their OWN/other HEIs/research Institutions/ during the summer term. One/two/more of the following activities can be chosen during the training period.

#### ACTIVITIES

- 1. Biodiversity study of birds/butterfly/insects campus/local area
- 2. Laboratory exposure [self/other HEI Institutes] inclusive of
  - a. Laboratory reagents Preparation
  - b. Handling of Instruments
  - c. Museum maintenance [preserving and cataloging specimens]
  - d. Data analysis
  - e. Report Preparation
- 3. Field based survey/minor projects to study any branch of Zoology/Allied sciences [like Ecological survey/Epidemiological study/Nutritional assessment of the local area of the candidate.
- 4. Service-Learning projects involving community on any aspect of Zoology [examples: Water quality assessment of community; Assessment of vectors of a particular locality for any given human diseases etc.]

#### FOR EXAMINATION:

- On completion of the Summer Internship Programme, the students will submit a report with relevant photographs as part of the report and inclusive of an Attendance Document and an Authenticated Certificate jointly signed by the Supervisor/Mentor and the Head of the Institution.
- The report is to be signed by the Supervisor/Mentor with official seal.
- A viva-voce will be conducted by the Department with 1 Faculty acting as Internal Examiner and 1 External Examiner Appointed from Calcutta University
- The following Marks distribution is to be followed for evaluation
  - 1. Submission of report: 50 marks
  - 2. Viva Voce: **25 marks**